IBM Cloud Object Storage System Version 3.10.2 June Maintenance Release

Release Notes





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Support information

For more information on the product or help with troubleshooting, contact IBM Support at IBMCloudStorageSupport@us.ibm.com or visit the Directory of worldwide contacts.

Chapter 1. New Features and Improvements in ClevOS 3.10.2

S3 SSE - C (Server Side Encryption with Customer Keys) [391]

The Server Side Encryption with Customer Provided Keys (SSE-C) feature add support for API headers to the existing S3 storage API that give customers the abilities to use their own keys to encrypt objects server side over https. This feature enables IBM-COS to manage the encryption/decryption of objects without the customer having to do so prior to storing/retrieving the objects. IBM-COS will use the customer provided key to apply AES-256 encryption to the data and the customer key is removed from memory. The customer is responsible for all stages of key lifecycle management and for any key rotation scenarios. This can be accomplished with functionality offered in this feature where the customer needs to use GET and PUT operations or copy operation with new keys. This feature is agnostic of whether the system is in container or vault modes.

Refer to the Manager REST API and Cloud Storage Object API developer guide for further details.

Note:

- IBM-COS will reject any SSE-C requests made over HTTP.
- The ETag in the response for an SSE-C request is NOT the MD5 of the object data stored.
- Customer is responsible for maintaining a mapping between the key that is used to encrypt each object
 and the corresponding object name or id. IBM-COS does not store the key that is provided in SSE-C
 requests.
- Customer is responsible all aspects of key storage on the client side including key rotation.
- If the key is lost, GET operations for an SSE-C operation fail without the customer key and the stored object is lost.

Supported:

- PUT, GET, and HEAD operations with SSE-C headers.
- POST
- Object PUT-COPY
- Corresponding Response headers with SSE-C specific fields.
- Encryption / Decryption of objects for the above supported operations.
- Manager UI changes to support enablement SSE-C on vault(s).
- Error handling of missing and malformed SSE-C header(s).
- Encryption / Decryption of user attributes that are provided with requests.
- Multi-part Upload
- Vault Proxy
- · Pre-signed URLs
- Versioning

Not Supported:

- Vault Mirroring
- · Vault Migration

SSE-C impacted APIs:

- createVault
- editVault
- createVaultTemplate

• editVaultTemplate

Each of the above to introduce the 'ssecEnabled' flag to enable/disable the property.

- viewSystem
- viewSystemConfiguration

Each serialized vault object now has a 'ssecEnabled' flag.

Object Overwrite Information Added to Access Log [1091]

This feature introduces the fields previous_last_modified and previous_object_length into the access log for container mode only when an object's content is overwritten. previous_last_modified represents the last time the object's content was modified prior to the current request. previous_object_length represents the object's content length prior to the current request.

Add Per Vault TB days in dsNet Manager UI, API & Reports[716]

This feature introduces a new report to provide vault usage metrics in TB days for a given date range for each vault. The report includes all the vaults (standard, service, container, and management) on the system irrespective of the vault purpose. Vault usage metrics can be used for billing purposes. Refer to the Manager REST API and Cloud Storage Object API developer guide for further details.

A new API method vaultUsageReport.adm has been added.

An existing API method organizationPoolUsageReport.adm has been updated to modify the input property "scheduleMonthly" to "month."

Customer Provided Certificates for Access Pools[1064]

This feature allows customers to configure a single certificate chain for use on the HTTPS service across all devices in an Access Pool, rather than requiring a unique certificate to be installed on each Accesser device. This greatly reduces the cost and maintenance effort that is associated with purchasing certificates from a third-party certificate authority, especially for larger-sized Access Pools. This new certificate is only used for external user-facing HTTPS, not for internal device-to-device communication. If new devices are brought online and added to the Access Pool, they are automatically configured to use the same certificate chain as the existing devices.

The existing Manager REST API methods Create Access Pool and Edit Access Pool have been updated to include input parameters for "privateKeyPem" and "certificatePem." See the Manager REST API Guide for more details.

Chapter 2. Interface Modifications

API updates for the 3.10.2 release have been referenced in the following documentation:

- · Manager REST API
 - Updated Account Management Chapter
 - Updated Cabinet Management Chapter
 - Updated Device Management Chapter
 - Updated Access Pool Management Chapter
 - Updated Storage Pool Management Chapter
 - Updated SMC Pool Management Chapter
 - Updated Mirror Management Chapter
 - Updated Vault Management Chapter
 - Updated Organization Management Chapter
 - Updated Reports Chapter
 - Updated Administration Chapter
- CSO API Developer Guide- Combined sections 3 and 4.
 - Merged sections 3 and 4 into one titled REST API Reference

API Changes 3.10.2

COS-22694: In previous releases, if you attempt to perform a multipart upload and upload a part while specifying customer user metadata attributes, the request will succeed but the user metadata headers will be ignored. Instead the request should be rejected with a 400 - Bad Request error indicating that metadata cannot be specified in this context. This fix has been incorporated into the current release.

COS-23644: In previous releases, if you attempt a request signed with AWS Signature Version 4 containing a header with an empty value, the request fails with a 403 Forbidden error.

Starting with 3.10.2, when validating requests signed with AWS Signature Version 4, an empty string value for headers with empty values is used rather than failing the request due to a missing header.

COS-23687: In previous releases, AWS Signature Version 4 Chunked Upload requests that also use Transfer-Encoding: chunked and do not provide a Content-Length header fail with a 403: Forbidden error.

Starting with 3.10.2, the accesser no longer requires a Content-Length header if a AWS Signature Version 4 Chunked Upload request is sent with Transfer-Encoding: chunked.

Vault Migration: The containerMode key was removed from the View System and View System Configuration API responses. Any scripts leveraging this key will have to be updated. In the View System and View System Configuration API responses, the vaultPurpose associated with each vault within the system can have one of the following values: standard, management, service, container. The presence of a vaultPurpose set to service or container indicates the system can support container vaults.

Chapter 3. Resolved Issues

Resolved issues in 3.10.2 June Maintenance Release

Table 1. Resolved issues

| Issue | Description |
|-----------|---|
| COS-35983 | Resolved an issue on Slicestor devices where the DLM service may crash due to excessive memory use when resetting failing drives. |
| COS-38222 | Resolved an issue on Slicestor devices that was causing intermittent hangs in subsystems that perform drive listing request. |
| COS-33211 | Resolved an issue where dsnet-core crashes due to sanity check failure on disk in migration. |
| COS-38183 | Resolved an issue where Post upgrade, a single Slicestor is in Inconsistent State, with core not running due to a DSD. |
| COS-36186 | Resolved an issue where all Drives in DIAG state after clean shutdown of the DLM process. |
| COS-23413 | Resolved an issue where Slicestor appliance is reporting 2 drives with the same SN in the same bay slot with different states. |

Resolved issues in 3.10.2 April Maintenance Release

Table 2. Resolved issues

| Issue | Description |
|-----------|---|
| COS-34886 | Fixed an issue where requests being sent using the SOH API that also included CORS headers ('Origin' and 'Host') were encountering an exception and causing the core process on the accesser device to restart. |
| COS-29973 | Resolved an issue with Slicestor devices where an upgrade would potentially fail due to inconsistencies on the data drive filesystems. |
| COS-28616 | Resolved an issue with Slicestor devices where an upgrade would potentially fail due to bad handling of data drives that had been removed and reinserted into the device sometime in the past. |
| COS-32465 | Resolved an issue with Slicestor devices where an upgrade would potentially fail due to data drives not being correctly recognized during device startup. |
| COS-34323 | Resolved an issue with Slicestor devices where an upgrade would potentially fail due to data drives being erroneously quarantined due to race conditions when initializing multiple drives. |

Resolved issues in 3.10.2 February Maintenance Release

Table 3. Resolved issues

| Issue | Description |
|-----------|--|
| COS-27605 | Resolved an issue where an upgrade of certain Slicestor appliances, data drives could erroneously transition to a diagnostic or offline state, which prevented them from being used by the device. |
| COS-28356 | Resolved several issues that were causing temporary Slicestor device service outages due to increased memory pressure. |
| COS-28341 | Resolved several issues where multiple hard drives in Slicestor devices were being reported in the same drive bay, which in some cases would cause service outage on the Slicestor. |

Table 3. Resolved issues (continued)

| Issue | Description |
|-----------|--|
| COS-25718 | Resolved several issues that were causing temporary service outages and upgrade failures due to process crashes. |
| COS-31475 | Resolved an issue that was preventing hard drive Advanced Power Management functionality from being disabled on Slicestor device data drives. |
| COS-28665 | Resolved an issue where the dlm process was erroneously reported as not running when a device was under extreme workload and stress. |
| COS-25365 | Resolved an issue where upon removal of a Slicestor device data drive, the drive was still being reported as present with an invalid drive bay number. |
| COS-29673 | Resolved an issue where an upgrade of a Slicestor device could fail due to slow initialization of data drives. |
| COS-31236 | Resolved several issues that were preventing Slicestor appliance data drives from being properly handled when quarantined, failed, or removed. |

Resolved issues in 3.10.2 December Maintenance Release

Table 4. Resolved issues

| Issue | Description |
|-----------|---|
| COS-28665 | Manager UI shows dlm process is frequently bouncing on multiple Slicestors. |

Resolved issues in 3.10.2 November Maintenance Release

Table 5. Resolved issues

| Issue | Description |
|-----------|---|
| COS-28097 | In releases 3.10.0 and later, for the Apollo 4510 (1-node configuration), if bays greater than 60 are used, the Manager disk diagram on the Monitor Device page will display incorrectly. This issue is now resolved. |
| COS-28454 | Cancellable calculation defect with Storage Deployed with Missing IBM COS Slicestor®. |

Resolved issues in 3.10.2 October Maintenance Release

Table 6. Resolved issues

| Issue | Description |
|-----------|--|
| COS-26682 | Performing a fanout delete all operation during compaction causes data to be written to incorrect offset within the bucket file, which could then manifest as dropped bin files. |
| COS-28042 | Fixed an issue with Accesser dsnet-core process restarting, due to a NoSuchElementException caused when listing with delimiter returns an entry that matches the name of a deleted object. |
| COS-27960 | Fixed an issue with decryption of encrypted object as part of upload part copy. |

Resolved issues in 3.10.2 September Maintenance Release

Table 7. Resolved issues

| Issue | Description |
|-----------|---|
| COS-23832 | Selective debug logging is now enabled by default at a selection rate of 0.001 (i.e. 1/1000 |
| | requests). |

Table 7. Resolved issues (continued)

| Issue | Description |
|-----------|---|
| COS-24639 | API call fails "Internal Server Error" on editAccountAccessKey.adm. |
| COS-24169 | GARP request is not issued when switching over physical interface in active/standby bond configuration. |
| COS-14745 | Addressed issue with deletes and rebuilder work flow. |
| COS-23478 | Appliance API fails to retrieve disk controller information due to unexpected format. |
| COS-24651 | Core process startup issue when appliance library returns integers for bays. |
| COS-25230 | HeadersNotSigned error when X-Amz-Content-SHA256 is not signed. |
| COS-25510 | If a multipart Complete Upload and Abort Upload request are submitted concurrently for the same upload ID, it is possible for both requests to succeed, leaving the completed object in an inconsistent state. Subsequent GET requests on the complete object may return HTTP 500 errors. |
| COS-24768 | Device API statistics call taking too long to return. |
| COS-25581 | Slicestors coming up into INCONSISTENT_STATE after upgrade. |
| COS-25472 | If an Abort Multipart Upload request is submitted while an Upload Part request is in flight, the Upload Part request may fail with a HTTP 500 error. |
| COS-25390 | Incompatible controller types when mirroring between vaults on different formats causing 500 Error |
| COS-26114 | The handling of a PUT Object Copy operation for directive due to customer provided keys. |

Resolved issues in 3.10.2

Table 8. Resolved issues

| Issue | Description |
|-----------|---|
| 22467 | When a Slicestor device has a slow or impaired disk, IO operations to that store can become queued. Index delegation requests can also be queued, causing elevated request latencies for end-user operations. |
| 18646 | It was observed that under heavy IO, elevated message acknowledgment times can be seen between an Accesser device and the Slicestor devices that are associated with an individual stripe. Intent operations can now be distributed to multiple stripes. |
| 23078 | Index split operations are performed in the background to maintain proper balance in the index structure. Update operations as part of a split could be improperly sequenced, such that failures might leave the index in an internally inconsistent state. This might result in 500 errors for insert, removal, or listing operations for this portion of the index. The fix ensures proper sequencing of the internal updates such that failed updates will always result in a consistent internal structure. |
| 22694 | If you attempt to perform a multipart upload and upload a part while specifying customer user metadata attributes, the request succeeds but the user metadata headers are ignored. Instead, the request should be rejected with a 400 - Bad Request error indicating that metadata cannot be specified in this context. |
| COS-16642 | Manager REST API and CSV output changes were made due to renaming of the header from 'suspendReason' to 'reason' and 'Suspend Reason' to 'Reason', respectively. These changes impact the contents of the Storage Pool Capacity and Disk Report and the Disk Drive and Device Report. |
| COS-14360 | Strict enforcement of the maximum object size has been added to the product. The maximum object size that can be uploaded is 5TB. Upload requests for objects greater than this size will be rejected. Chunked-encoding uploads are no longer supported, and an explicit Content-Length header is required for all upload requests. |

Table 8. Resolved issues (continued)

| Issue | Description |
|-----------|---|
| COS-16461 | The System Advanced Configuration page in the Manager User Interface (UI) includes an "Existing Detailed Configuration Rules" section which lists existing advanced configuration settings on individual devices, storage pools, or access pools. However, File Server Pools and SMC Pool configuration settings do not appear in this section. |
| COS-22305 | When using the List Vaults API with a hard quota for a vault and a merged storage pool, the quota is enforced at too low of a number, resulting in "over quota" errors being generated incorrectly. This does not impact soft quotas or expand storage pool functionality. |
| COS-14232 | When performing large volumes of delete requests or deletes of large objects, either through individual delete requests or multi-delete operations, it is possible to consume large amounts of memory resources performing the background deletion operations, leading to resource exhaustion and 503 errors. |
| COS-23644 | If a request signed with AWS Signature Version 4 contains a header with an empty value, the request will fail with a 403 Forbidden error. |
| COS-17217 | Restart time for dsnet-core has been optimized. |
| COS-23687 | AWS Signature Version 4 Chunked Upload requests that also use Transfer-Encoding: chunked and do not provide a Content-Length header fail with a 403: Forbidden error. |

Chapter 4. Known issues

Table 9. Known issues

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-----------|---|---|
| COS-6803 | For Slicestor® devices with multiple OS drives, degradation of OS drives does not affect the device's health on the Monitor device page. | Repair the OS drive or contact IBM® Customer Support for more information. |
| COS-12691 | Instability has been observed when running two 40 Gbit links in LACP mode. | Do not use LACP aggregated links with 40 Gbit Intel Network cards. |
| COS-11201 | In the Event Console of the Manager User Interface, the event details section for failing disk migration events contains a parameter called Migration Progress. However, it is not clear what this value represents. | This value corresponds to the percentage of failing disk migration that is complete. |
| COS-11355 | Replacing a failed drive with another failed drive results in an inconsistent view on the Manager User Interface. On the Monitor Device page, in the "Summary of device health" section, both the replaced failed drive and the new failed drive are shown. The "Drive Information and Actions" view of the drive layout shows the replaced failed drive. On the Maintenance page, the FRU report contains the replaced failed drive. | Perform another replacement of the failed drive with a good drive. |
| COS-15399 | Following an Accesser® OS drive replacement, a new device certificate must be generated for this device, and a whitelist containing this certificate information must be distributed to the other devices in the system which this device will attempt to communicate with. | A core process restart of the Slicestore reporting the authorization error. This will be addressed in a future release. |
| COS-13575 | The "stop migration" operation for failing disk migration on the Manager User Interface (UI) may take ~20 seconds to complete after being initiated by the user. The button continues to be enabled during this time. This issue exists for dispose and reset disk operations as well. | Do not hit the button again until the operation completes. If the drive stays in the same state for more than 20 seconds, perform a refresh of the page. If the drive continues to stay in this state, follow the recommended action provided in the Manager Administration Guide under disk lifecycle management. |
| COS-10031 | When resuming a drive in the DIAGNOSTIC state from the Manager User Interface, it may take ~20 seconds to complete. The resume button is not disabled during this time. | Do not hit the resume button until the operation completes. If the drive stays in the DIAGNOSTIC state for more than 20 seconds, perform a refresh of the page. If the drive continues to stay in this state, follow the recommended action provided in the Manager Administration Guide under disk lifecycle management. |
| COS-12983 | Virtual devices running ClevOS within VMware may experience a kernel panic when migrating the virtual machine to a new server using VMware (R) vMotion (tm). | Should this occur when migrating a VMware virtual device using vMotion, a cold migration should be used instead such that the virtual machine is offline during the migration. |
| COS-10445 | When using the storage command from the localadmin shell on a Slicestor device, it is possible to resume all drives that are currently in the DIAGNOSTIC state. In some cases however, this process may take too long, which will cause the command to return an error code -15 due to a timeout. | Despite the error, the resume process is continuing in the background. The storage list command can be used to monitor the progress of resume process. |

Table 9. Known issues (continued)

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-----------|--|--|
| COS-16114 | On systems with RAM roughly equal to or greater than the size of the OS drive, a kernel panic may result in the system being in an unusable state. | Contact IBM customer support to help correct the situation. |
| COS-7488 | When performing a storage pool set removal, it is possible that once the reallocation has finished for an source Slicestor device, it may show some small amount of data still present. | No action is required. Once the set removal has completed, all slices will have been reallocated to the new storage pool. Any discrepancy in a Slicestor device's used space is generally a result of small inaccuracies that may occur during normal usage of the system. |
| COS-13504 | When failing a quarantined drive, it is possible that after data has been migrated off the failing drive, the Manager event console will report that no data migration was attempted. | No action is required. Despite the event description, data migration will always be attempted unless the user specifically chooses to skip migration via the localadmin shell storage command. |
| COS-23406 | If a client disconnects during the processing of a PUT request, a 200 response code might be logged to the status field of the HTTP access.log entry. | This only impacts the status code written to access.log. Avoid premature client disconnect during PUT operations. |
| COS-22881 | When performing a form-based upload using a POST request, if the client disconnects from the Accesser device before completing the request, the error is incorrectly logged as an HTTP 500 error and generates an event in the Manager UI event console. | This will be addressed in a future release. |
| COS-16723 | If a request is authenticated through AWS Signature V4, but a required header (for example, Host header) is missing, the Accesser device attempts to perform the requested operation anonymously instead of immediately failing the request with a 403 error. | Ensure that all authentication requests are properly formed. This will be addressed in a future release. |
| COS-22921 | When someone attempts to delete a bucket they first need to determine the assesser that can be used to issue the command. The S3 GET Bucket Location is one means to determine this. However this command may not work at every access pool. | Enhancing the S3 GET Bucket Location as a corner case command that can work at any access pool will be addressed in a future release. |
| COS-22963 | When a slicestore device is unavailable, the core software on the accesser will cache this error state for a period of time, and will periodically attempt to connect to the store to determine if it has come back online. During these periodic connection attempts, other IO operations such as delegated index operations can be queued to this store, causing delays in request processing until the connection timeout is reached. | This will be addressed in a future release. |
| COS-23443 | After performing a device replacement, the map of devices used to delegate index operations is not automatically updated to include the new device. As a result, index delegation operations will continue to be attempted to the old device (and will fast-fail), and the new device will not receive any delegated index operations. | This will be addressed in a future release. |

Table 9. Known issues (continued)

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-----------|--|---|
| COS-22990 | The S3 remote proxy implementation of vault proxy has a few limitations related to communicating with an Amazon S3 endpoint. The version of the AWS SDK used to communicate to Amazon will default to using V2 instead of V4 authentication, causing authentication issues when communicating with certain AWS endpoints. | For further assistance in configuring a remote proxy for use with Amazon S3, contact IBM customer support. |
| COS-23025 | SL 4U slicestor devices, LEDs are incorrectly set. | Recovery Action: The user can use MegaCLI/storcli commands to issue LED actions before performing disk replacements. This will be fixed in a future release. |
| COS-23603 | When a vault has both index disabled and recovery listing disabled, all attempts to perform listing requests will fail with an error. During the processing of these requests, a small amount of internal resources are leaked for each request. If many listing requests are performed in this configuration, it can lead to an out of memory condition and a core process restart. | This will be fixed in a future release. |
| COS-24148 | Starting with release 3.10.1, a change was made to enable selective debug logging at a low rate by default. Selective logging rate will take precedence over selection frequency unless it is explicitly overridden to a selection rate of 0.0. | If a specific selection frequency is desired, the selection rate must be explicitly set to 0.0 to override the default selection rate in order for the selected frequency to take effect. Solution: This will be addressed in a future release. |

Upgrading and Installation

Table 10. Upgrading and Installation

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-----------|---|--|
| COS-7126 | When extracting of upgrade file fails when a device is upgrading the failure message "The Selected File cannot be extracted while upgrades are in progress" continue to show if upload is restarted. | Only one upgrade file can be uploaded to the manager at a time. If another file is uploaded during an upgrade, an error message appears until the page is reloaded. |
| 627 | When installing ClevOS using a physical or virtual CD drive, the appliance might reboot or hang while booting. | Use a USB storage device to perform the installation. |
| COS-15372 | When upgrading from ClevOS 3.8.x, 3.9.x, or 3.10.0 to 3.10.1 or later, all drives not used for Slicestor data (e.g. OS drives) will be reported as newly discovered in the Manager event console. | No action is required. |
| COS-15642 | When upgrading devices that contain logical RAID drives, the Manager event console will show a drive offline event immediately followed by a drive online event for each physical drive that is part of a logical RAID drive. | No action is necessary. These events are simply representative of a transition phase of the RAID drives during the startup sequence and will be removed in a future release. |
| COS-22924 | When you upgrade the Manager to ClevOS 3.10.1 or newer for the first time, you might not be able to log in immediately. The Manager application might need an extra 20 - 30 minutes to become available due to database schema changes introduced in ClevOS 3.10.1. On systems with large databases, particularly systems with considerable historical event content, the time can be longer. | Contact IBM Customer Support if it takes longer than 30 minutes to successfully log in to the Manager. Do not attempt to restart the Manager while it is upgrading. |

Table 10. Upgrading and Installation (continued)

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-----------|--|--|
| COS-9465 | When installing ClevOS using a physical or virtual CD drive, the appliance might reboot or hang while booting. | Use a USB storage device to perform the installation. |
| COS-22994 | In a system with a Manager device on release 3.10.1 or greater, and containing SMC devices, any Slicestor devices or Accesser devices on a release lower than 3.10.1 will not be able to communicate with the Manager. | Upgrade any Slicestor devices or Accesser devices on a release lower than 3.10.1 to the same release as the Manager. |

Container

Table 11. Container

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-----------|---|--|
| COS-1852 | When attempting to write an object to a container that does not exist, the Accesser appliance returns an HTTP 404 response with an error message of NoSuchKey instead of the appropriate NoSuchBucket. This includes cases where the container name includes a "/". | Ensure that your vault or container is successfully created before attempting to write objects to it. If you receive an error message of NoSuchKey for an upload request, verify that the container you are addressing does exist. |
| COS-5390 | The product does not currently support guaranteed delivery of access log or usage log entries to an end consumer. | Contact IBM Customer Support for more information. |
| COS-15401 | If a user attempts to create a management vault using "manual configuration" (accessed through the Configure Management Vault page) based on an existing vault template, management vault creation will fail with the following message: "Cannot create a management vault from this template. It is deployed to access pools with standard vaults" | Use the "automatic configuration" available on the Configure Management Vault page. |
| COS-15218 | Container creation or deletion can sometimes result in 500 error responses when the requests are sent concurrently with other configuration requests to the same storage account. | Retrying the request that received a 500 is a suggested recovery action. It's best to retry the request when not doing other operations on the same storage account. |

Alerting and Reporting

Table 12. Alerting and reporting

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|----------|---|---|
| 1749 | After recovering from an unresponsive IPMI controller, the open incident in the Manager event console sometimes fails to clear. The open incident is misleading, but has no impact on the system operation. | Contact IBM Customer Support to confirm and correct the false incident. |
| COS-6490 | If a manager appliance is imaged with a degraded RAID array, no event is presented to the user in the event console. In some cases this can cause no warnings to be shown about a potential problem. | Repair the RAID array by replacing the failing drive. |

System Behavior

Table 13. System behavior

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|----------|--|---|
| COS-5539 | If a storage account is deleted and re-created with the same name, usage updates that are associated with the previous account might be applied to the new account. | Preventive Action: Always create accounts with unique IDs. Solution: Accounts will have an extra UUID to uniquely identify accounts, and usage updates will only be applied when the UUID matches the expected value. This change will be made in a future release. |
| COS-2498 | The usage of a disk is counted while the disk is offline. However, its capacity is not counted. | No action. Awareness of limitation. If necessary a restart of core would fix the usage values. Limit DLM events |
| 2753 | Under certain circumstances involving a combination of high concurrency (100 s to 1000 s of threads) and large object uploads (GB and larger), it is possible that multiple Slicestor appliances might experience disks being quarantined due to IO timeouts simultaneously. | This is a direct consequence of the workload being too high for the system and is likely to occur under certain test conditions but is much less likely to occur in a production environment. If this occurs, resume the disks and resume IO but reduce the workload on the system. |
| COS-2128 | In a GDG configuration with high request latency to the remote stores and low latency to local stores, an Accesser Appliance will open multiple connections to the remote stores and a single connection to local stores. Large bursts of IO can overwhelm the single local connection, resulting in elevated response times and operation latencies. | Using the System Advanced Configuration framework, the Accesser Appliance can be configured to open multiple connections to local stores, allowing it to better handle burst of IO activity. The parameter to configure appropriately is network.connection-profile. Please refer to section 3 of the Advanced System Configuration guide for more details. |
| COS-1920 | Support for "encoding-type" header when performing xml-based listing requests is not currently provided. | This feature is not currently supported |

Storage Pools

Table 14. Storage pools

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-----------|--|--|
| 2642 | On the *Monitor Storage Pool Page, the Reallocation Progress graph, which displays historical data, is inaccurate when a device is down or statistics are not collected for a window of time. | The Data Reallocation progress bar, available at the top of the *Monitor Storage Pool Page, is always accurate. This view reflects the status and should be used to monitor progress of the data reallocation activity. |
| COS-16664 | For the "Storage Pool Capacity and Disk Report" accessed through the Maintenance tab of the Manager User Interface (UI), sorting for drive category columns do not work with the Safari browser. | Use an alternative browser, such as Chrome or Firefox. |

Data Evacuation

Table 15. Data evacuation

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-------|--------------------|-------------|
| | Nothing to report. | |

System Configuration

Table 16. System configuration

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-------|--------------------|-------------|
| | Nothing to report. | |

Deleting objects

Table 17. Deleting objects

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-------|---|--|
| 9444 | If a system is 100% full, customers might encounter an HTTP 500 error if they attempt to delete objects larger than the embedded content threshold (<1MB S3, >4MB SOH for default segments size). This issue has existed since release 3.0. It occurs because deleting large objects causes an intermediate write that appears larger to a Slicestor® Node, causing that node to fail the request due to an insufficient space error. | Contact IBM Support. They must use a development-provided procedure to free up disk space. |

Manager Web Interface

Table 18. Manager Web Interface

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-----------|--|---|
| COS-13189 | For drives that do not have a SCSI name, some Disk Lifecycle Management (DLM) actions, such as resume | Use drive serial number to perform the action from the command line. |
| | and fail, performed through the Manager User Interface (UI) will fail. | Obtain drive serial number information by executing (see SERIAL column): # storage list |
| | | Perform the operation based on the drive serial number (Z29010L5), for example: # storage fail Z29010L5 |
| COS-10031 | When resuming a drive in the DIAGNOSTIC state from the Manager User Interface, it may take ~20 seconds to complete. The resume button is not disabled during this time. | Do not hit the resume button until the operation completes. If the drive stays in the DIAGNOSTIC state for more than 20 seconds, perform a refresh of the page. If the drive continues to stay in this state, follow the recommended action provided in the Manager Administration Guide under disk lifecycle management. |
| COS-23764 | Upon network failure while going through the one time setup process in the manager, a network error page will appear. When the network comes back, re-load the page, at which point an internal server error page will appear in some scenarios. | Log out from the internal server error page and log back into the manager, which will take you through one time setup again. |

Vaults

Table 19. Vaults

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-------|-------------------|-------------|
| | Nothing to report | |

Vault Mirrors

Table 20. Vault mirrors

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-----------|--|---|
| 10788 | If an extreme network bandwidth imbalance exists between two sites in a mirrored vault configuration, and total load on the system exceeds the capacity of the slower site, traffic to both sites might experience a "sawtooth" pattern with alternating periods of high and low throughput. Additionally, pending writes to the slower site prevent writes to the faster site from proceeding. This occurs even if synchronous write is disabled. | During normal operation, disabling synchronous write allows requests to return to a user as soon as the fastest site returns. Reducing average throughput demand over time to be lower than the throughput capacity of the slower site will remove the "sawtooth" IO pattern and will allow bursts of IO to occur at the speed of the fastest site. |
| COS-7019 | When performing IO against a vault mirror with synchronous writes disable, HEAD requests performed against a successfully written object may return an HTTP 404 response. | If an HTTP 404 is returned for a HEAD request for a recently written object, please retry your request. |
| COS-13370 | Through the Manager User Interface (UI), after creating a mirror from a mirror template that has Authorized IP Addresses populated, the mirror does not contain the specified IPs. | Perform the following workaround. After the mirror is created, add the IPs using the Edit Mirror Access Control page. |

Vault migration

Table 21. Vault migration

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-----------|---|--|
| 14450 | In cases where the target vault of an active vault migration goes below threshold or becomes unavailable, the migration progress bar displayed in the manager might erroneously jump to 100% completed. In this condition, the migration will still be active, and any unmigrated objects will still be migrated. | The migration completion event in the manager will only trigger once the migration has fully completed, irrespective of the status reported in the progress bar. Therefore, the completion of a migration should be judged by the migration completion event in the manager. |
| COS-12442 | When a vault migration finishes the work contained in its TODO queue, it kicks off a process to calculate the exact count of the number of objects migrated as part of the migration. This process of calculating the exact size is performed by each device in the target pool, and can take a long time to complete for large migrations. | |

Native File

Table 22. Native File

| Issue | Failing Condition | Disposition |
|-----------|---|--|
| COS-5896 | File Accesser devices only support hardware Accesser devices. Docker Accesser installations are not supported. | Deploy F5100 devices for use only with physical Accesser devices. |
| COS-6851 | Using Filesystem or Share names with capital letters might prevent some S3 clients from accessing content properly by using the File Accesser device REST API. | Create Filesystems and Shares by using only lower case letters or avoid use of S3 clients that force lowercase referencing of bucket names. |
| COS-7497 | When performing large file writes in excess of 1TB through the NFS gateway appliance, the write operation will fail to complete and return an error. | Avoid writing files in excess of 1TB, and break up large files into multiple smaller files. |
| COS-7898 | An abrupt shutdown of a File Accesser device can cause issues with the storage database (Cassandra) upon restart. | Contact IBM Customer Support and run "nodetool repair" on the effected device. Use a graceful shutdown of a File Accesser device whenever possible. |
| COS-10195 | Extended Characters in filename do not convert properly between windows and linux clients. | Do not set character encoding from default (UTF-8). Transformations may not work properly. |
| COS-7783 | In process I/O may fail in the event of any File Accesser device going off line if that File Accesser is receiving a metadata update at the time of the outage. | Resend of failed data write. |

Chapter 5. Supported Hardware Platforms

IBM Cloud Object Storage Appliances

Table 23. Minimum Version of ClevOS Compatible with Cleversafe Hardware Platforms

| Appliance | Product | Minimum ClevOS |
|---------------------------|---------|----------------|
| System Manager Appliance | M2100 | ≤2.7.0 |
| System Manager Appliance | M2105 | 3.2.2 |
| System Manager Appliance | M3100 | 2.7.0 |
| IBM COS Accesser®Device | A2100 | ≤2.7.0 |
| IBM COS Accesser® Device | A3100 | ≤2.7.0 |
| IBM COS Slicestor® Device | S1440 | ≤2.7.0 |
| IBM COS Slicestor®Device | S2104 | 3.2.1 |
| IBM COS Slicestor® Device | S2212 | 3.2.1 |
| IBM COS Slicestor® Device | S2440 | 3.0.1 |
| IBM COS Slicestor® Device | S4100 | 3.1.0 |

Table 24. Minimum Version of ClevOS Compatible with IBM Hardware Platforms

| Product Name | Machine Type (1Yr/3Yr Warranty) | Model | Minimum ClevOS |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|----------------|
| IBM COS Accesser® 3105 | 3401/3403 | A00 | 3.8.1 |
| IBM COS Accesser® 4105 | 3401/3403 | A01 | 3.8.1 |
| IBM COS Accesser® F5100 | 3401/3403 | A02 | 3.8.3 |
| IBM COS Accesser® T5100 | 3401/3403 | A02 | 3.10.1∆ |
| IBM COS Manager [™] 2105 | 3401/3403 | M00 | 3.8.1 |
| IBM COS Manager [™] 3105 | 3401/3403 | M01 | 3.8.1 |
| IBM COS Slicestor® 2212 | 3401/3403 | S00 | 3.8.1 |
| IBM COS Slicestor® 2448 | 3401/3403 | S01 | 3.8.1 |
| IBM COS Slicestor®3448 | 3401/3403 | S02 | 3.8.3 |
| IBM COS Slicestor®2584 | 3401/3403 | S03 | 3.8.1 |
| IBM COS Slicestor®2212A | 3401/3403 | S10 | 3.10.0 |

Note: △ Requires RPQ

Hewlett Packard

Table 25. Minimum Version of ClevOS Compatible with Hewlett Packard Hardware

| Appliance | Model | Minimum ClevOS |
|-------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Manager Appliance | DL360P Gen8 | 3.2.1 |
| Manager Appliance | DL360 Gen9 | 3.5.0 |
| Manager Appliance | DL380 Gen9 | 3.5.0 |
| Accesser® Device | DL360P Gen8 | 3.2.1 |

Table 25. Minimum Version of ClevOS Compatible with Hewlett Packard Hardware (continued)

| Appliance | Model | Minimum ClevOS |
|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Accesser® Device | DL360 Gen9 | 3.5.0 |
| Accesser® Device | DL380 Gen9 | 3.5.0 |
| Slicestor® Device | SL4540 Gen8 | 2.9.0 |
| Slicestor® Device | DL380 Gen9 | 3.5.0 |
| Slicestor [®] Device | Apollo 4200 | 3.6.0 |
| Slicestor® Device | Apollo 4510 | 3.6.0 |
| Slicestor [®] Device | Apollo 4530 | 3.6.0 |

Seagate

Table 26. Minimum Version of ClevOS Compatible with Seagate Hardware

| Appliance | Model | Minimum ClevOS |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Seagate OneStor® | AP-2584 1 AP-TL-1 | 3.4.2 |

Cisco

Table 27. Minimum Version of ClevOS Compatible with Cisco Hardware

| Appliance | Model | Minimum ClevOS |
|-------------------------|-----------|----------------|
| Cisco Slicestor® Device | UCS C3260 | 3.7.4 |

Dell

Table 28. Minimum Version of ClevOS Compatible with Dell Hardware

| Appliance | Model | Minimum ClevOS |
|------------------------|----------|----------------|
| Dell Slicestor® Device | DSS 7000 | 3.10.1 |

Lenovo

Table 29. Minimum Version of ClevOS Compatible with Lenovo Hardware

| Appliance | Model | Minimum ClevOS |
|--------------------------|----------|----------------|
| Lenovo Manager Appliance | X3550 M5 | 3.10.1 |
| Lenovo Accesser® Device | X3550 M5 | 3.10.1 |
| Lenovo Manager Appliance | X3650 M5 | 3.10.1 |

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