IBM Aspera Faspex 4.4



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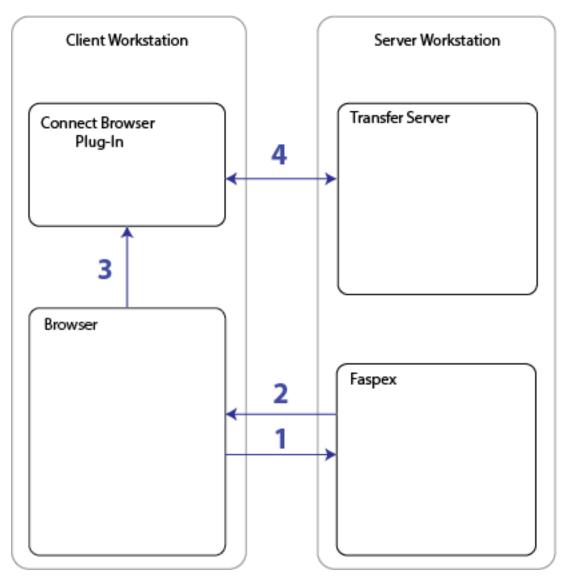
Welcome to the Faspex documentation, where you can find information about how to install, maintain, and use the Faspex.

Introduction

Faspex is a file exchange application built on IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server as a centralized transfer solution. With a web-based graphical user interface, Faspex offers more advanced management options for fasp high-speed transfer to match your organization's workflow. Faspex offers the following file-exchange and management features:

Feature	Description
Web/Email-based Interface	Simple web and email interface for exchanging files and directories.
Package Forwarding	Enable users to forward file packages on the server to others (without re-uploading).
Permission Management	Manage user permissions through workgroup/dropbox assignment or direct configuration.
Post-Processing	Execute custom scripts after a transfer when certain conditions are met.
Email Notification	Create customizable email notifications of Faspex events (such as receiving a package).
Directory Service	Seamlessly integrate your organization's Directory Service users and groups.

The following diagram illustrates how Faspex handles file transfers:



- 1. A user accesses the Faspex website through a web browser.
- 2. At this point, Faspex checks that IBM Aspera Connect is installed and up-to-date. If it is not, Faspex automatically prompts the user to download the latest version. Faspex displays the HST Server's file list or an upload page based on the user's request.
- 3. When the user selects a file for download or upload, transfer information is passed to Connect.
- 4. Connect establishes a connection with the HST Server and begins transferring the files.

Installing Faspex

Faspex Installation Scenarios

There are three main ways to install Faspex.

Use Case 1: Installing Faspex with the Transfer Server on the Local server

The simplest use case is to install both Faspex and the transfer server on the same server. When installing Faspex on the same server as a transfer server, Faspex automatically configures the local node's aspera.conf configuration file and sets up a Node API user to communicate with the Node API. During installation, you can also choose to perform a streamlined installation which allows Faspex to configure advanced options to Faspex defaults. This streamlined installation is not available when the transfer server is on a remote server.

For instructions, see "Installing Faspex with a Local Node" on page 3.

Use Case 2: Installing Faspex with the Transfer Server on a Remote server

When installing Faspex on a machine without a transfer server, you must configure a remote transfer node for use with Faspex and connect that node to Faspex during the installation process.

For instructions, see "Installing Faspex with a Remote Node" on page 7.

Use Case 3: Installing Faspex Programmatically with a Setup File

You can automate Faspex installation by using setup files generated by the **asctl** command-line interface. The setup files define configuration options that are manually configured during a typical installation.

For instructions, see "Installing Faspex with a Setup File" on page 11.

Installing Faspex with a Local Node

The simplest installation scenario is to install both Faspex and the transfer server on the same server.



Warning: Due to incompatible common components, IBM Aspera Console and IBM Aspera Faspex *cannot* be installed on the same machine. IBM Aspera does not support this combination.

Note:

When installing Faspex on the same workstation as the transfer server, Faspex automatically configures the local node's aspera.conf configuration file and sets up a Node API user to communicate with the Node API. When installing Faspex on a machine without a transfer server, you must configure a remote transfer node for use with Faspex and connect that node to Faspex during the installation process.

Before You Begin...

Before beginning the installation process for Faspex, you must be logged into your computer as an admin (or domain admin if you are in an Active Directory environment).

- 1. Review the system requirements section of the release notes.
- 2. Download the latest version of IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server, and IBM Aspera Faspex from the IBM Aspera downloads page.

Installing the Transfer Server Locally

To install IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server, log into your computer with Administrator (or Domain Administrator if you are in an Active Directory environment) permissions.

1. Open the installation package and select the setup type.

Important: On Windows 7 or with UAC (User Account Control) enabled, you must run the installer as an Administrator. To do so, right-click the installation package and select **Run as administrator**. You may be asked to enter the administrator's password to allow the installer to make changes to your computer.

Follow the on-screen instructions. After the license agreement screen, select the desired setup type.

Note: If your system has an existing SSH service installed (such as Cygwin), select the **Custom** setup type and clear **SSH Server** to avoid conflicts.

Setup Type	Description	
Typical	Install the standard HSTS, including an SSH Server (OpenSSH).	
Custom	Select the features and the path to install.	

Setup Type	Description	
Complete	Install all features, including an SSH Server (OpenSSH) and the HSTS web UI (a web-based transfer server).	
	Note: The web UI cannot be used unless you have a HSTS license. To upgrade HSTS, contact your Aspera account manager to obtain the license.	

2. Set up the Aspera service account.

The Aspera service account runs services for Aspera products, including:

- Aspera Central
- OpenSSH Service (optional)
- Aspera NodeD

By default, the user name is svcAspera. User names for HSTS version 3.1.0 and later are case sensitive.

A local account (such as the default svcAspera) is all that is required to run Aspera services if your machine is not joined to a Windows domain. If your machine is joined to a domain, if you need to provision Active Directory accounts, or if transfer users store files remotely, see <u>"The Aspera Service Account" on page 183</u>.

3. Install the license.

Launch the application to add or update the license. Go to **Start Menu > All Programs > Aspera > Enterprise Server > HSTS**.

Either click **Import License File** and select the license file, or **Paste License Text** to copy-and-paste the license file's content. The license information appears in the window. Verify that it is correct and click **Close**.

Install Faspex on the server

Before installing Aspera Faspex:

- If you have an existing MySQL database installed, stop the MySQL service.
- If you have an existing Apache HTTP server installed, stop the Apache server.
- 1. Launch the Faspex installer.

Double-click the Faspex installer to begin the installation process.

Note: If your Windows Operating System has User Account Control (UAC) enabled, confirm or enter the admin password to allow the installer to make changes to your computer.

2. After the license agreement screen, select your desired setup type. You may select **Typical** or **Custom**.

Option	Description
Typical	Install all required components, including the Faspex application, common files (Ruby and MySQL) and the Faspex MySQL database.
Custom	Select individual components to install. You may use your existing installations of Ruby, MySQL, or the Faspex MySQL database.

If you selected the **Custom** setup type, identify which optional features you want to install.

- 3. Associate the Aspera services with the Aspera service account you created before. By default, the user name is "svcAspera".
- 4. Click Install.

Once the IBM Aspera Faspex Setup Wizard completes, you are prompted to finish the installation. By default, the **Launch asctl to continue the Faspex setup** checkbox is selected. Once you click **Finish**,

the installer automatically runs the setup command. If you do not want to run the setup command automatically, then clear the **Launch asctl to continue the Faspex setup** checkbox.

If Faspex doesn't automatically run the setup command or an error halts the process, then you can run the command manually, as shown below.

> asctl faspex:setup

5. Choose to perform a streamlined (s) setup or a detailed (d) setup.

Follow the configuration instructions to complete the setup. The prompts the installer presents depends on whether this is a streamlined or detailed setup. See the table below for more information.

Prompt	Description	Streamlined or Detailed Setup?
What base port should the Mongrel servers start at?	The default is 3000	Detailed setup
Do you want to run the transfer server locally? (y/n)	You must choose y.	Detailed setup
Enter the directory to store Faspex packages	The directory to store packages uploaded to the Faspex server. If the chosen directory does not exist, Faspex prompts you to create it	Detailed setup
Choose a login name for the new admin user	The login name for the new Faspex admin user account.	Both
Enter the email address for admin	The email address to associate with the Faspex admin user account.	Both
Enter the password for admin	The password for the Faspex admin user account.	Both
	Note: When you log in for the first time, Faspex requires you to change your password.	
Do you want to update SSL DHParams?	The default is y.	Both
What port would you like MySQL to listen on?	The default is 4406.	Detailed setup
Please enter a new MySQL root password	The password for the MySQL user account.	Both
Mysql will need to start/restart during configuration. Continue (y/n)?	You must choose y.	Both
Enter IP address of network interface for apache to listen on	The hostname or IP address of the server.	Detailed setup
What hostname or IP address should Apache use to identify itself (in the SSL certificate)?	The default is 127.0.0.1.	Both
What port would you like to run Apache http on?	The default is 80.	Both

Prompt	Description	Streamlined or Detailed Setup?
What port would you like to run Apache https on?	The default is 443.	Both
Would you like to generate a self-signed SSL certificate, or install your own? ([g]enerate, [c]opy)	The default is generate (g).	Detailed setup
Aspera Central will need to restart when setup completes. This will stop any active transfers. Is this okay (y/n)?	If you choose n, you must restart these services yourself after installation. See "Restarting Aspera Services" on page 154.	Both
Aspera Node Server will need to restart when setup completes. Is this okay (y/n)?	If you choose n, you must restart these services yourself after installation. See "Restarting Aspera Services" on page 154.	Both
Aspera HTTPD will need to restart when setup completes. This will stop any HTTP fallback transfers. Is this okay (y/n)?	If you choose n, you must restart these services yourself after installation. See "Restarting Aspera Services" on page 154.	Both

First Time Log In and Licensing

1. Open a supported browser and enter the Faspex hostname or IP address followed by **/aspera/faspex** in the browser URL. For example:

http://faspex.ibmaspera.com/aspera/faspex

or

http://198.51.100.24/aspera/faspex

Note: For security reasons, Faspex versions 4.0.3 and later by default only allow login using the hostname that is configured in the faspex.yml configuration file (the hostname you designated during installation). If you try to log in to the application from an unlisted hostname or perform a GET request with an unlisted hostname, Faspex returns the error, "Invalid hostname". To access Faspex from an alternate hostname, follow the instructions in <u>"Configuring the Faspex Web Server" on page</u> 25.

2. Enter the login credentials you created for the admin user and click Login.

When logging in for the first time, you must change your password and then login with the new password.

3. Configure a valid license.

You cannot interact with Faspex until configuring a valid license.

Important: For purchasers of Aspera Enterprise, a license enabling Faspex as part of Enterprise can be downloaded from <u>IBM Fix Central</u>.

- a) Click **Browse** to upload a license file from your computer, or paste the contents of your license into the box.
- b) Click Update and validate license.

Installing Faspex with a Remote Node

Some use cases may require a user to install Faspex and the transfer server on separate machines. In such a case, first, configure the remote transfer server as a node. Then, install and configure the Faspex application.

Warning: Due to incompatible common components, IBM Aspera Console and IBM Aspera Faspex cannot be installed on the same machine. IBM Aspera does not support this combination.

When installing Faspex on the same workstation as the transfer server, Faspex automatically configures the local node's aspera.conf configuration file and sets up a Node API user to communicate with the Node API. When installing Faspex on a machine without a transfer server, you must configure a remote transfer node for use with Faspex and connect that node to Faspex during the installation process.

Before You Begin...

Before beginning the installation process for Faspex, you must be logged into your computer as an admin (or domain admin if you are in an Active Directory environment).

- 1. Review the system requirements section of the release notes.
- 2. Download the latest version of IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server, and IBM Aspera Faspex from the IBM Aspera downloads page.

Install Faspex on the Server

Before installing Aspera Faspex:

- If you have an existing MySQL database installed, stop the MySQL service.
- If you have an existing Apache HTTP server installed, stop the Apache server.
- 1. Launch the Faspex installer.

Double-click the Faspex installer to begin the installation process.

Note: If your Windows Operating System has User Account Control (UAC) enabled, confirm or enter the admin password to allow the installer to make changes to your computer.

2. After the license agreement screen, select your desired setup type. You may select **Typical** or **Custom**.

Option	Description
Typical	Install all required components, including the Faspex application, common files (Ruby and MySQL) and the Faspex MySQL database.
Custom	Select individual components to install. You may use your existing installations of Ruby, MySQL, or the Faspex MySQL database.

If you selected the **Custom** setup type, identify which optional features you want to install.

- 3. Associate the Aspera services with the Aspera service account you created before. By default, the user name is "svcAspera".
- 4. Click Install.

Once the IBM Aspera Faspex Setup Wizard completes, you are prompted to finish the installation. By default, the **Launch asctl to continue the Faspex setup** checkbox is selected. Once you click **Finish**, the installer automatically runs the setup command. If you do not want to run the setup command automatically, then clear the **Launch asctl to continue the Faspex setup** checkbox.

If Faspex doesn't automatically run the setup command or an error halts the process, then you can run the command manually, as shown below.

```
> asctl faspex:setup
```

5. When prompted to perform a streamlined or detailed setup, choose to perform a detailed (d) setup.

Follow the configuration instructions to complete the setup. The prompts the installer presents depends on whether this is a streamlined or detailed setup. See the table below for more information.

Prompt	Description	Streamlined or Detailed Setup?
What base port should the Mongrel servers start at?	The default is 3000	Detailed setup
Do you want to run the transfer server locally? (y/n)	You must choose n.	Detailed setup
What address or hostname should the Faspex web server use to communicate with the transfer server?	The hostname or IP address of your remote transfer node. Note: You can change this after installation using a rake command. For more information, see <u>"Configuring Server Settings with Rake Tasks" on page 123.</u>	Detailed setup
What address or hostname should end users (with Aspera Connect) use to communicate with the transfer server?	The hostname or IP address of the remote transfer node.	Detailed setup
Choose a login name for the new admin user	The login name for the new Faspex admin user account.	Both
Enter the email address for admin	The email address to associate with the Faspex admin user account.	Both
Enter the password for admin	The password for the Faspex admin user account. Note: When you log in for the	Both
	first time, Faspex requires you to change your password.	
Do you want to update SSL DHParams?	The default is y.	Both
What port would you like MySQL to listen on?	The default is 4406.	Detailed setup
Please enter a new MySQL root password	The password for the MySQL user account.	Both
Mysql will need to start/restart during configuration. Continue (y/n)?	You must choose y.	Both
Enter IP address of network interface for apache to listen on	The hostname or IP address of the server.	Detailed setup
What hostname or IP address should Apache use to identify itself (in the SSL certificate)?	The default is 127.0.0.1.	Both
What port would you like to run Apache http on?	The default is 80.	Both

Prompt	Description	Streamlined or Detailed Setup?
What port would you like to run Apache https on?	The default is 443.	Both
Would you like to generate a self-signed SSL certificate, or install your own? ([g]enerate, [c]opy)	The default is generate (g).	Detailed setup
Aspera Central will need to restart when setup completes. This will stop any active transfers. Is this okay (y/n)?	If you choose n, you must restart these services yourself after installation. See "Restarting Aspera Services" on page 154.	Both
Aspera Node Server will need to restart when setup completes. Is this okay (y/n)?	If you choose n, you must restart these services yourself after installation. See "Restarting Aspera Services" on page 154.	Both
Aspera HTTPD will need to restart when setup completes. This will stop any HTTP fallback transfers. Is this okay (y/n)?	If you choose n, you must restart these services yourself after installation. See "Restarting Aspera Services" on page 154.	Both

First Time Log In and Licensing

1. Open a supported browser and enter the Faspex hostname or IP address followed by **/aspera/faspex** in the browser URL. For example:

http://faspex.ibmaspera.com/aspera/faspex

or

http://198.51.100.24/aspera/faspex

Note: For security reasons, Faspex versions 4.0.3 and later by default only allow login using the hostname that is configured in the faspex.yml configuration file (the hostname you designated during installation). If you try to log in to the application from an unlisted hostname or perform a GET request with an unlisted hostname, Faspex returns the error, "Invalid hostname". To access Faspex from an alternate hostname, follow the instructions in <u>"Configuring the Faspex Web Server" on page</u> 25.

2. Enter the login credentials you created for the admin user and click Login.

When logging in for the first time, you must change your password and then login with the new password.

3. Configure a valid license.

You cannot interact with Faspex until configuring a valid license.

Important: For purchasers of Aspera Enterprise, a license enabling Faspex as part of Enterprise can be downloaded from <u>IBM Fix Central</u>.

- a) Click **Browse** to upload a license file from your computer, or paste the contents of your license into the box.
- b) Click Update and validate license.

Provide Faspex with Credentials to the Remote Node

1. Go to Server > File Storage.

- 2. Select Edit from the 🚺 drop-down menu.
- 3. Enter the Node API user credentials in the Username and Password fields.
- 4. Click Test Connection.

If Faspex displays an error instead of the message "Connection succeeded!", see <u>"Troubleshooting File</u> <u>Storage Errors" on page 148</u> for help understanding the error.

5. Click Update Node.

Migrating Faspex to a New Machine

Move an existing Faspex server installation to a new system.

Important: You must migrate to the same version of Faspex.

1. Back up your Faspex MySQL database by running the following **asctl** command:

> asctl faspex:backup_database

The **asctl** command uses **mysqldump** to backup Faspex's three MySQL databases to C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\Backup\time_stamp-version_number.revision_number

For example, the directory name may be **2016-04-15_140547-Faspex.4.0.0.100400**.

- 2. Move files from the current server to the new server.
 - The database backup directory you just generated
 - C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\secret.yml
 - C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf*.key (if you have your own SSL certificate(s))
 - C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf*.crt (if you have your own SSL certificate(s))
 - C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml(*if you made advanced Faspex configurations*)
 - C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\lib\daemons\np\etc\keystore.jks

Note: You cannot use the same Faspex license on multiple systems as this is a violation of your license terms. You can only use the Faspex license from your original system on your new system if you are immediately uninstall Faspex on the original system. If your original Faspex installation needs to stay up and running for a short period you may ask your account manager for a temporary license to use on your new installation.

3. On the new machine, install Faspex. Again, make sure you install the same version of Faspex that you had on the original server.

For instructions on installing Faspex, see "Faspex Installation Scenarios" on page 2.

4. Restore the database with the backup directory:

> asctl faspex:restore_database /path/to/your_backup

5. Restore secret.yml:

> copy C:\path\to\secret.yml C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\secret.yml

6. If you copied faspex.yml, restore the configuration file:

> copy C:\path\to\faspex.yml C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml

Open up faspex.yml in a text editor and look for the production section. Change Hostname and BaseURL to your new hostname or IP address.

7. If you copied over certificates that you would like to continue using for your new Faspex installation, restore the certificates:

```
> asctl apache:install_ssl_cert cert_filekey_file[chain_file]
```

8. Clear the fasp nodes table in MySOL:

```
> cd c:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\mysql\bin\
```

- > echo delete from fasp_nodes; > query.sql > mysql -uroot -ppassword -D faspex < query.sql</pre>
- 9. Restart Faspex services

```
> asctl all:restart
```

- 10. Update file storage for the tethered node:
 - a) Go to Server > File Storage and select the drop-down menu next to localhost.
 - If the tethered node is local, select Edit. For Username and Password enter the Node API credentials.
 - If the tethered node is remote, select Add File Storage. Fill in the configuration details.
 - b) Under Advanced Configuration, make sure the Primary transfer address or name reflects the new server's address or name.
 - c) Click Update Node.

Installing Faspex with a Setup File

You can automate Faspex installation by using setup files generated by the **asctl** command-line interface. The setup files define configuration options that are manually configured during a typical installation.



Warning: Due to incompatible common components, IBM Aspera Console and IBM Aspera Faspex *cannot* be installed on the same machine. IBM Aspera does not support this combination.

Generate the Setup Files

1. Install the Aspera common applications and the Faspex packages, in that order.

Double-click the Faspex installer.

Note: If your Windows Operating System has User Account Control (UAC) enabled, confirm or enter the admin password to allow the installer to make changes to your computer.

After the license agreement screen, select a **Typical** installation and associate the Aspera services with a user account. The default user name is "svcAspera". For more information, see "The Aspera Service Account" on page 183. Finally, clear the Launch asctl to continue the Faspex setup checkbox and click Finish.

2. Create the setup files for the Aspera common and Faspex applications.

The filenames of the setup files must end with the **.yml** extension. Run the following commands:

> asctl apache:create_setup_file /path/to/apache_setup_file.yml > asctl mysql:create_setup_file /path/to/mysql_setup_file.yml > asctl faspex:create_setup_file /path/to/faspex_setup_file.yml

You are prompted to set the desired configuration options used to install each application.

Install Faspex Using the Setup Files

Before installing Aspera Faspex:

- If you have an existing MySQL database installed, stop the MySQL service.
- If you have an existing Apache HTTP server installed, stop the Apache server.

Use the setup files to install the Aspera common and Faspex applications.

Run the following commands manually or through a script to install the applications:

> asctl apache:setup_from_file /path/to/apache_setup_file.yml > asctl mysql:setup_from_file /path/to/mysql_setup_file.yml > asctl faspex:setup_from_file /path/to/faspex_setup_file.yml

First Time Log In and Licensing

1. Open a supported browser and enter the Faspex hostname or IP address followed by /aspera/faspex in the browser URL. For example:

http://faspex.ibmaspera.com/aspera/faspex

or

http://198.51.100.24/aspera/faspex

Note: For security reasons, Faspex versions 4.0.3 and later by default only allow login using the hostname that is configured in the faspex.yml configuration file (the hostname you designated during installation). If you try to log in to the application from an unlisted hostname or perform a GET request with an unlisted hostname, Faspex returns the error, "Invalid hostname". To access Faspex from an alternate hostname, follow the instructions in "Configuring the Faspex Web Server" on page 25.

2. Enter the login credentials you created for the admin user and click Login.

When logging in for the first time, you must change your password and then login with the new password.

3. Configure a valid license.

You cannot interact with Faspex until configuring a valid license.

Important: For purchasers of Aspera Enterprise, a license enabling Faspex as part of Enterprise can be downloaded from IBM Fix Central.

- a) Click **Browse** to upload a license file from your computer, or paste the contents of your license into the box.
- b) Click Update and validate license.

Configuring Faspex to Use a Remote Database (Faspex + MySQL)

Configuring Faspex to use a remote database can make the application more responsive by putting the database and background processes on a separate server from the one that hosts the Faspex web application. Configure two Faspex servers: a database server and an application server. The database server runs the MySQL database, and the *application server* runs the web application.

If you want to set up a remote database that only runs MySQL, see "Configuring Faspex to Use a Remote Database (MySQL Only)" on page 14.

Aspera recommends that you use the database on the server that runs background processes. The server hosting the application can be remote.

1. Set up two identical Faspex instances on separate servers.

Each Faspex installation creates its own database, but the servers are configured to only use one.

2. On the database server, grant the application server access to the database.

Run the following commands to run the MySQL command line:

> mysql -umysql_username -pmysql_password

From the MySQL command line, allow remote connection to the Faspex database from only the remote node, and exit the MySQL command line:

```
mysql > grant all privileges on faspex.* to root@'ui_server_hostname' identified by
'mysql_password';
```

```
mysql > end
```

These commands allow connections from the application server to access the specified database.

3. On the database server, decrypt the database.yml database configuration file.

```
> asctl faspex:rake aspera:decrypt_database_passwords
```

- 4. Copy the database.yml and secret.yml files from the database server to the application server.
- 5. On both servers, encrypt the database.yml database configuration files.

```
asctl faspex:rake aspera:encrypt_database_passwords
```

6. On the application server, point Faspex to the database on the database server.

Open C:\Program Files [(x86)]\Aspera\Faspex\config\database.yml in a text editor. Locate the line for **host** in the **production** section and change the value to the hostname of the database server. Save your changes.

7. On both servers, set matching encryption keys.

On both the database server and application server, run the following command to set the encryption key to the same value:

> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;token_encryption_key,token_key"

The *token_key* must be identical on the servers.

8. On both servers, restart asperacentral and asperanoded.

You can restart the Aspera Central from the Computer Management window. Go to **Control Panel** > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Services and Applications > Services, click Aspera Central, and click Restart.

Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Services and Applications > Services, click Aspera NodeD, and click Restart.

9. On both servers, create the same node username and password.

This must be done after configuring database.yml and secret.yml. Run the following command:

```
> /opt/aspera/bin/asnodeadmin -a -u node_username -p node_password -x transfer_username
```

For example:

```
> /opt/aspera/bin/asnodeadmin -a -u nodeadmin -p XF324cd28 -x faspex
```

10. In the web application, configure the localhost file server to use the new node user.

In the Faspex application, go to **Server > File Storage**. Click the arrow for localhost and click **Edit**. Enter the *node_username* from the previous step in the **Username** field and the *node_password* in the **Password** field.

Click Update Node to activate your changes.

11. On both servers, restart Faspex services.

> asctl faspex:restart

12. On both servers, configure background processes.

On the database node: Disable the application by running the following command:

> asctl faspex:mongrel:stop

On the application node: Disable all process but the application by running the following commands:

```
> asctl all:stop
> asctl faspex:mongrel:start
> asctl apache:start
```

After following these instructions, you have one node running database and background services, and another node running only the application.

Configuring Faspex to Use a Remote Database (MySQL Only)

Faspex can be configured to use a remote database that only runs MySQL. To configure Faspex to use a remote database on a node that also runs Faspex background processes (so that the other Faspex node runs only the Faspex application), see <u>"Configuring Faspex to Use a Remote Database (Faspex + MySQL)"</u> on page 12.

1. Set up the remote database.

Note: For this operation, Faspex requires MySQL version 5.7 or later. Earlier versions are not supported.

2. On the Faspex server, stop Faspex services and back up the local database.

```
> asctl faspex:stop
> asctl faspex:backup_database
```

Record the location of the database backup, which you use in the next step to migrate the database.

3. Grant remote access privileges to Faspex.

```
mysql > CREATE USER 'root'@'faspex_ip_address' IDENTIFIED BY 'mysql_password'; GRANT ALL
PRIVILEGES ON *.* TO 'root'@'faspex_ip_address' WITH GRANT OPTION; FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
```

For example:

```
mysql > CREATE USER 'root'@'10.0.174.47' IDENTIFIED BY '*****'; GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON *.*
TO 'root'@'10.0.174.47' WITH GRANT OPTION; FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
```

Migrate the local database to the remote database.

```
> mysql -h remote_db_ip_address -P port -umysql_username -pmysql_password < path_to_db_backup</pre>
```

The default MySQL port is 4406. For example,

```
> mysql -h 54.182.111.111 -P 4406 -uroot -pXRs9sJFF5ja1BGlKHYLwzQ== < C:\Program Files
[(x86)]\Aspera\Faspex\backup\2015-07-01_23458/faspex.sql</pre>
```

5. Verify that the migration was successful.

Log in to the MySQL database:

> mysql -h remote_db_ip_address -P port -umysql_username -pmysql_password

View the contents of the new database by running the following commands:

```
mysql> use faspex;
mysql> show tables;
mysql> select * from e_packages;
```

- 6. On the Faspex server, configure Faspex to use the remote database.
 - a) Back up the C:\Program Files [(x86)]\Aspera\Common\mysql\database.rb.yml files.
 - b)EditC:\Program Files [(x86)]\Aspera\Common\mysql\database.rb.yml.

Change:

- host to the IP address of the remote database.
- port to the MySQL port (4406, by default).
- password to the remote MySQL database password.
- user to the remote MySQL database user.

Note: By default, there is no user field. Faspex defaults to the root user. Add a new line to configure a different, non-root user. For example, :user: remote_faspex_user.

For example:

Save your changes.

c)EditC:\Program Files [(x86)]\Aspera\Faspex\config\database.yml.

Locate the production and change:

- host to the IP address of the remote database.
- port to the MySQL port (4406, by default).
- username to the remote MySQL database user.

Note: By default, Faspex also includes the user field, but uses the username field for the MySQL database user.

password to the remote MySQL database password.

For example:

```
...
production:
encoding: utf8
port: 4406
username: faspex
adapter: mysql
database: faspex
host: 54.182.111.111
user: root
password: XRs9sJFF5ja1BG1KHYLwzQ==
```

Save your changes.

```
a) Edit C:\Program Files [(x86)]
```

\Aspera\Faspex\lib\daemons\np\etc\persistence.xml.

Locate the <properties> section and change **hibernate.connection.url** to the IP address of the remote database, **port** to the MySQL port (4406, by default), and provide the username and password to the remote MySQL database.

```
<properties>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.driver_class" value="com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"/>
    <!-- connection URL: jdbc:mysql://HOST:PORT/DATABASE -->
    <property name="hibernate.connection.url" value="jdbc:mysql://ip_address:port/
faspex"/>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.username" value="username"/>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.password" value="password"/>
    ...
    </properties>
...
```

For example:

```
<properties>
  <property name="hibernate.connection.driver_class" value="com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"/>
  <!-- connection URL: jdbc:mysql://HOST:PORT/DATABASE -->
  <property name="hibernate.connection.url" value="jdbc:mysql://54.182.111.111:4406/
faspex"/>
  <property name="hibernate.connection.username" value="root"/>
  <property name="hibernate.connection.password" value="aspera"/>
  ...
```

```
</properties>
```

Save your changes.

7. Shut down the local MySQL database and restart all other Faspex services.

```
> asctl mysql:disable
> asctl all:restart
```

If you need to restart the local MySQL database, revert the .yml files and then run the following command:

> asctl mysql:setup

Updating Your License

Important: For purchasers of Aspera Enterprise, a license enabling Faspex as part of Enterprise can be downloaded from IBM Fix Central.

IBM Aspera Faspex requires you to install a valid license key before you can configure Faspex users and begin sending or receiving packages.

1. Locate your Faspex license key file.

Download the license file with the **.aspera-license** file extension in the authorization email sent to you by Aspera (for example, *aspera.faspex.companyname.aspera-license*).

Note: If you have not received this email or need it resent, contact IBM Aspera Support for assistance.

- 2. Go to Server > Configuration > License.
- 3. Click **Browse** to upload a license file from your computer or paste the contents of your license into the box. Then click **Update and validate license**
- 4. Update the transfer server license.

When updating your Faspex license, make sure the license for the dfeault transfer server is also up-to-date. For instructions on how to update your HSTS license, see *IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server Admin Guide: Updating the Product License*.

Enabling On Demand Entitlement for Faspex

Customers who are manually installing Faspex in an Aspera on Demand system need to configure Faspex to use an On Demand Entitlement instead of using a standard license. To use entitlement on Faspex, you must have the IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Endpoint installed on the same system, so that Faspex can access the included asperanoded and its license API.

- 1. Log on to the server hosting Faspex as an administrative user.
- 2. Turn on entitlement.

```
> setx RAILS_ENV production
> asctl faspex:rake entitlement:turn_safe_net_entitlement_mode_on
```

3. Entitle the system with your entitlement key and entitlement customer ID.

```
> setx RAILS_ENV production
> asctl faspex:rake --trace entitlement:config_license_server EL_KEY="key"
EL_CUSTOMER_ID="id"
```

For example:

```
> setx RAILS_ENV production
> asctl faspex:rake --trace entitlement:config_license_server EL_KEY="cd0904ae-
f85a-4e3b-8ae0-615d79e5dea1" EL_CUSTOMER_ID="Test"
```

You can use the --trace option to debug issues.

If you do not want to use entitlement, you can turn it off with the following command:

```
> setx RAILS_ENV production
```

> asctl faspex:rake entitlement:turn_safe_net_entitlement_mode_off

Uninstalling Faspex

You must uninstall both IBM Aspera Faspex and IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server to remove Faspex from your system.

- 1. Uninstall Faspex.
 - Prior to removing the application, open the Services window from **Control Panel Administrative Tools** > **Services** and close the following applications and services:
 - Apache HTTPD Server (Aspera)
 - Aspera Central
 - Aspera Faspex Background
 - Aspera Faspex DB Background
 - Aspera Faspex DS Background
 - Aspera Faspex Mongrel
 - Aspera Faspex NP Background
 - Aspera NodeD
 - MySQL Server (Aspera)

You can then uninstall the Aspera Faspex Server application via your Windows Control Panel. Depending on your version of Windows, choose **Add/Remove Programs** or **Uninstall a Program**, and select **Aspera Faspex** for removal.

2. Uninstall HSTS.

Prior to removing the application, open the Services window from **Control Panel** > **Administrative Tools** > **Services** and close the following applications and services:

- ascp connections
- SSH connections
- User interface
- asperasync Services

You can then uninstall the HSTS application via your Windows Control Panel. Depending on your version of Windows, choose **Add/Remove Programs** or **Uninstall a Program**, and select **Aspera HSTS** for removal.

Logging In

1. Open a supported browser and enter the Faspex hostname or IP address followed by **/aspera/faspex** in the browser URL. For example:

http://faspex.ibmaspera.com/aspera/faspex

or

http://198.51.100.24/aspera/faspex

Note: For security reasons, Faspex versions 4.0.3 and later by default only allow login using the hostname that is configured in the faspex.yml configuration file (the hostname you designated during installation). If you try to log in to the application from an unlisted hostname or perform a GET request with an unlisted hostname, Faspex returns the error, "Invalid hostname". To access Faspex from an alternate hostname, follow the instructions in <u>"Configuring the Faspex Web Server" on page 25</u>.

2. Log in with your credentials.

If SAML configurations are available, you can choose to log in with a configured SAML provider or with your Faspex user credentials.

If your administrator configured Faspex to use a default SAML configuration, Faspex automatically redirects you to the SAML login page. Login with your SAML credentials or login locally by bypassing the redirect.

If you need to login with your Faspex user credentials or if you need to log in using another SAML configuration, you can bypass the redirect by adding login?local=true to the end of the URL. For example: https://192.51.100.24/aspera/faspex/login?local=true.

3. If prompted, install IBM Aspera Connect.

You must have the latest version of Connect installed to transfer packages using Faspex. Faspex prompts you to install the Connect Browser if you do not have it installed or if your version is not the latest. If you install Connect, refresh your browser to start using Connect.

For more information, see "Faspex and Connect" on page 69.

4. If your license is out-of-date or expired, you must first update the license before you can access Faspex.

Faspex prompts you to update your license . You cannot interact with Faspex until entering and saving a valid license.For more information, see "Updating Your License" on page 16.

5. If you are upgrading from a version of Faspex prior to 4.0.1 and you had SAML configured, you need to add your SAML configuration metadata to your SAML Identity Provider (IdP) again. Metadata URLs now contain numbers to support multiple SAML configurations.

For information about configuring the IdP, see "Configuring Your Identity Provider (IdP)" on page 103.

Upgrading Faspex

Important: Upgrading Faspex to the latest version may require installing intermediate versions before installing the latest version depending on which version of Faspex you currently have installed. Please reference the following table for more information:

Version Installed	Version Needed for Upgrade
Faspex V3.1.1 or earlier	Install Faspex V3.9.3
Faspex V3.9.3 to V4.1.x	Install Faspex V4.2.0
Faspex V4.2.0 to V4.4.0	Install Faspex V4.4.1
Faspex V4.4.1 to Faspex V4.4.1 PL 11	Install Faspex V4.4.1 PL12

You can upgrade to Faspex V4.4.2 after completing the upgrade to Faspex V4.4.1 PL12.

Upgrading Faspex from 4.2.0 or Later

Upgrade Faspex to the latest version from a post-4.2.0 version of Faspex.

Before beginning the installation process for Faspex, you must be logged into your computer as an admin (or domain admin if you are in an Active Directory environment).

Important:

If you are upgrading from a version before 4.2.0, first upgrade to 4.2.0 (<u>"Upgrading Faspex from Before</u> 4.2.0" on page 21).

For upgrades after 4.2.0, you must upgrade in steps to upgrade to the current version.

IBM Aspera supports direct upgrades to the current General Availability (GA) version from only two GA versions prior to the current release. To upgrade to the latest version, you must be within two GA versions of the current version. Upgrading from older version requires upgrading in steps. For example, if you are

four GA versions behind, upgrade to two GA versions behind (GA - 2), and then upgrade to the current GA version.



Warning: Prior to performing any upgrade, IBM Aspera strongly recommends customers:

- 1. Perform a full environment back up and ensure the back up is successful. In case the upgrade fails, the only reliable, short-term fix is to roll back the environment using the back up.
- 2. Test the upgrade in a test environment comparable to the production environment.
- 3. If upgrading the test environment is successful, upgrade the production environment, but do not bring the production environment back online.
- 4. Prior to bringing the production environment back online, the customer must test the application to determine if an immediate rollback is needed. Otherwise, customers risk losing all data generated between upgrade and rollback.

Before You Begin...

- 1. Apply the latest Windows update on your server.
- 2. Download the latest version of IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server, and IBM Aspera Faspex from the IBM Aspera downloads page.
- 3. Make sure your MySQL password and your svcAspera password are easily accessible.
- 4. Check the requirements in IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server Admin Guide: Before Upgrading.
- 5. Install HSTS.

Run the installer and follow the on-screen instructions to upgrade HSTS to the latest version.

Upgrading Faspex from 4.2.0 and Later

1. Back up your Faspex MySQL database by running the following **asctl** command:

> asctl faspex:backup_database

The **asctl** command uses **mysqldump** to backup Faspex's three MySQL databases to C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\Backup\time_stamp-version_number.revision_number

For example, the directory name may be 2016-04-15_140547-Faspex.4.0.0.100400.

2. Stop all Faspex services.

Before upgrading, stop all services related to Faspex, including Faspex, MySQL, and Apache. Use the following command:

> asctl all:stop

3. Back up the host before upgrading.

If Faspex is installed on a physical host, perform a full file-system backup.

If Faspex is installed on a virtual machine, perform a full virtual-machine backup or take a snapshot.

In both cases, if a full backup is not viable, back up C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\ as a minimal option.

4. If your server is using a remote database, you must set the SKIP_MYSQL_UPGRADE environment variable to true to perform a successful upgrade.

> set "SKIP_MYSQL_UPGRADE=true"

For more information about using a remote database, see <u>"Configuring Faspex to Use a Remote</u> Database (Faspex + MySQL)" on page 12.

Important: If you are using a local database, do not skip the MySQL upgrade.

5. Launch the Faspex installer.

Double-click the Faspex installer to begin the installation process.

Note: If your Windows Operating System has User Account Control (UAC) enabled, confirm or enter the admin password to allow the installer to make changes to your computer.

6. Click Install.

Once the IBM Aspera Faspex Setup Wizard completes, you are prompted to finish the installation. By default, the **Launch asctl to continue the Faspex setup** checkbox is selected. Once you click **Finish**, the installer automatically runs the setup command. If you do not want to run the setup command automatically, then clear the **Launch asctl to continue the Faspex setup** checkbox.

If Faspex doesn't automatically run the setup command or an error halts the process, then you can run the command manually, as shown below.

> asctl faspex:upgrade

7. If you are upgrading from a version prior to 4.2.x, Faspex prompts you to provide the path to the database backup you made earlier:

Please provide the location of the Faspex database backup (e.g. backup/20XX-XX-XX_XXXXXFFaspex.4.1.1.XXXXXX):

8. Confirm that your previous Faspex settings are still applicable.

Faspex prompts you to confirm if your previous Faspex settings are still applicable. Enter y to continue, n to change settings.

9. If Faspex and HSTS are installed on the same server, restart the Aspera Node D service.

You can restart the Aspera NodeD service from the Computer Management window. Go to **Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Services and Applications > Services**. Select **Aspera NodeD** and click **Restart**.

10. If you are using IBM Aspera Validator with Faspex, you must enable the **Out-of-transfer file** validation (otfv) setting (Server > Security).

To enable OTFV-related features in Faspex, you must enable this option.



Warning: Enabling this option may cause performance issues for customers running millions of transfers, including slow UI and stats collector performance.

11. If you had the HTTP Gateway [BETA] service installed, and want to use Faspex with HTTP Gateway 2.0 and later, stop the process, and then remove the /opt/aspera/httpgateway from your server:

```
> service aspera_httpgateway stop
> rm -rf /opt/aspera/httpgateway
```

Logging In

1. Open a supported browser and enter the Faspex hostname or IP address followed by **/aspera/faspex** in the browser URL. For example:

http://faspex.ibmaspera.com/aspera/faspex

or

http://198.51.100.24/aspera/faspex

Note: For security reasons, Faspex versions 4.0.3 and later by default only allow login using the hostname that is configured in the faspex.yml configuration file (the hostname you designated during installation). If you try to log in to the application from an unlisted hostname or perform a GET request with an unlisted hostname, Faspex returns the error, "Invalid hostname". To access Faspex from an alternate hostname, follow the instructions in <u>"Configuring the Faspex Web Server" on page</u> 25.

2. Log in with your credentials.

If SAML configurations are available, you can choose to log in with a configured SAML provider or with your Faspex user credentials.

If your administrator configured Faspex to use a default SAML configuration, Faspex automatically redirects you to the SAML login page. Login with your SAML credentials or login locally by bypassing the redirect.

If you need to login with your Faspex user credentials or if you need to log in using another SAML configuration, you can bypass the redirect by adding login?local=true to the end of the URL. For example: https://192.51.100.24/aspera/faspex/login?local=true.

3. If prompted, install IBM Aspera Connect.

You must have the latest version of Connect installed to transfer packages using Faspex. Faspex prompts you to install the Connect Browser if you do not have it installed or if your version is not the latest. If you install Connect, refresh your browser to start using Connect.

For more information, see "Faspex and Connect" on page 69.

4. If your license is out-of-date or expired, you must first update the license before you can access Faspex.

Faspex prompts you to update your license . You cannot interact with Faspex until entering and saving a valid license.For more information, see <u>"Updating Your License" on page 16</u>.

5. If you are upgrading from a version of Faspex prior to 4.0.1 and you had SAML configured, you need to add your SAML configuration metadata to your SAML Identity Provider (IdP) again. Metadata URLs now contain numbers to support multiple SAML configurations.

For information about configuring the IdP, see "Configuring Your Identity Provider (IdP)" on page 103.

Upgrading Faspex from Before 4.2.0

Upgrading to Faspex 4.2.0 and later from a version prior to 4.2.0 requires additional steps to upgrade to a newer version of MySQL.

Aspera does not support a direct upgrade from Faspex versions prior to 3.1.1. Instead, first upgrade to version 3.9.3 before upgrading to 4.2.0.

If you are upgrading to Faspex 4.4.2 you must first upgrade to Faspex 4.2.0 following the steps in this section, then continue to upgrade to Faspex 4.4.1 Patch Level 12 before making the Faspex 4.4.2 upgrade.



Warning: Prior to performing any upgrade, IBM Aspera strongly recommends customers:

- 1. Perform a full environment back up and ensure the back up is successful. In case the upgrade fails, the only reliable, short-term fix is to roll back the environment using the back up.
- 2. Test the upgrade in a test environment comparable to the production environment.
- 3. If upgrading the test environment is successful, upgrade the production environment, but do not bring the production environment back online.
- 4. Prior to bringing the production environment back online, the customer must test the application to determine if an immediate rollback is needed. Otherwise, customers risk losing all data generated between upgrade and rollback.

Note: Aspera does not support a direct upgrade from Faspex versions prior to 3.1.1. Instead, first upgrade to version 3.9.3 before upgrading to 4.0+.

Before You Begin...

Before beginning the installation process for Faspex, you must be logged into your computer as an admin (or domain admin if you are in an Active Directory environment).

- 1. Apply the latest Windows update on your server.
- 2. Download the latest version of IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server, and IBM Aspera Faspex from the IBM Aspera downloads page.
- 3. Make sure your MySQL password and your svcAspera password are easily accessible.
- 4. Check the requirements in IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server Admin Guide: Before Upgrading.

5. Install HSTS.

Run the installer and follow the on-screen instructions to upgrade HSTS to the latest version.

Upgrading Faspex from Before 4.2.0

1. Back up your Faspex MySQL database by running the following **asctl** command:

> asctl faspex:backup_database

The **asctl** command uses **mysqldump** to backup Faspex's three MySQL databases to C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\Backup\time_stamp-version_number.revision_number

For example, the directory name may be 2016-04-15_140547-Faspex.4.0.0.100400.

2. Stop all Faspex services.

Before upgrading, stop all services related to Faspex, including Faspex, MySQL, and Apache. Use the following command:

> asctl all:stop



Warning: Faspex 4.2.0 and later uses a new version of MySQL included in the IBM Aspera Common Components. If you are upgrading from a version prior to 4.2.0, you must first back up and empty your MySQL database (/opt/aspera/common/mysql/data). You cannot upgrade the Common Components until you have backed up and emptied your database. When running the upgrade script, you are required to provide the path to a back up.

3. If your server is using a remote database, you must set the SKIP_MYSQL_UPGRADE environment variable to true:

> set "SKIP_MYSQL_UPGRADE=true"

Important: If you are using a local database, do not skip the MySQL upgrade.

4. If your server is *not* using a remote database, you must clear your MySQL database before upgrading to upgrade successfully.

Delete all the files and sub-directories in C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\mysql\data.

5. Launch the Faspex installer.

Double-click the Faspex installer to begin the installation process.

Note: If your Windows Operating System has User Account Control (UAC) enabled, confirm or enter the admin password to allow the installer to make changes to your computer.

6. Click Install.

Once the IBM Aspera Faspex Setup Wizard completes, you are prompted to finish the installation. By default, the **Launch asctl to continue the Faspex setup** checkbox is selected. Once you click **Finish**, the installer automatically runs the setup command. If you do not want to run the setup command automatically, then clear the **Launch asctl to continue the Faspex setup** checkbox.

If Faspex doesn't automatically run the setup command or an error halts the process, then you can run the command manually, as shown below.

> asctl faspex:upgrade

7. Provide Faspex with the database backup when prompted:

Please provide the location of the Faspex database backup (e.g. backup/20XX-XX-XX_XXXXX-Faspex.4.1.1.XXXXXX):

8. Confirm that your previous Faspex settings are still applicable.

When prompted, enter y to continue, n to change settings.

9. If Faspex and HSTS are installed on the same server, restart the Aspera Node D service.

You can restart the Aspera NodeD service from the Computer Management window. Go to **Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Services and Applications > Services**. Select **Aspera NodeD** and click **Restart**.

Logging In

1. Open a supported browser and enter the Faspex hostname or IP address followed by **/aspera/faspex** in the browser URL. For example:

http://faspex.ibmaspera.com/aspera/faspex

or

http://198.51.100.24/aspera/faspex

Note: For security reasons, Faspex versions 4.0.3 and later by default only allow login using the hostname that is configured in the faspex.yml configuration file (the hostname you designated during installation). If you try to log in to the application from an unlisted hostname or perform a GET request with an unlisted hostname, Faspex returns the error, "Invalid hostname". To access Faspex from an alternate hostname, follow the instructions in <u>"Configuring the Faspex Web Server" on page</u> 25.

2. Log in with your credentials.

If SAML configurations are available, you can choose to log in with a configured SAML provider or with your Faspex user credentials.

If your administrator configured Faspex to use a default SAML configuration, Faspex automatically redirects you to the SAML login page. Login with your SAML credentials or login locally by bypassing the redirect.

If you need to login with your Faspex user credentials or if you need to log in using another SAML configuration, you can bypass the redirect by adding login?local=true to the end of the URL. For example: https://192.51.100.24/aspera/faspex/login?local=true.

3. If prompted, install IBM Aspera Connect.

You must have the latest version of Connect installed to transfer packages using Faspex. Faspex prompts you to install the Connect Browser if you do not have it installed or if your version is not the latest. If you install Connect, refresh your browser to start using Connect.

For more information, see "Faspex and Connect" on page 69.

4. If your license is out-of-date or expired, you must first update the license before you can access Faspex.

Faspex prompts you to update your license . You cannot interact with Faspex until entering and saving a valid license.For more information, see <u>"Updating Your License" on page 16</u>.

5. If you are upgrading from a version of Faspex prior to 4.0.1 and you had SAML configured, you need to add your SAML configuration metadata to your SAML Identity Provider (IdP) again. Metadata URLs now contain numbers to support multiple SAML configurations.

For information about configuring the IdP, see "Configuring Your Identity Provider (IdP)" on page 103.

Logging In to Faspex

Logging In to Faspex

1. Open a supported browser and enter the Faspex hostname or IP address followed by **/aspera/faspex** in the browser URL. For example:

http://faspex.ibmaspera.com/aspera/faspex

or

http://198.51.100.24/aspera/faspex

Note: For security reasons, Faspex versions 4.0.3 and later by default only allow login using the hostname that is configured in the faspex.yml configuration file (the hostname you designated during installation). If you try to log in to the application from an unlisted hostname or perform a GET request with an unlisted hostname, Faspex returns the error, "Invalid hostname". To access Faspex from an alternate hostname, follow the instructions in <u>"Configuring the Faspex Web Server" on page</u> 25.

2. Log in with your credentials.

If SAML configurations are available, you can choose to log in with a configured SAML provider or with your Faspex user credentials.

If your administrator configured Faspex to use a default SAML configuration, Faspex automatically redirects you to the SAML login page. Login with your SAML credentials or login locally by bypassing the redirect.

If you need to login with your Faspex user credentials or if you need to log in using another SAML configuration, you can bypass the redirect by adding login?local=true to the end of the URL. For example: https://192.51.100.24/aspera/faspex/login?local=true.

3. If you are logging in for the first time, you are prompted to change your password and then asked to login with the new password.

If you incorrectly enter your password too many times, Faspex locks your account. If enabled, you can select the **Forgot password** link from the login page to request a password reset email from Faspex. Once you reset your password, you can log into your account again.

4. If your license is out-of-date or expired, you must first update the license before you can access Faspex.

Faspex prompts you to update your license . You cannot interact with Faspex until entering and saving a valid license.For more information, see <u>"Updating Your License" on page 16</u>.

5. If prompted, install IBM Aspera Connect.

You must have the latest version of Connect installed to transfer packages using Faspex. Faspex prompts you to install the Connect Browser if you do not have it installed or if your version is not the latest. If you install Connect, refresh your browser to start using Connect.

For more information, see "Faspex and Connect" on page 69.

Logging In with SAML

If SAML configurations are available, you can choose to log in with a configured SAML provider.

1. Open a supported browser and enter the Faspex hostname or IP address followed by **/aspera/faspex** in the browser URL. For example:

http://faspex.ibmaspera.com/aspera/faspex

or

http://198.51.100.24/aspera/faspex

Note: For security reasons, Faspex versions 4.0.3 and later by default only allow login using the hostname that is configured in the faspex.yml configuration file (the hostname you designated during installation). If you try to log in to the application from an unlisted hostname or perform a GET request with an unlisted hostname, Faspex returns the error, "Invalid hostname". To access Faspex from an alternate hostname, follow the instructions in <u>"Configuring the Faspex Web Server" on page 25</u>.

2. Log in with your credentials.

If SAML configurations are available, you can choose to log in with a configured SAML provider or with your Faspex user credentials.

If your administrator configured Faspex to use a default SAML configuration, Faspex automatically redirects you to the SAML login page. Login with your SAML credentials or login locally by bypassing the redirect.

If you need to login with your Faspex user credentials or if you need to log in using another SAML configuration, you can bypass the redirect by adding login?local=true to the end of the URL. For example: https://192.51.100.24/aspera/faspex/login?local=true.

3. If prompted, install IBM Aspera Connect.

You must have the latest version of Connect installed to transfer packages using Faspex. Faspex prompts you to install the Connect Browser if you do not have it installed or if your version is not the latest. If you install Connect, refresh your browser to start using Connect.

For more information, see "Faspex and Connect" on page 69.

Requesting an Account

If you do not have an account and Faspex is configured to allows users to self-register, the login page displays the **Request an Account** link.

Note: If you do not see this link, contact your admin.

- 1. Click the **Request an Account** link to request access to Faspex.
- 2. After clicking on this link, complete the following form and click the **Request an account** button.

Note: Faspex can be configured to force external users to register a Faspex account to download packages sent to them. If you are requesting an account in order to download a package, your login and email are automatically set to the external address.

- 3. Once you receive your account confirmation email, enter your user credentials and click Login.
- 4. If prompted, install IBM Aspera Connect.

You must have the latest version of Connect installed to transfer packages using Faspex. Faspex prompts you to install the Connect Browser if you do not have it installed or if your version is not the latest. If you install Connect, refresh your browser to start using Connect.

For more information, see "Faspex and Connect" on page 69.

Configuring Faspex Settings

Configuring the Faspex Web Server

Go to Server > Configuration > Web Server to access the Web Server configuration page, which displays the IP address or domain name of the server and the HTTP/HTTPS ports that users connect to when accessing the application. These settings were initially configured when you first installed Faspex.

Field Description Server's external The Faspex server's primary IP address or domain name. To change the address or name, run the following command: address or name > asctl apache:hostname host HTTP port The Faspex server's HTTP port number. To change the port, run the following command: > asctl apache:http_port port HTTPS port The Faspex server's secure HTTP (HTTPS) port number. To change the port, run the following command: > asctl apache:https_port port

Server Information

Configuring the Faspex Domain Name

Create a domain name for Faspex to prevent email providers from flagging emails sent by Faspex as spam or junk.

If Faspex is configured to identify itself by IP address (rather than by domain name), then the URLs in your notification emails contain an IP address (for example, "https://10.0.0.1/aspera/faspex"). Some Web-based email services (such as Yahoo or Ymail, and Hotmail) have been known to automatically flag emails containing IP address links as "Spam," and move them to your Junk/Spam folder. If you do not have a domain name immediately available, then you can first configure Faspex with an IP address and then change it to use a domain name later.

If you know that you will not be setting up a domain name, make sure that users add your Faspex "From" email address (for example, admin@faspex.example.com) to their address book or contact list. Doing so typically "white-lists" the address so that emails from Faspex are not automatically flagged and routed the Junk/Spam folder.



CAUTION: Do not configure Faspex to use a domain name or hostname that contains underscore characters. Doing so could prevent you from logging into the server or cause other connectivity problems. Internet standards for domain names and hostnames do not support underscore characters.

Configuring Alternate Addresses for Faspex

If you have a group of external users who must log into Faspex through a different IP address or domain name, you can configure alternate IP addresses or domain name to use to authenticate to Faspex.

1. Select **Enable alternate address > Add alternate address** to add a new address.

Note:

Alternate addresses support comma-delimited Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR), allowing you to specify multiple subnets or a specific range of addresses. For example:

198.51.100.24,192.168.0.0/18,10.0.0.*

- 2. Fill in the address name and the description to include in email notifications.
- 3. Choose whether this alternate address is available for email templates to use.
- 4. Click Update to finish.

You can include any configured alternate IP addresses with the **Show in emails option enabled** the ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_# email variable, where # is the number corresponding to the alternate address you want to include. For more information about customizing email notifications, see <u>"Configuring Email</u> Notification Templates" on page 126.

Configuring Transfer Options

Download During Transfers

Field	Description
Enable downloads during transfers	When enabled, users can download files from packages in an ongoing transfer. This feature is enabled by default.
	Note: If you are using IBM Aspera Validator to perform file validation, you must disable this feature.

Download Over HTTP

Field	Description
Enable HTTP fallback	Use HTTP for transfers when Connect is unavailable.

Initial Default Transfer Rate

Field	Description
Initial upload rate	Specify the target upload rate
Initial download rate	Specify the target download rate
Lock minimum rate and policy	Prevent clients from adjusting their transfer policy or minimum transfer rate

Server Information

Field	Description
Upload target rate cap	Specify the maximum upload rate
Download target rate cap	Specify the maximum download rate

Aspera Connect Settings

Field	Description
Minimum connect version	The minimum version of the IBM Aspera Connect that can be used to transfer with Faspex. The version must be in the form "X.Y.Z" (for example, 0.0.0.)
	Note: If you are serving Connect locally, you must remember to update the minimum Connect version for each new version of Faspex to ensure your end users use a version supported by the current version of Faspex.
Locally host Connect	Serve Connect using the local Connect SDK instead of the Aspera CDN. For more information, see <u>"Serving Connect Locally" on page 77</u> .
	Note: If you are serving Connect locally, you must remember to manually update the version of the hosted Connect SDK for each new version of Faspex to support the latest Faspex features.
Prefer http over extension	[Chrome only] Enforce the browser to use HTTP to communicate with Connect instead of using the browser extension.
Lock Connect SDK version	Prevent Faspex from updating the local Connect SDK if a new version becomes available. This setting persists across upgrades.
	Note: Faspex periodically checks for updates and does not immediately download a new version if this option is disabled.

Server-to-Server Relay Transfer Settings

Field	Description
Outgoing bandwidth	Set the outgoing bandwidth for relay transfers.

Setting Maximum Package Title Length

When Faspex saves a package, it names the package using the title of the package. By default, Faspex limits the package name to 200 characters to prevent problems caused by unecessarily long package titles. You can change this limit by going to **Server > Configuration > Package Storage** and adjusting the **Maximum package title length in storage paths** option to limit the maximum number of characters Faspex uses to name package titles.

Note: This option addresses the Windows maximum path limit, which is defined as 260 characters.

Configuring the Email Server

IBM Aspera Faspex uses a SMTP server to communicate various events with users.

- 1. Go to Server > Notifications and select E-mail Configuration.
- 2. Choose **open** or **login** authentication. If you choose **login** authentication, you are required to enter login credentials for the SMTP server.
- 3. Enter your SMTP Mail Server and its Server Port.
- 4. To enable TLS, select Use TLS if available.

Important: Faspex confirms whether the name in your TLS security certificate matches your mail server's configured address (fully qualified domain name or IP address). If it does not, Faspex displays an error.

- 5. Enter the domain of the SMTP server.
- 6. If you chose **login** authentication, enter your login credentials.
 - User: The email account that you are sending the notification from (be sure to include the domain).
 - Password: The password for the email account.
- 7. Configure email details.
 - Faspex "From" name: The "From" name that appears on Faspex-generated emails.
 - Faspex "From" email: The "From" email address that appears on Faspex-generated emails.
 - Packages received "From": Choose from Sender, Faspex, and Sender via Faspex. Selecting Sender shows package notifications as received from the sender's name." Selecting Faspex shows package notifications received from "Faspex". Selecting Sender via Faspex shows package notifications as received from the sender's name "via Faspex".
- 8. Click **Save**.
- 9. Test your SMTP server settings. Enter your email address and click **Save and Send Test Email** to send a test email.

You should receive a confirmation email titled "Email settings test" with the message, "If you received this message, your email settings are configured correctly."

Enabling Post-Processing Scripts

Faspex admins have the ability to execute post-processing scripts on the server to accomplish tasks such as virus checking, moving files, and creating backups once packages arrive. Post-processing uses a set of filtering options to determine when to execute customized scripts. Aspera Faspex can execute shell scripts and Windows batch scripts, where information about the package is passed to the script by means of environment variables.

Post-processing scripts that have been activated execute automatically after the initial transfer to a default inbox. The relay of a package to a custom inbox does not trigger script execution.

In the event that a Faspex Administrative account is compromised, post-processing can be a serious threat to your server's security. Thus, Aspera strongly recommends that you update your administrative users' permissions in order to prevent unauthorized users from executing post-processing on Faspex by restricting the IP addresses from which a user can log into an admin account. For more information, see "Configure User Settings" on page 167.

Note: By default, post-processing is enabled. To disable it for security reasons, see the instructions at the end of this topic.

1. Prepare the post-processing script.

Generate your post-processing script and place it in a directory on the machine running your Faspex. Take note of, or copy, your script's full system path on the server. You can utilize the following environment variables in your post-processing scripts, but be sure to use the proper format. For example, the variable **faspex_pkg_directory** will be available as **\$faspex_pkg_directory** in shell scripts, and **%faspex_pkg_directory%** in Windows batch files.

Variable	Description
faspex_pkg_directory	Storage directory of the package. See cautionary note below.
faspex_pkg_name	Package title.
faspex_pkg_note	Package note.
faspex_pkg_id	Package ID.
faspex_pkg_delivery_id	Package delivery ID for use with API endpoints that accept package delivery ID to interact with packages in the system.
<pre>faspex_recipient_list</pre>	Comma-separated list of recipients. (for example, "admin, johndoe")
faspex_recipient_count	Number of recipients. (for example, "3")
faspex_recipient_i	Name of the recipient. (# starts at "0", for example, faspex_recipient_0, faspex_recipient_1).
faspex_sender_id	The sender's ID.
faspex_sender_name	The sender's full name.
faspex_sender_email	The sender's e-mail.
faspex_pkg_total_bytes	Size of the package in bytes.
faspex_pkg_total_files	Number of files in the package.
faspex_pkg_uuid	The package's UUID (36 characters).
faspex_metadata_fields	Comma separated list of the metadata fields defined for the package.
faspex_metadata <i>_field</i>	The value of the metadata field named <i>field</i> . In the field name, spaces are converted to underscores, non alphanumeric characters or underscores are stripped. For example, "my field" becomes "my_field"; "*my_group" becomes "mygroup".

Set up post-processing in the Faspex Web UI.

- 2. Go to Server > Post-Processing and click Create New.
- 3. Configure the script.

Script to run

Item	Description
Name	A descriptive name for this script.
Path to script on server	Enter the full path to the executable script that exists on the server.
	Important: The system user faspex should have the proper permissions to access and execute this file.

Item	Description
Active	Check to enable this script.

Execution criteria

All specified criteria must match the uploaded package's attributes for the script to be run on that package. All match fields in this section are optional. When **Exact match** is checked, the package attribute has to match the specified criterion exactly for the script to be run, the entered text will be matched anywhere in the field.

Item	Description
Package name	Execute when the package name matches the string.
Sender name	Execute when the sender name matches the string.
Sender email	Execute when the sender email matches the string.
Recipient name	Execute when the recipient name matches the string.
Recipient email	Execute when the recipient email matches the string.
Package note	Execute when the package note matches the string.
Package date	Execute when the package date falls into the determined range.
Package size	Execute when the package size falls into the determined range.
Package file count	Execute when the package file count falls into the determined range.

For security reasons, you may optionally disable post-processing in **faspex.yml**. The DisablePostProcessing setting can be found in the **faspex.yml** found at:

OS Version	Location
Windows 32-bit	C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml
Windows 64-bit	C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml

Important: Aspera strongly recommends backing up faspex.yml before modifying.

Within **faspex.yml**, change DisablePostProcessing: false to DisablePostProcessing: true:

```
production:
...
DisablePostProcessing:true
...
```

For more information on faspex.yml, see "faspex.yml Configurations Reference" on page 141.

Setting Up Bandwidth Measurement

You can enable bandwidth measurement to make all uploads perform a bandwidth measurement prior to transferring regardless of the target rate setting for the server or the transferring user (downloads are not affected).

1. Stop Faspex.

Execute the command to stop Faspex:

> asctl faspex:stop

2. Open **faspex.yml** with a text editor.

Locate **faspex.yml** in the following location:

OS Version	Path
32-bit Windows	C:\Program Files\Aspera\Faspex\config\Faspex.yml
64-bit Windows	C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\Faspex.yml

Before editing **faspex.yml**, create a backup. Open it with a text editor:

3. Add the bandwidth measurement parameter in **faspex.yml**.

Before editing **faspex.yml**, create a backup. Open it with a text editor, and add this line at the end of the file:

MeasureBandwidthOnUpload: yes

4. Start Faspex.

Execute the command to start Faspex with the new setting:

> asctl faspex:start

To verify bandwidth measurement, open IBM Aspera Connect and go to **Preferences** > **Bandwidth**, click **Remove All** and make sure **Automatically cache measurements obtained during transfer** is unchecked. Now log into Faspex and send a package. In the first few seconds of the transfer, Connect should show a status of *Measuring Bandwidth....*

Customizing New User Account Form

You can customize the New User Account form admins must fill out to create new accounts by marking certain fields required. For example, if you mark the option **Password expires** as required, that field becomes required when creating a user.

The following fields can be marked as required:

- · Password expires
- Account expires
- Allowed IP addresses for login
- Allowed IP addresses for download
- Allowed IP addresses for upload

Important:

- Modifying faspex.yml is for advanced administrative users only.
- Be sure to back up faspex.yml before modifying.
- 1. Stop Faspex.

Execute the command to stop Faspex:

> asctl faspex:stop

2. Open **faspex.yml** with a text editor.

Locate **faspex.yml** in the following location:

OS Version	Path
32-bit Windows	C:\Program Files\Aspera\Faspex\config\Faspex.yml
64-bit Windows	C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\Faspex.yml

Before editing **faspex.yml**, create a backup. Open it with a text editor:

3. Write the required-field parameters into your **faspex.yml** file.

Write the following parameters into the file. When a required field is specified, the option is checked and grayed-out; When a required field with default value is specified, a default value is presented in the option.

Parameter	Description
RequireUserPasswordExpires: yes	Make "Password expires" required. A value is required.
RequireUserAccountExpires: yes	Make "Account expires" required. A value is required.
RequireUserDescription: yes	Make "description" required.
RequireUserDescriptionWithDefault: "Default_value"	Make "description" required, and insert default value.
RequireUserAllowedIpAddressesForLogin: yes	Make "Allowed IP addresses for login" required.
RequireUserAllowedIpAddressesForLoginWithDefault: "Default_value"	Make "Allowed IP addresses for login" required, and insert default value.
RequireUserAllowedIpAddressesForDownload: yes	Make "Allowed IP addresses for download" required.
RequireUserAllowedIpAddressesForDownloadWithDefa ult: "Default_value"	Make "Allowed IP addresses for download" required, and insert default value.
RequireUserAllowedIpAddressesForUpload: yes	Make "Allowed IP addresses for upload" required.
RequireUserAllowedIpAddressesForUploadWithDefault: "Default_value"	Make "Allowed IP addresses for upload" required, and insert default value.

For example, to make "Account expires" required, and "Allowed IP addresses for download" required with default value "10.0.*", add the following lines in *Faspex.yml*:

```
...
RequireUserAccountExpires: yes
RequireUserAllowedIpAddressesForDownloadWithDefault: "10.0.*"
```

4. Start Faspex.

Execute the command to start Faspex with the new setting:

> asctl faspex:start

To verify the modified fields are now required, log into Faspex with an admin account and go to **Accounts** > **New User**. Red asterisks appear near the fields that have been marked as required. Trying to create a user without specifying values for these field result in an error message to that effect.

Modifying HTTP Server Settings

You may configure the IBM Aspera Faspex Apache HTTP Server to use different host name, communication port, and namespace.

Important: For help on regenerating the self-signed SSL certificate (due to a host name change) that is installed with this Aspera Web application, see <u>"Regenerating Self-Signed SSL Certificate (Apache)" on page 48</u>. For instructions on creating and enabling a CA-signed certificate, see <u>"Installing a Signed SSL Certificate Provided by Authorities" on page 46</u>.

To begin, in a Command Prompt (**Start menu > All Programs > Accessories > >Command Prompt**), execute the following command to navigate into the Faspex directory:

OS Version	Command
32-bit Windows	> cd "C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex"
64-bit Windows	> cd "C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex"

1. Update the hostname.

The hostname used by apache is configured when you first install Faspex. Use this command to print the current hostname:

> asctl apache:hostname

To change the hostname, use the following command. Replace **HOSTNAME** with the new hostname:

> asctl apache:hostname HOSTNAME

Also update your SSL certificate to reflect the new hostname:

> asctl apache:make_ssl_cert HOSTNAME

2. Change HTTP and HTTPS ports.

By default, Faspex uses standard ports for HTTP (80) and HTTPS (443). Use the following commands to update these ports:

Item	Command
нттр	> asctl apache:http_port NEW_HTTP_PORT
HTTPS	> asctl apache:https_port NEW_HTTPS_PORT

3. Change Faspex namespace.

Faspex uses the namespace /aspera/faspex by default. Use this command to print the current namespace:

> asctl faspex:uri_namespace

To set the namespace to, for example, **/faspex**, use the following command:

> asctl faspex:uri_namespace /faspex

When the namespace is updated, advise your users of the new URL. For example, if your faspex server's address is https://198.51.100.24/aspera/faspex and you change the namespace to / faspex, they would use the following URL: https://198.51.100.24/faspex.

For a complete **asctl** command reference, see "asctl Command Reference" on page 156.

Changing the Default Language Used in Faspex

Change the default language used in Faspex. The default language is English.

1. Stop all Faspex services:

> asctl:all stop

```
2. Change the I18n.default_locale option in C:\Program Files
   (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\initializers\i18n_defaults.
   For example, to set the default language to Dutch:
```

For example, to set the default language to Dutch:

```
# I18n.default_locale = "en"
I18n.default_locale = "nl"
```

3. Start all Faspex services:

```
> asctl:all stop
```

Configuring HTTP and HTTPS Fallback

HTTP fallback serves as a secondary transfer method when the Internet connectivity required for Aspera FASP transfers (UDP port 33001, by default) is unavailable. When HTTP fallback is enabled and UDP connectivity is lost or cannot be established, the transfer will continue over the HTTP protocol. These instructions describe how to enable and configure HTTP/HTTPS fallback.

Prerequisites:

• To enable HTTP fallback for IBM Aspera Faspex, you must configure the feature in both Faspex and the associated transfer node that is running IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server.

When Faspex and the HSTS are installed on the same machine, the Faspex installation process configures both automatically. When HSTS is remote, configure the transfer server and firewall ports in either of the following ways:

- Set HTTP/HTTPS to defaults ports (8080 + 8443) and open firewall ports on 8080/8443.
- Set HTTP/HTTPS to standard ports (80 + 443) and open firewall ports on 80/443.

Additionally, the transfer server fallback settings must match the Faspex fallback settings. If the settings don't match, Faspex returns a "Package creation failed" error. Ensure that transfer server has HTTP/HTTPS fallback enabled.

- Configure your HSTS web UI.
- Your Aspera HTTP daemon (the IBM Aspera HTTPD Service) is running with sufficient privileges so that it can modify file ownership.

Limitations:

- Folders that are symbolic links cannot be downloaded directly by using HTTP fallback. Folders that are symbolic links are processed correctly when their parent folder is the source.
- HTTP fallback can only follow symbolic links. Settings in aspera.conf or in the command line are ignored.
- HTTP fallback attempts to transfer at the target rate but is limited by TCP.

• HTTP fallback does not support pre-post processing or inline validation.

Process:

- 1. Go to Server > Configuration > Transfer Options and select Enable HTTP Fallback.
- 2. Go to Server > Configuration > Security and select Encrypt Transfers.

Note: If HTTPS fallback is enabled on the transfer server, encrypted transfers must be enabled in Faspex.

3. Confirm your HTTP fallback port number.

To confirm your HTTP fallback port number, run the following **asctl** command:

> asctl faspex:http_fallback_port

If you need to modify the Faspex HTTP port, add the *port_number* to the command:

> asctl faspex:http_fallback_port port_number

Important: Do not use this command if Faspex and your transfer server are on the same machine. If you modify the HTTP fallback port, HTTP fallback fails because Apache is hard-coded to route traffic to asperahttpd on port 8080.

4. (In HSTS) Configure HTTP/HTTPS fallback settings.

You can configure HTTP/HTTPS fallback from the HSTS GUI or by editing aspera.conf.

Configuring HTTP/HTTPS fallback from the GUI:

Launch the transfer server and go to **Configuration > Global > HTTP Fallback**.

Review the following settings:

- In the Enable HTTP row, select Override and set to true.
- If you want to allow fallback over HTTPS, in the Enable HTTPS row, select Override and set to true.

Global Groups Users VLinks	Docroot Authorization Bandwidth Netwo	rk File Handling	Database Trans	fer Server	HTTP Fallback
	Setting	Inherited Value	Inherited From	Override	Effective Value
	Cert File:	<none></none>	default		
	Key File:	<none></none>	default		
	Bind Address:	0.0.0	default	8	0.0.0.0
	Restartable Transfers:	true	default		le true 🕐 false
	Session Activity Timeout:	20	default		20
	HTTP Port:	8080	default		8080
	HTTPS Port:	8443	default		8443
	Enable HTTP:	false	default	1	💿 true 🕐 false
	Enable HTTPS:	false	default		💿 true 🕐 false

Configuring HTTP/HTTPS fallback by editing aspera.conf:

Run the following commands:

• To view the current HTTP settings in aspera.conf:

\$ /opt/aspera/bin/asuserdata -b -t

To manually inspectaspera.conf, open it from the following directory:

5. After enabling HTTP fallback and setting a token encryption key, restart IBM Aspera Central, Aspera Node D, and the IBM Aspera HTTPD Service.

You can restart the Aspera Central from the Computer Management window. Go to **Control Panel** > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Services and Applications > Services, click Aspera Central, and click Restart.

Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Services and Applications > Services, click Aspera NodeD, and click Restart.

Go to **Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Services and Applications > Services**, click **Aspera HTTPD**, and click **Restart**.

Setting the Minimum IBM Aspera Connect Version

Setting the minimum Connect version ensures your end users are using a version that supports the latest Faspex features. Users are prompted to upgrade their version of Connect if their version does not meet the minimum requirement.

Note: To use the file name obfuscation feature, your end users must be running Connect 3.9.8 or higher.

- 1. Go to Server > Transfer Options.
- 2. In the Aspera Connect Settings section, change the minimum Connect version.

Configuring On-Demand Entitlement

Manually install Faspex for use in Aspera on Demand need to use an On Demand entitlement.

Aspera highly recommends using pre-configured images available in Aspera-supported cloud providers for greater reliability and for ease of configuration. These instructions are for customers who are manually installing Faspex for use in Aspera on Demand need to use an On Demand entitlement.

Faspex entitlement requires that you have IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server installed on the same server as Faspex. Faspex uses the asperanoded service's license API for entitlement.

Note: Faspex uses the **asctl** command to configure entitlement. You must run **asctl** as the Administrator.

Turn On Entitlement

```
> set RAILS_ENV=production
> asctl faspex:rake entitlement:turn_safe_net_entitlement_mode_on
```

Turn Off Entitlement

```
> set RAILS_ENV=production
> asctl faspex:rake entitlement:turn_safe_net_entitlement_mode_off
```

Register Entitlement Key

```
> set RAILS_ENV=production
> asctl faspex:rake --trace entitlement:config_license_server EL_KEY="entitlement_key"
EL_CUSTOMER_ID="id"
```

For example:

```
> asctl faspex:rake --trace entitlement:config_license_server EL_KEY="cd0904ae-
f85a-4e3b-8ae0-615d79e5dea1" EL_CUSTOMER_ID="Test"
```

Note:

1) You must turn on entitlement before you can register the key.

2) The --trace option is not required, but it is helpful for debugging issues.

Working with Sender Quotas

Sender Quota Overview

Sender quotas allow Faspex admins to control the maximum volume of data that specific Faspex users can send to specific recipients over a rolling period, based on settings at the global and user account levels.

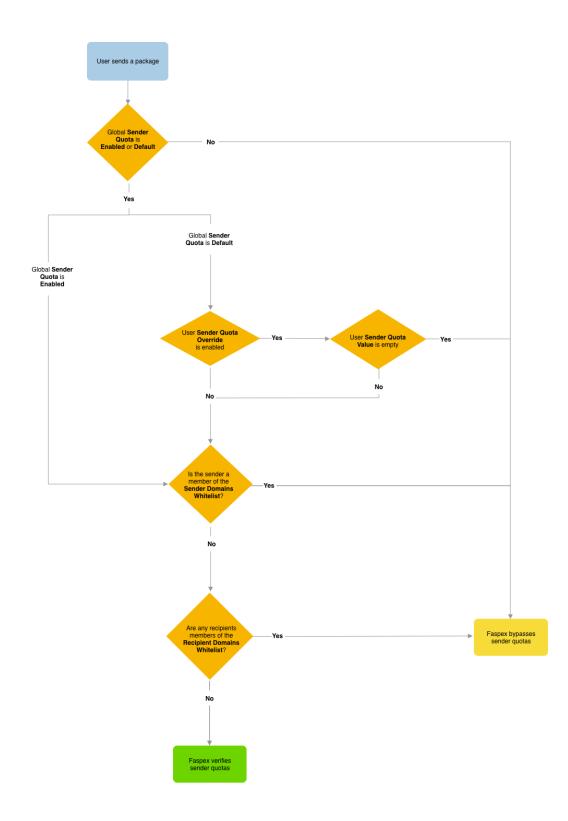
For example, admins can prevent all Faspex users from individually sending more than 25 GB over a twenty-four hour period, while allowing some of those users to send an unlimited amount of data.

Sender quotas can be applied based on who is sending, who is receiving, or both.

Senders and receipients can be exempted from sender quota enforcement based on their email address domain name.

Sender Quota Verification Logic

Faspex uses this logic to determine whether to verify sender quotas for a package being sent:



Data Allowed for a New Package When Enforcing Sender Quota

If the sender quota is being verified for a package, then the maximum number of bytes (in MB) allowed for the package is defined by the global sender quota configuration and possibly the sender's sender quota configuration:

Global and Current Account Sender Quota Configurations	Package Maximum Size
Global sender quota = Enabled	Global default sender quota minus bytes already sent by that user to non-whitelisted recipients within the current rolling period
Global sender quota = Default Sender's Sender Quota Override is selected and the Sender Quota value has a value greater than 0 MB	User account sender quota minus bytes already sent by that user to non-whitelisted recipients within the current rolling period
Global sender quota = Default Sender's Sender Quota Override is selected and the Sender Quota value has a value of 0 MB	0 MB (no package can be sent)
Global sender quota = Default Sender's Sender Quota Override is selected and the Sender Quota value is empty	Unlimited (normally based on file storage)

Note: Faspex takes into account all user data sent within the current period (duration configured by **Sender quota duration**), even if sender quotas were not yet enabled. For example, a user sends 100 MB of data in the current period. An admin then enables sender quotas with a maximum of 4000 MB. The user has 3900 MB available in the current period.

Over-Quota Warnings and Enforcement

When users start the process of sending a new package, Faspex warns users as soon as possible that the package might go over quota:

• If the user is over quota, Faspex notifies the user when they attempt to create a new package that they cannot send more data until the end of the current rolling period.

Note:

Faspex cannot determine the size of the package before its files are uploaded. Instead, Faspex relies on the HST Server node to pre-calculate the package size. Faspex uses that information to determine if senders will reach or exceed their sender quotas. The node must have the pre_calculate_job_size enabled (set to yes or any) for Faspex to use this information.

If the option is disabled (set to no), Faspex determines the size of the package as the transfer goes and stops the transfer when it determines the sender has reached or exceeded the sender quota. In the worst-case scenario, Faspex might not stop a transfer until most of the package is transferred.

Therefore, IBM Aspera recommends enabling the pre_calculate_job_size setting on the HST Server node (by default, set to any).

• If the user is still under quota, Faspex allows the user to initiate a transfer. When the package size reaches or exceeds the sender quota, Faspex notifies the user that the user went over quota. Faspex then cancels the transfer and deletes the package.

Note:

During a transfer, Faspex checks a sender's available quota every 5 seconds. The polling frequency can allow some packages to go beyond the quota limit if Faspex does not check the in-transfer package at least once. For example, a user creates a new package while under quota and the transfer completes in under 5 seconds due to a small, package size and a high, transfer speed. Nevertheless, that package size is accounted for in the user's sender quota for any, future quota verification.

Sender Quota Exceptions

Admins can exempt individual accounts from sender quota enforcement by overriding the account sender quota and leaving the sender quota value empty. That requires the global sender quota setting to be set as **Default**.

Admins can also choose to whitelist email domains to exempt senders or recipients from sender quota enforcement based on their email addresses.

Note:

If users change their email address, that can impact their inclusion in sender or recipient whitelists, and therefore also impact sender quota enforcement.

This can be prevented by disabling the Allow users to change their email address setting (Server > Configuration > Security > Allow users to change their email address).

Configuring Sender Global Quotas

Enable sender quotas globally to limit the amount of data users can send in a specified rolling period.

1. Go to **Faspex > Configuration > Security** and go to the Sender Quota section.

2. Set the Sender quota option option to Enabled or Default.

Option	Sender Enforcement
Enabled	Faspex enforces the default sender quota for all non-whitelisted user accounts in Faspex, regardless of the override option set at the user level.
Default	Faspex enforces the default sender quota for all non-whitelisted user accounts in Faspex, unless an admin sets a specific sender quota for the account. Instead, the specific sender quota is enforced.
Disabled	Faspex does not enforce sender quotas for any user accounts in Faspex, even if an admin had set a specific sender quota for the account.

3. Set the **Sender quota duration** in hours. Faspex resets a user account's sent bytes (in MB) after the specified duration. The value must be a positive number between 1 - 9999 hours.

4. Set the **Sender quota limit** to a value in megabytes (MB). The value must be a positive number.

If the limit set to 0, users cannot send packages.

The default is 4000 MB.

If the **Sender quota option** is set to **Default**, admins can configure sender quotas for specific account. For more information, see "Configuring Sender Quota for a User Account" on page 40.

5. Define a list of **Approved recipient domains** to whitelist. Sender quotas are not enforced when sending to recipients with email addresses in these domains.

For example: "@aspera.com; @ibm.com".

Note: Whitelists do not support individual email addresses. You can whitelist only domain names.

6. Define a list of **Approved sender domains** to whitelist. Sender quota are not enforced for users with email addresses in these domains.

For example: "@aspera.com; @ibm.com".

Note: Whitelists do not support individual email addresses. You can whitelist only domain names.

7. Click Update.

Configuring Sender Quota for a User Account

Admins can override sender quotas for specific account if the global sender quota setting is set to **Default**.

- 1. Go to **Accounts >** *user_account*.
- 2. Select Override security sender quota.
- 3. Set the **Sender quota limit** to a value in megabytes (MB).

To exempt the user from sender quota enforcement, do not set a value.

To prevent a user from sending packages, set the value to 0 MB.

4. Click Update User.

Securing Faspex

Firewall Settings

An Aspera server runs one SSH server on a configurable TCP port (33001 by default).

Your firewall should be configured as follows:

- To ensure that your server is secure, Aspera strongly recommends allowing inbound connections for SSH on TCP/33001 (or on another non-default, configurable TCP port), and disallowing inbound connections on TCP/22. If you have a legacy customer base utilizing TCP/22, then you can allow inbound connections on both ports.
- Allow inbound connections for FASP transfers, which use UDP/33001 by default, although the server may also choose to run FASP transfers on another port.
- If you have a local firewall on your server (such as Windows Firewall), verify that it is not blocking your SSH and FASP transfer ports (TCP/UDP 33001).
- For the Faspex application, allow inbound connections for HTTP and/or HTTPS Web access (TCP/80, TCP/443).

The firewall on the server side must allow the open TCP port to reach the Aspera server. No servers listen on UDP ports. When a transfer is initiated by an Aspera client, the client opens an SSH session to the SSH server on the designated TCP port and negotiates the UDP port for the data transfer.

For Aspera servers that have multiple concurrent clients, the Windows operating system does not allow the Aspera FASP protocol to reuse the same UDP port for multiple connections. Thus, if you have multiple concurrent clients and your Aspera server runs on Windows, then you must allow inbound connections on a range of UDP ports, where the range of ports is equal to the maximum number of concurrent FASP transfers expected. These UDP ports should be opened incrementally from the base port, which is UDP/33001, by default. For example, to allow 10 concurrent FASP transfers, allow inbound traffic from UDP/33001 to UDP/33010.

Configuring Security Settings

Modify security settings for Faspex user accounts, self-registration, external senders and encryption. Go to **Server > Configuration > Security** to view or modify your server's security settings for Faspex user accounts, self-registration, external senders, and encryption.

Configuration Option	Description
Session timeout	Sessions time out after the specified number of minutes of inactivity.
Lock users	Lock a user account based on the number of failed login in attempts in a given number of minutes, or based on account inactivity.

Faspex Accounts

Configuration Option	Description
	By default, Faspex locks an account after the user fails to login five times in a row within five minutes. The maximum failed login attempts and the rolling period for failed attemps must be positive numbers between 0 and 99.
	You can also select After <i>number</i> days of inactivity to lock accounts based on inactivity.
	An administrators must reactivate a locked account before the user can use the account again. For more information, see <u>"Reactivating an Inactive Account" on page 63</u> .
Remove users	Remove users after the specified number of days of inactivity. Local, directory service, and SAML users can be configured separately.
Prevent concurrent login	If enabled, users can only be logged in from one client at a time.
Passwords expire	When activating global password expiration, all users with default password policies are updated with a password expiration date specified by the password expiration interval. Admins can override this global policy in a user's account settings. See <u>"Configure User Settings" on page 167</u> .
	Note: When changing password expiration interval, changes to password expiration date do not occur until next password change for each user if password expiration is already active.
Prevent password reuse	Prevent users from reusing passwords. Enter the number of previous passwords users cannot reuse.
Use strong passwords	If enabled, requires newly created passwords to contain at least one letter, one number and one symbol. Existing passwords remain valid.
	You can change the strong password criteria by editing the <i>faspex.yml</i> file, which is located in the following directory: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml. For more information on faspex.yml , see <u>"faspex.yml Configurations Reference" on page 141</u>
Require new users to change password on first login	New users must enter a new password when they first log in.
Allow locked out users to unlock themselves	Locked out users can select the Forgot my password button to have a password reset email sent to them. Using the link, they can reset their email and log in.
Keep user directory private	When set to Yes , prevents a Faspex user (even if they have permissions to send to all Faspex users) from being able to see the entire user directory. You can override this setting on a user-by-user basis by editing their permissions.
	Important: When the privacy setting is turned on (set to Yes), users who have been assigned the role of Workgroup Admin can still view the entire list of Faspexusers via the Workgroup Members page.
Allow users to create normal packages	If this feature is disabled, users cannot access the New Packages site and can only create dropbox packages (only if they are a member of a dropbox). This option can also be set for individual users by going to Accounts > Users , clicking the username, and selecting an option for Can create normal packages .
Users can see global distribution lists by default	Select to give all users access to the global distribution lists. If this option is disabled, admins must configure a user's settings to grant access to global distribution lists.

Configuration Option	Description
Ignore invalid recipients	Prevent a package from failing to send even when addressed to invalid recipients. Faspex skips any invalid user and delivers the package to all valid recipients in the list.
Allow users to change their email address	Enable users to change their own email addresses in their account preferences (see <u>"Updating Email and Connect Settings" on page 66</u>). If this feature is disabled, only admins can change a user's email address.
Send welcome email to all new users	Faspex sends a welcome email to all users. The welcome email includes a link to download Aspera products, a password reset link, and a link to login to Faspex.
	Note: The password reset link expires after one week.

Registrations

Configuration Option	Description
Self-registration	Choose whether non-users can create or request user accounts.
	• None: Non-users are not allowed to create or request user accounts.
	• Moderated: An admin must approve the account before it is created.
	• Unmoderated : Once a user registers, his or her account is automatically created.
	If you allow self-registration, Aspera recommends the moderated setting for security.
	Warning: If self-registration is enabled, then it could be utilized to find out whether a certain account exists on the server. That is, if you attempt to self-register a duplicate account, you receive a prompt stating that the user already exists.
	After a user self-registers (either moderated or unmoderated), his or her account inherits the permissions of the configured template user and automatically becomes a member of designated workgroups. To configure the template user, go to Accounts > Pending Registrations and select the user. To set the workgroups that newly created users join, click the workgroups link. Although self-registered users are, by default, not allowed to send packages to other self-registered users, you can modify this setting by selecting Self-registered users can send to one another .
	Important: To prevent a self-registered account from having the same email address as a full Faspex user, Admins can add a special option to faspex.yml . You can find faspex.yml in the following directory:
	• (Windows 32-bit) C:\Program Files\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml
	 (Windows 64-bit) C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml
	Inside faspex.yml , within the "Production:" section, paste the following option and set it to "true":
	EnforceSelfRegisteredUserEmailUniqueness: true
Terms of service	Enter a statement that users are required to accept in order to self register an account. If you do not enter a statement, users are not required to accept terms of service to create an account.

Configuration Option	Description
Notify the following emails to approve	This field appears when you choose the Moderated registration policy. Enter one or more email addresses to notify for moderation.
	Note: These email addresses are not validated against existing Faspex admins or managers.
Require external users to register	Force external users to register a Faspex account to download packages sent to them. External users register with the same process as self-registered users. For more information about requesting accounts, see <u>"Requesting an Account" on page 25</u> .
	Note: You must first allow users to send packages to external email addresses by selecting the Allow sending to external email addresses . For more information, see the description for the option below.
	Important: You cannot
	if you using external flag in Faspex, please do not use "require the external user to register" option. Only one option permitted at the time.
Use default registration policy for external users	Use the same registration policy you chose for self registration for external users registering accounts.
	Note: This option appears when you selected Require external users to register . You must choose a registration policy for self registration to select this option.
Registration policy for external usersIf you do not use the default registration policy, choose eitherUnmoderated.	
	• Moderated: An admin must approve the account before it is created.
	 Unmoderated: Once a user registers, his or her account is automatically created.
Terms of service for external users	Enter a statement that external users are required to accept in order to create an account. If you do not enter a statement, users are not required to accept terms of service to create an account.
Notify the following emails to approve	This field appears when you choose the Moderated registration policy. Enter one or more email addresses to notify for moderation.
external users	Note: These email addresses are not validated against existing Faspex admins or managers.
Self-registered users can send to one another	Select to allow self-registered users to send packages to other self-registered users.
	Note: Self-registered users must have permission to send to all Faspex users. If a self-registered user does not have permission to send to all Faspex users, the Self-registered users can send to one another option has no effect. For more information giving a user permission to send to all Faspex users, see "Configure User Settings" on page 167.

Important: If users are allowed to self-register, they see the **Request an account** link on the login page. After a user clicks this link and completes the form, admins are prompted under **Accounts > Pending Registrations > Actions** to **Approve** or **Deny** the account.

Outside email addresses

Configuration Option	Description
Allow inviting external senders	When Allow inviting external senders is selected, external senders (those who do not have Faspex accounts) can be invited to send a package to a user. For more information on external senders, see <u>"Allowing Users to Send to External Email Addresses" on page 79</u> .
	Important: An admin can enable or disable this feature for specific users while still retaining the server-wide setting of enabled or disabled. Go to Accounts and select the user to enable or disable this feature. For more information on this setting, see <u>"Configure User Settings" on page 167</u> .
Invitation link expires	Select to set a global policy for invitation link expiration times for personal and dropbox invitations. You can set a time in days, expire the link after one successful upload, allow users to set a custom link expiration policy, or a combination. For example, you can select both a time in days and allow users to set a custom policy. If the default policy is to expire links after 5 days, then users can set links to expire after less than 5 days but not longer than 5 days.
	Clear this option to never let invitation links expire.
Allow public URL	Allow a user to send a Public URL to users without Faspex accounts. These external users can submit packages to registered Faspex users through this public URL. For more information about Public URLs, see <u>"Configuring Public URLs" on page 80</u> .
	Select Allow public submission URLs to globally enable the feature and allow admins to configure this feature on a user-by-user basis. Set the server default to Allow or Deny .
	Tip: An admin can enable or disable this feature for specific users while still retaining the server setting.
Allow sending to external email	Select Allow sending to external email addresses to enable all Faspex users to send packages to external email addresses.
addresses	This feature is enabled by default. Select Allow sending to external email addresses to globally enable the feature and allow admins to configure this feature on a user-by-user basis. Set the server default to Allow or Deny .
	Tip: An admin can enable or disable this feature for specific users while still retaining the server setting.
Package link expires	This field appears when you select Allow sending to external email addresses.
	When enabled, the package link expire after the specified number of days.
Expire after full package download	This field appears when you select Allow sending to external email addresses.
	If this checkbox is enabled, the package link expires after one download. This is also applicable when the link is forwarded. After the first download, the files must be re-sent in a new package through Faspex for the recipient to be able to download them again.

Encryption

Configuration Options	Description
Encrypt transfers	Select to encrypt all transfers with the AES-128 encryption method. HTTP fallback transfers are also encrypted.
Use encryption-at- rest	Encryption-at-Rest (EAR) requires users, on upload, to enter a password to encrypt the files on the server. Package recipients are required to enter the encryption password to decrypt protected files as they are being downloaded. If a user chooses to keep downloaded files encrypted, they are not required to enter a password until they attempt to decrypt the files locally. Encryption-at- Rest is supported by the IBM Aspera Connect
	• Always : Always use EAR. Users must enter an encryption password when sending a password.
	• Never: Do not use EAR. This is the default setting.
	• Optional : Users may choose to encrypt when uploading a package.
	Note: This EAR setting only applies to transfers initiated through Faspex. Transfers initiated using ascp from the command line or the High Speed Transfer Server GUI are handled by the configured aspera.conf file. Transfers initiated by High Speed Transfer Server version 3.7.4 and above are encrypted with AES-128 by default. For more information on encrypting ascp transfers, see the <i>IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server Admin Guide</i> .
Allow dropboxes to have their own encryption settings	Select to allow admins to adjust Encryption-at-Rest settings for each dropbox. For more information on creating and configuring dropboxes, see <u>"Creating a</u> Dropbox" on page 88.

Important: You must click the Update button to apply and save your changes.

Securing Incoming and Outgoing Transfers

This section describes how to configure IBM Aspera Faspex to deny all transfers except for ones initiated by or sent to permitted users. This is accomplished by updating the global authorization settings for your installation of IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server (HSTS).

- 1. Go to Start menu > All Programs > Aspera > Enterprise Server > Enterprise Server and then select Configuration > Global > Authorization.
- 2. Select **Override** for both **Incoming Transfers** and **Outgoing Transfers**. Change both settings to **deny**. You can then set transfer permissions on an individual user basis using the **Users** tab.

•	Server Conf	iguration												×
	Global Grou	ps Users	VLinks	_ ,	Docroot	Authorization	Bandwidth	Netwo	ork File Handling	Database	Tran	isfer Serve	r HTTP Fallback	
L					Setting				Inherited Value	Inherited Fr	om	Override	Effective Value	
L				Ir	ncoming Tr	ransfers:			allow	Default		v	deny	•
					Incoming I	External Provide	er URL:		<none></none>	Default				
					Incoming I	External Provide	r SOAP Actio	n:	<none></none>	Default				
				0	utgoing Ti	ransfers:			allow	Default		V	deny	•
L					Outgoing	External Provide	er URL:		<none></none>	Default				
					Outgoing	External Provide	er SOAP Actio	n:	<none></none>	Default				
L					Token End	ryption Cipher:			aes-128	Default			aes-128	-

3. (Complete this step if your system is a dedicated FaspexServer and is not performing transfers with IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server or HSTS) Only allow user "faspex" within HSTS

Launch IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server by going to **Start menu > All Programs > Aspera > Enterprise Server > Enterprise Server**, and then select the **Configuration** button and **Users** tab. Ensure that *faspex* is the only user listed.

Securing Admin Login Attempts from Unknown IP Addresses

IBM Aspera Faspex admins have the ability to execute post-processing scripts on the server. In the event that an admin account is compromised, this capability can be a serious threat to your server's security. As such, Aspera strongly recommends that you update your admin user permissions in order to prevent unauthorized users from executing post-processing scripts on Faspex. You can disallow login attempts to Faspex admin accounts from unknown IP addresses.

- 1. Go to Accounts and select the admin account.
- 2. Scroll down to the **Permissions** section and enter the IP address or address range to allow in the **Allowed IP addresses for login** field.
- 3. Click Save.

Enabling Terms of Service Agreement

You can require that users agree to a Terms of Service prior to sending packages. When this option is enabled, users must select the checkbox next to a customizable Terms of Service text field before clicking **Send**. Otherwise, sending the package fails.

- 1. On the Faspex Server admin page, go to Server > Configuration > Security > Faspex Accounts.
- 2. Enter text for the Terms of Service agreement.

By entering text in the **Terms of service for sending** text box, the feature is automatically enabled. Users must accept the statement in order to send a package.

3. Click **Update** to apply your changes.

Installing a Signed SSL Certificate Provided by Authorities

In a default IBM Aspera Faspex installation, Apache generates and uses a self-signed SSL certificate. Install a signed certificate provided by authorities to secure your server.

1. Create a working directory

Go to **Start menu > All Programs > Accessories > Command Prompt** and create a new working directory:

```
> mkdir c:\ssl
> cd c:\ssl
```

2. Copy **openssl.cnf** to your working directory.

Enter the following commands in your Command Prompt window:

OS Version	Commands
32-bit Windows	> copy "c:\Program Files\Common Files\Aspera\common\apache\conf\openssl.cnf" "c:\ssl\" > cd c:\ssl
64-bit Windows	> copy "c:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\common\apache\conf\openssl.cnf" "c:\ssl\" > cd c:\ssl

3. Generate your Private Key (.key) and Certificate Signing Request (CSR) (.csr):

a) Run the following **openss1** command, where *key_name* is the name of the unique key that you are creating and *csr_name* is the name of your CSR:

\$ openssl req -new -config "c:\ssl\openssl.cnf" -nodes -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout
key_name.key -out csr_name.csr

Note: Windows does not, by default, have a C:\ssl\ directory. If the directory does not exist on your server, create the directory:

```
> mkdir c:\ssl
```

b) Configure the certificate's X.509 attributes.

Important: The Common Name field must be filled in with the fully qualified domain name of the server to be protected by SSL. If you are generating a certificate for an organization *outside of the US*, see https://www.iso.org/obp/ui/#search/code/ for a list of 2-letter, ISO country codes.

For example:

c) When prompted, you can enter extra attributes, including an optional challenge password.

Manually entering a challenge password when starting the server can be problematic in some situations (for example, when starting the server from system boot scripts). You can skip entering values for any extra attribute by hitting the Enter button.

```
Enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []:
An optional company name []:
```

After finalizing the attributes, the private key and CSR are be saved to your root directory.

Important:

- If you make a mistake when running the OpenSSL command, discard the generated files and run the command again.
- After successfully generating your key and Certificate Signing Request, secure your private key, as it cannot be re-generated.
- 4. Send CSR to your signing authority.

You now need to send your newly generated, unsigned CSR to a Certifying Authority (CA). Once the CSR has been signed, you have a real certificate. Follow the key provider's instructions to generate and submit both your private key and the Certificate Signing Request (CSR) to acquire the certificate.

Important: Some Certificate Authorities provide a Certificate Signing Request generation tool on their Website. Check with your CA for additional information.

5. If your CA returns the SSL certificates to you in PFX (.pfx) format, use the **openssl** command convert the certificates to PEM (.pem) format:

```
> openssl pkcs12 -in path/to/pfx_cert_name.pfx -nocerts -out path/to/key_name.key -nodes
> openssl pkcs12 -in path/to/pfx_cert_name.pfx -nokeys -out path/to/cert_name.crt -nodes
```

```
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```

6. Store your certificates on your server.

For example:

- my_server.crt
- my_server.key

Your certificate provider may require you to also install an Intermediate CA Certificate file. Copy the file to C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf\server-ca.crt

7. Install the SSL certificate with the following command:

```
> asctl apache:install_ssl_cert cert_file_path key_file_path [chain_file_path]
```

For example:

You can find the installed certificate and key at the following locations:

- C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf\server.crt
- C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf\server.key

Generating and Installing a New Self-Signed SSL Certificate

Generate a self-signed certificate if you don't plan on sending your certificate to be signed by a Certified Authority (CA), or if you want to test your SSL implementation while waiting for the CA to sign your certificate.

A self-signed certificate is a temporary certificate that is valid for 365 days. Self-signed certificates are not meant to be used in your production environment. Users accessing your server are warned by their browser warn them that your server is not secure.

By default, IBM Aspera Faspex uses a generated, self-signed certificate as a placeholder until you can install a certificate signed by authorities.

You can find the installed certificates at:

- C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\conf\server.crt
- C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\conf\server.key

Generate a self-signed certificate using **openssl** command, where *key_name* is the name of the unique key that you are creating and *cert_name* is the name of your certificate file:

> openssl x509 req -days 365 -in csr_name.csr -signkey key_name.key -out cert_name.crt

Regenerating Self-Signed SSL Certificate (Apache)

When you initially set up Faspex on your system a pregenerated, self-signed SSL certificate is also installed. If you have changed your Apache hostname, regenerate the self-signed certificate by following the instructions below.

1. Open a Command prompt window and run the *asctl* command.

In a command prompt window (**Start menu** > **All Programs** > **Accessories** > **Command Prompt**), run the following command to generate a new, self-signed SSL certificate for your installation of Faspex (where you will replace the HOSTNAME with your Apache server's IP address or host name):

> asctl apache:make_ssl_cert HOSTNAME

Answer **yes** when prompted to overwrite the existing certificate.

2. Confirm that your certificates are updated.

Check the following location to confirm your self-signed SSL certificates have been updated:

OS Version	File
32-bit Windows	 C:\Program Files\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf\server.crt C:\Program Files\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf\server.key
64-bit Windows	 C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf\server.crt C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf\server.key

File Encryption Options

Use Faspex and IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server together to encrypt files before they are transferred, encrypt files at the destination, and encrypt data transferred over the network.

Option	Description	Use Case	Instructions
Client-Side Encryption- at-Rest (CSEAR)	CSEAR provides end- to-end encryption on uploaded packages. When enabled, Faspex requires users to set an encryption password when uploading packages using IBM Aspera Connect. Connect encrypts the files with that password and transfers the packages to Faspex.	Give the sender complete control over who has access to the data.	Enable CSEAR by going to Server > Configuration > Security and set Use encryption-at-rest to Always. Note: Do not use CSEAR if you are validating files with IBM Aspera Validator.
	Encrypted files are given the .aspera- env extension. When a package recipient downloads these .aspera-env files, they must use the password to decrypt the files and access their contents. The sender must give the recipient the password.		
Server-Side Encryption- at-Rest (SSEAR)	SSEAR is not a Faspex feature, but an HSTS. When a user sends a package, the HSTS encrypts the transferred files at the destination using	Protect data on untrusted storage (for example, cloud storage connected to HSTS).	To enable SSEAR, see IBM Aspera High- Speed Transfer Server Admin Guide: Server- Side Encryption-at-rest (EAR).

Encryption Options

Option	Description	Use Case	Instructions
	a password defined in the aspera.conf configuration file.		
Encryption-in-Transit	Encrypt transfers using the AES-128 encryption standard.	Protect data transfer through an untrusted or insecure network.	Enable encryption-in- transit by going to Server > Configuration > Security and select Encrypt transfer.

Obfuscating File Names in Packages

For security reasons, you may want to obfuscate the names of files in your packages. The original file names are not visible in Faspex or in logs.

Faspex performs obfuscation when:

- A user initiates a transfer through Connect.
- A user initiates a transfer through the HTTP Gateway.
- A user initiates a transfer from a remote source (file storage on tethered nodes).

If enabled, Faspex obfuscates the file names of all uploaded files. In the case of a directory file structure, Faspex also obfuscates the folder name, the names of all files within the folder, and the names and files of any nested directories.

Faspex does not obfuscate the file extensions of files. For example, after obfuscation, a file with the .txt extension may be named Nqu70RqTEC2R9GHK8ISFw.txt.

Note:

- File name obfuscation when transferring through Connect requires Connect version 3.9.8 or higher. Set the minimum Connect version in Faspex to 3.9.8 (Server > Configuration > Transfer Options) if you enable file name obfuscation. Faspex does not obfuscate file names if transferring with an older version of Connect.
- File name obfuscation in Faspex is irreversible.

Configure Global File Name Obfuscation

Go to **Server > Security**. In the Obfuscation section, you can set the global option to:

- Always
- Never
- Optional

If set to **Optional**, users can choose whether to obfuscate file names at package creation time.

Adding Nodes and File Storage to Faspex

Adding a Node to Faspex

You can add multiple nodes to Faspex from the File Storage page (**Server > File Storage**). The File Storage page lists tethered nodes and file storage. File storages are directories made available to use as inboxes (locations where Faspex packages can be received and stored) or as the source from which users can choose files to include in a package.

On a fresh install, the node you configured during Faspex installation is the only tethered node, and its default storage directory, packages, is the default inbox destination.

Nodes do not have to run on the same server as the Faspex server. You can tether a remote node to Faspex. All nodes must be configured to interact with Faspex before they can be added to Faspex:

- Windows: "Setting Up a Windows Node" on page 54
- Linux: "Setting Up a Linux Node" on page 51
- OS X: "Setting Up an OS X Node" on page 56

To add a configured node to Faspex:

- 1. Go to Server > File Storage.
- 2. Click Add New Node.
- 3. Enter a unique name to identify the node.
- 4. To encrypt the connection to the node using SSL, enable the **Use SSL** checkbox.
- 5. To verify the SSL certificate, enable the Verify SSL Certificate checkbox.
- 6. Configure the following file storage details:

Field	Description		
Host	The node's hostname or IP address.		
	CAUTION: To avoid connectivity problems, do not specify a hostname that contains underscores.		
Port	The Node API port number. By default, the port is 9092.		
Username	The Node API username on the node machine.		
Password	The Node API password on the node machine.		

7. Choose the storage type for the node.

If you are connecting to a node using Windows Azure or Windows Azure SAS storage, specify which storage you are using. Otherwise, choose **Default**.

8. Test the node connection by selecting **Test Connection**.

If the connection is successful, Faspex displays: "Connection succeeded!" Otherwise, Faspex displays an error. For more information about troubleshooting the connection, see <u>"Troubleshooting File</u> Storage Errors" on page 148.

- 9. If you want to designate a primary transfer address or configure a secondary IP address to allow users to start transfers from different IP addresses, expand the **Advanced Configuration** section and see "Configuring File Storage" on page 59 for more details.
- 10. Create the node.
 - Select **Create** to simply create your node.
 - Select **Create and Add File Storage** to create your node and proceed to add file storage to your node. For more information on file storage and instructions on how to add it to your node, see "Adding File Storage to a Tethered Node" on page 58.

Setting Up a Linux Node

A *node* is any server running IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server. Aspera web applications, such as IBM Aspera Faspex, communicate with a node through the IBM Aspera Node API. When a node is added to Faspex, it is called a *tethered node*.

The instructions below assume you have already installed HSTS on your server. For instructions on installing IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server Admin Guide: Installing HSTS.

1. Aspera recommends setting up the node as the root user. If you do not have access to the root user, you must give the current system user permissions to make changes to the /opt/ aspera/etc/aspera.conf configuration file.

Change ownership of the aspera.conf file to the current system user:

chown system user:root /opt/aspera/etc/aspera.conf

2. Verify that the node is running IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server with a valid Connect Server license on your transfer server:

Run the following command:

ascp -A

In the resulting output, look for the following phrase:

Connect Server License max rate

If you need to update your transfer server license, follow the instructions in IBM Aspera Enterprise Server Admin Guide: Updating Product License.

3. Create the faspex system user account on the node.

Run the following commands to create the system user faspex.

```
# groupadd -r faspex
# useradd -r faspex -g faspex
```

4. Create and configure the **faspex** packages directory.

Run the following commands to create the **faspex_packages** directories and configure the **faspex** user directories:

```
# mkdir -p /home/faspex/faspex packages
# chown faspex:faspex /home/faspex/
# chown faspex:faspex /home/faspex/faspex_packages
```

The **asconfigurator** utility modifies the aspera.conf configuration file, located at: /opt/ aspera/etc/aspera.conf.

5. Add the user to aspera.conf and set the *docroot*.

The directory you choose for the docroot is the absolute path for the transfer user. When this node is added to Faspex, users cannot access files or folders outside of the docroot.

CAUTION: Aspera recommends that you not use spaces in your docroot. If your docroot contains spaces, you may not receive all email notifications relating to transfer activity.

Run the following **asconfigurator** command with the transfer username and the docroot path:

```
# asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;absolute,/docroot/path"
```

For example:

asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,faspex;absolute,/home/faspex/faspex_packages"

6. Set up token authorization for the user in aspera.conf.

Run the following **asconfigurator** commands to set the encryption key for the user:

```
# asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;authorization_transfer_in_value,token"
# asconfigurator -x
"set_user_data;user_name,username;authorization_transfer_out_value,token"
```

asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;token_encryption_key,encryption_key"

The encryption key can be any string of numbers. Aspera recommends a string that is at least 20 characters long. For example:

```
# asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,faspex;authorization_transfer_in_value,token"
# asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,faspex;authorization_transfer_out_value,token"
# asconfigurator -x
"set_user_data;user_name,faspex;token_encryption_key,gj5o930t78m34ejme9dx"
```

7. Set the IP address or hostname for the node in the aspera.conf file with the following **asconfigurator** command:

asconfigurator -x "set_server_data;server_name,ip_or_hostname"

For example:

asconfigurator -x "set_server_data;server_name,aspera.example.com"

8. Configure the node for HTTP and HTTPS fallback.

The fallback settings on the node must match the fallback settings on Faspex. If the settings don't match, Faspex returns a "Package creation failed" error. Set the HTTP and HTTPS ports to the ports you configured in Faspex. For more information about HTTP fallback, see <u>"Configuring HTTP and HTTPS Fallback</u>" on page 34.

```
$ asconfigurator -x "set_http_server_data;enable_http,true"
$ asconfigurator -x "set_http_server_data;http_port,8080"
$ asconfigurator -x "set_http_server_data;enable_https,true"
$ asconfigurator -x "set_http_server_data;https_port,8443"
```

Restart the **asperahttpd** service by running the following commands:

/etc/init.d/asperahttpd restart

9. Configure a HSTS transfer user account with a Node API username and password.

Faspex communicates to the HSTS transfer user account through the Node API to start transfers on the node.

For instructions on adding users to HSTS, see the *IBM* Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server Admin Guide: Setting Up Users.

a) Set up the Node API user:

```
# /opt/aspera/bin/asnodeadmin -a -u node_api_username -p node_api_passwd -x
system_username
```

Note: Aspera recommends that you use different names for the system user account and transfer user account in order to minimize confusion when tracing transactions and events.

For example:

/opt/aspera/bin/asnodeadmin -a -u node_user -p XF324cd28 -x faspex

b) Run the following command to check the system user was successfully added to **asnodeadmin**:

/opt/aspera/bin/asnodeadmin -1

Given a node user named **node_user** and a system user named **faspex**, the result should be similar to the following example:

user system/transfer user acls node user faspex

- 10. Copy the IBM Aspera Connect public key to authorized_keys to allow Connect to connect to Faspex.
 - a) If the .ssh folder does not already exist in the faspex system user's home directory, run the following command to create the folder:

mkdir -p /home/username/.ssh

For example:

mkdir -p /home/faspex/.ssh

b) If the authorized_keys file does not already exist, add the aspera_tokenauth_id_rsa.pub public key to the file by running the following command:

cat /opt/aspera/var/aspera_tokenauth_id_rsa.pub >> /home/username/.ssh/authorized_keys

c) Transfer the .ssh folder and authorized_keys file ownership to the system user by running the following commands:

```
# chown -R username:username /home/username/.ssh
# chmod 600 /home/username /.ssh/authorized_keys
# chmod 700 /home/username
# chmod 700 /home/username /.ssh
```

You can now add this node to Faspex.

Setting Up a Windows Node

A *node* is any server running IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server. Aspera web applications, such as IBM Aspera Faspex, communicate with a node through the IBM Aspera Node API. When a node is added to Faspex, it is called a *tethered node*.

The instructions below assume you have already installed HSTS on your server. For instructions on installing IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server Admin Guide: Installing HSTS.

1. Verify that the node is running IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server with a valid Connect Server license on your transfer server:

Run the following command:

```
> ascp -A
```

In the resulting output, look for the following phrase:

Connect Server License max rate

If you need to update your transfer server license, follow the instructions in *IBM Aspera Enterprise Server Admin Guide: Updating Product License.*

2. Create the faspex system user account on the node.

Click **Control Panel > User Accounts** and add a new account named faspex. This system user account is associated with the Node API account in the steps below.

After creating a Windows user account, log in as that user at least once for Windows to set up the user's home folder.

3. Create and configure the **faspex_packages** directory.

Create the following directory:

```
> cd C:\
> mkdir faspex_packages
```

The **asconfigurator** utility modifies the aspera.conf configuration file, located at: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Enterprise Server\etc\aspera.conf.

4. Add the transfer user to aspera.conf and set the *docroot*.

The directory you choose for the docroot is the absolute path for the transfer user. When this node is added to Faspex, users cannot access files or folders outside of the docroot.



CAUTION: Aspera recommends that you not use spaces in your docroot. If your docroot contains spaces, you may not receive all email notifications relating to transfer activity.

Run the following **asconfigurator** command with the transfer username and the docroot path:

> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;absolute,/docroot/path"

For example:

> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,faspex;absolute,/home/faspex/faspex_packages"

5. Set up token authorization for the user in aspera.conf.

Run the following **asconfigurator** commands to set the encryption key for the user:

> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;authorization_transfer_in_value,token"
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;authorization_transfer_out_value,token"
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;token_encryption_key,encryption_key"

The encryption key can be any string of numbers. Aspera recommends a string that is at least 20 characters long. For example:

> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,faspex;authorization_transfer_in_value,token"
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,faspex;authorization_transfer_out_value,token"
> asconfigurator -x
"set_user_data;user_name,faspex;token_encryption_key,gj50930t78m34ejme9dx"

6. Set the IP address or hostname for the node in the aspera.conf file with the following **asconfigurator** command:

> asconfigurator -x "set_server_data;server_name,ip_or_hostname"

For example:

> asconfigurator -x "set_server_data;server_name,aspera.example.com"

7. Enable HTTP and HTTPS fallback.

The fallback settings on the node must match the fallback settings on Faspex. If the settings don't match, Faspex returns a "Package creation failed" error. Set the HTTP and HTTPS ports to the ports you configured in Faspex. For more information about HTTP fallback, see <u>"Configuring HTTP and HTTPS Fallback"</u> on page 34.

> asconfigurator -x "set_http_server_data;enable_http,true" > asconfigurator -x "set_http_server_data;http_port,8080" > asconfigurator -x "set_http_server_data;enable_https,true" > asconfigurator -x "set_http_server_data;https_port,8443"

Restart the asperahttpd service. Go to **Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Services and Applications > Services**, click **Aspera HTTPD**, and click **Restart**.

8. Configure a HSTS transfer user account with a Node API username and password.

Faspex communicates to the HSTS transfer user account through the Node API to start transfers on the node.

For instructions on adding users to HSTS, see the *IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server Admin Guide: Setting Up Users*.

a) Run the following commands to set up the Node API user:

> asnodeadmin -a -u node_api_username -p node_api_passwd -x system_username

Note: Aspera recommends that you use different names for the system user account and transfer user account in order to minimize confusion when tracing transactions and events.

For example:

> asnodeadmin -a -u node_user -p XF324cd28 -x faspex

b) Run the following command to check that the system user was successfully added to **asnodeadmin**:

> asnodeadmin -1

Given a node user named node_user and a system user named faspex, the output should be:

user	system/transfer user	acls
	=======================================	
node_user	faspex	

- 9. Copy the IBM Aspera Connect public key to authorized_keys to allow Connect to connect to Faspex.
 - a) If the .ssh folder does not already exist in the system user's home directory, run the following commands to create the folder:

> cd "C:\Documents and Settings\username"
> mkdir .ssh

For example:

```
> cd "C:\Documents and Settings\faspex"
> mkdir .ssh
```

- b) If the authorized_keys file does not already exist, use a text editor to create or edit the following file: C:\Documents and Settings\username\.ssh\authorized_keys.
- c) Copy the contents of the aspera_tokenauth_id_rsa.pub (C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Enterprise Server\var\aspera_tokenauth_id_rsa.pub) public key to the file.

The file must be named "authorized_keys" without file extensions. Some text editors add a .txt extension to the filename automatically. Be sure to remove the extension if it was added to the filename.

You can now add this node to Faspex.

Setting Up an OS X Node

A *node* is any server running IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server. Aspera web applications, such as IBM Aspera Faspex, communicate with a node through the IBM Aspera Node API. When a node is added to Faspex, it is called a *tethered node*.

The instructions below assume you have already installed HSTS on your server. For instructions on installing IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server Admin Guide: Installing HSTS.

1. Verify that the node is running IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server with a valid Connect Server license on your transfer server:

Run the following command:

‡ ascp -A

In the resulting output, look for the following phrase:

Connect Server License max rate

If you need to update your transfer server license, follow the instructions in *IBM Aspera Enterprise Server Admin Guide: Updating Product License.*

- 2. Create the faspex system admin account on the node.
 - a) Go to System Preferences # Users & Groups.
 - b) Click the lock button and enter your admin credentials to make changes.
 - c) Click the add button.
 - d) Name the user faspex.
 - e) Select Administrator from the New Account drop-down menu.
 - f) Name the account.
 - g) Enter and verify a password for the account.

- h) Click Create User.
- i) Click Login Options in the users panel.
- j) Click the Join button next to Network Account Server.
- k) Click Open Directory Utility.
- l) In the Directory Utility window, click the lock button and enter an administrator account and password to make changes.
- m) From the menu bar, select Edit # Enable Root User.
- n) Enter and verify the password.
- o) Click OK.

The **asconfigurator** utility modifies the aspera.conf configuration file, located at: /Library/ Aspera/etc/aspera.conf.

3. Add the user to aspera.conf and set the *docroot*.

The directory you choose for the docroot is the absolute path for the transfer user. When this node is added to Faspex, users cannot access files or folders outside of the docroot.

CAUTION: Aspera recommends that you not use spaces in your docroot. If your docroot contains spaces, you may not receive all email notifications relating to transfer activity.

Run the following **asconfigurator** command with the transfer username and the docroot path:

asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;absolute,/docroot/path"

For example:

```
# asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,faspex;absolute,/home/faspex/faspex_packages"
```

4. Set up token authorization for the user in aspera.conf.

Run the following **asconfigurator** commands to set the encryption key for the user:

```
# asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;authorization_transfer_in_value,token"
# asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;authorization_transfer_out_value,token"
# asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;token_encryption_key,encryption_key"
```

The encryption key can be any string of numbers. Aspera recommends a string that is at least 20 characters long. For example:

```
# asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,faspex;authorization_transfer_in_value,token"
# asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,faspex;authorization_transfer_out_value,token"
# asconfigurator -x
"set_user_data;user_name,faspex;token_encryption_key,gj5o930t78m34ejme9dx"
```

5. Set the IP address or hostname for the node in the aspera.conf file with the following **asconfigurator** command:

asconfigurator -x "set_server_data;server_name,ip_or_hostname"

For example:

asconfigurator -x "set_server_data;server_name,aspera.example.com"

6. Configure the node for HTTP and HTTPS fallback.

The fallback settings on the node must match the fallback settings on Faspex. If the settings don't match, Faspex returns a "Package creation failed" error. Set the HTTP and HTTPS ports to the ports you configured in Faspex. For more information about HTTP fallback, see "Configuring HTTP and HTTPS Fallback" on page 34.

[#] asconfigurator -x "set_http_server_data;enable_http,true"
asconfigurator -x "set_http_server_data;http_port,8080"
asconfigurator -x "set_http_server_data;enable_https,true"

[#] asconfigurator -x "set_http_server_data;https_port,8443

Restart the **asperahttpd** service by running the following commands:

sudo launchctl stop com.aspera.asperahttpd
sudo launchctl start com.aspera.asperahttpd

7. Configure a HSTS transfer user account with a Node API username and password.

Faspex communicates to the HSTS transfer user account through the Node API to start transfers on the node.

For instructions on adding users to HSTS, see the *IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server Admin Guide: Setting Up Users*.

a) Run the following commands to set up the Node API user:

```
# /Library/Aspera/bin/asnodeadmin -a -u node_api_username -p node_api_passwd -x
system_username
```

Note: Aspera recommends that you use different names for the system user account and transfer user account in order to minimize confusion when tracing transactions and events.

For example:

/Library/Aspera/bin/asnodeadmin -a -u node_user -p XF324cd28 -x faspex

b) Run the following command to check the system user was successfully added to **asnodeadmin**:

/Library/Aspera/bin/asnodeadmin -1

Given a node user named **node_user** and a system user named **faspex**, the result should be similar to the following example:

```
user system/transfer user acls
node_user faspex
```

- 8. Copy the IBM Aspera Connect public key to authorized_keys to allow Connect to connect to Faspex.
 - a) If the .ssh folder does not already exist in the system user's home directory, run the following commands to create the folder:

```
# mkdir "/Users/username/.ssh"
```

For example:

mkdir "/Users/faspex/.ssh"

- b) If the authorized_keys file does not already exist, use a text editor to create or edit the following file: /Users/username/.ssh/authorized_keys.
- c) Copy the contents of the aspera_tokenauth_id_rsa.pub (/Library/Aspera/Enterprise Server/var/aspera_tokenauth_id_rsa.pub) public key to the file.

The file must be named authorized_keys without file extensions. Some text editors add a .txt extension to the filename automatically. Be sure to remove the extension if it was added to the filename.

You can now add this node to Faspex.

Adding File Storage to a Tethered Node

File storages are directories made available to use as inboxes (locations where Faspex packages can be received and stored) or as the source from which users can choose files to include in a package.

You can add file storage on both the local tethered node or on remote tethered nodes.

Only registered Faspex users can browse remote file storage. External senders are not permitted to access remote file storage. Every registered Faspex user can access all file storage, which means that you cannot limit file storage access to certain registrants. However, a registered Faspex user cannot send from remote sources unless the user account is configured to **Create packages from remote sources** and their permission settings give them access to the source.

To add file storage:

- 1. Go to Server > File Storage.
- 2. Choose a tethered node and select **Add File Storage** from the 💌 drop-down menu.
- 3. Enter a name for the file storage.
- 4. Choose the directory for the file storage. Click **Browse**, select a directory, and click **Select**. You can perform the following actions to help find the desired directory.
 - You can perform a simple search for a directory by entering it into the name field and clicking **Search**.
 - You can perform an advanced search by clicking the **Show Filters** link, and entering your criteria.
 - You can sort the directory list by **Name**, **Type**, **Largest first**, **Smallest first**, **Newest first**, or **Oldest first** in descending order.

Important: You are only able to browse within the docroot that was associated with your transfer service user and API username. The path / means the docroot, not the root directory of the node.

- 5. If the node is running a Linux operating system and you want to enable symlinks for this file storage, select **Enable linking**. This setting is ignored if the option is not supported by the node (in other words, non-Linux nodes).
- 6. If you are using this file storage as cloud storage, select **Enable cloud referencing**.

Note: For more information, see "Enabling Cloud Referencing for Package Creation" on page 61.

7. Click Create File Storage.

You should now see your tethered node and file storage listed on the File Storage page. The display shows the name and status of each node. The **Active** and **Error** links provide more detail on the node status. The display indicates which location is the current default inbox, and the permission level for access to sources in that location. By default, source directories are private.

You can configure read permissions and transfer rate limitations of your file storage by selecting the dropdown arrow next to the file storage's name and selecting **Edit**. For more information about configuring your file storage, see <u>"Configuring File Storage" on page 59</u>.

Configuring File Storage

You can configure read permissions and transfer rate limitations of your file storage. Go to **Server > File Storage**, select the drop-down arrow next to the file storage's name, and select **Edit**.

Choose Directory

Click **Browse** and select a directory in the pop-up window. Choose one of the following options:

- You can perform a simple search for a directory by entering it into the name field and clicking **Search**.
- You can perform an advanced search by clicking the **Show Filters** link, and entering your criteria.
- You can sort the directory list by **Name**, **Type**, **Largest first**, **Smallest first**, **Newest first**, or **Oldest first** in descending order.

Read Permissions

Set the read permission. Choose from one of the following options:

• **Private**: No one can use this file storage as a remote source.

- **Public**: Any user with the **Create packages from remote source** permission can use it as a remote source.
- Limited: Set a list of users who can use this file storage as a remote source. When you select Limited, Faspex displays the Custom Access Control section. Users must have the **Create packages from** remote source permission to use the file storage as a source.

File storage read permissions are set to **Private** by default.

Transfer Settings

If you want to override the default transfer settings, select **Override default transfer settings** to configure the following settings:

Initial Default Transfer Rate

Item	Default
Initial upload rate:	10000 kbps
Initial download rate:	10000 kbps

Selecting **Lock minimum rate and policy** disables the ability to adjust transfer policies or minimum transfer rates for clients accessing this file storage. (Clients are, for example, Connect and HSTS.)

Default Maximum Allowed Rate

Item	Default
Maximum upload rate:	20000 kbps
Maximum download rate:	20000 kbps

Relay Transfer Rate

Item	Default
Incoming relay rate:	45000 kbps
Outgoing relay rate:	45000 kbps

When a relay takes place between two servers with differing transfer rates, the transfer uses the smaller transfer rate between the two servers. For example, if there is a relay from server A to server B where the outgoing relay rate of server A is 20,000 kbps and the incoming relay rate of server B is 10,000 kbps, then the resulting relay transfer rate will be 10,000 kbps.

Note: Faspex uses Relay Transfer Rates for packages with files from remote sources and for relays to custom inbox or to relay destinations.

Advanced Configuration

In the Advanced Configuration options, you can specify secondary server addresses for a group of users that need to use a different address to authenticate to Faspex.

Note:

Alternate addresses support comma-delimited Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR), allowing you to specify multiple subnets or a specific range of addresses. For example:

198.51.100.24,192.168.0.0/18,10.0.0.*

Specify rules for when these secondary server addresses apply.

Use if requester's address matches: Use secondary server addresses when the user's IP address matches the given range of addresses. For example: 192.168.0.*

Use if browser hostname matches: Use secondary server addresses when the user accesses Faspex through a URL that matches the given hostnames. For example: faspex-internal.com

Set Default Server Inbox

The default server inbox is the location where Faspex stores packages uploaded to the server.

- 1. Go to Server > File Storage.
- 2. Select your desired inbox under the **Default Inbox** column.

On a fresh install, the default inbox is the **packages** directory on the tethered node. You can change the default inbox to any file storage directory on any active node. If the node's connection status is **Error**, the option is be grayed out and not selectable.

3. Click Update.

Related tasks

"Adding a Node to Faspex" on page 50

Enabling Cloud Referencing for Package Creation

Cloud referencing links package files to source files in the cloud instead of copying source files to create a package.

Important:

- The source and destination of a package must be in the same cloud storage attached to an HST Server running in the cloud, or attached to the Aspera on Cloud Transfer Service (if compatible).
- Faspex currently supports file storages run by these cloud providers:
 - AWS (S3)
 - Azure
- 1. Go to **Server > File Storage** and edit the file storage of the remote cloud service node. Select **Enable** cloud referencing.
- 2. Enable trap links for the remote storage. For example, on Azure nodes, edit /opt/aspera/etc/trapd/azure.properties and set aspera.session.support.symlink = true.

```
# Defines whether symlink support is wished
# Default is false
aspera.session.support.symlink = true
```

Enable the configuration changes by running:

\$ sudo service asperatrapd restart

Note: When creating a package, both the source and the default inbox need to be on the same cloud node for the cloud referencing feature to work.

3. Enable specific users to create packages from remote sources.

Go to **Accounts** and click the name of the user. Under Permissions, select **Create packages from remote sources** to enable the feature for that user.

Creating and Managing User Accounts

Creating a New Faspex User

These instructions demonstrate how to create local user accounts. For information on adding directory service users or groups, see "Working with Directory Services (DS)" on page 98.

1. Go to Accounts.

- 2. Click **New User** or select **Faspex User** from the **Add Account** drop-down menu if directory services are enabled.
- 3. Enter a username in the **Login** field.

If an admin creates a user with the same username and email address as an external user, Faspex merges the external user with this new account. If the new user shares only an email address with the external user, the two accounts are not merged. For more information about external users, see "Working with External Senders" on page 79.

Important: Usernames cannot contain semi-colons.

- 4. Enter a valid email address. Faspex uses this email address for email notifications.
- 5. If you want to manually set the account password, select **Set password**. Enter and confirm a password. The password must conform to current server password requirements.

By default, Faspex enforces the creation of strong passwords. Faspex defines strong passwords as passwords that are at least six characters long, with at least one letter, one number, and one symbol. You can disable strong passwords by going to **Server > Security** and disabling the **Use strong passwords** option.

6. Optional: Edit Additional Permissions.

Click the **Edit Additional Permissions** link at the bottom of the form to access additional user settings. These settings include the following:

- Account Details
- Permissions
- Package Deletion
- Advanced Transfer Settings
- Welcome E-mail

For more information on specific settings, see "Configure User Settings" on page 167.

7. When finished with the configuration, click Create Account.

Unless disabled by an admin, Faspex sends a welcome email to every new account. The email includes a reset password link and a login link for users that already know their password. The password reset link in the welcome email expires after one week. Admins can disable the welcome email by going to **Server > Configuration > Security** and disabling the **Send welcome email to all new users** option.

If you manually set a password, provide the account credentials to the user.

Managing Faspex Users

You can edit, manage and remove IBM Aspera Faspex user accounts from the Accounts menu.

Editing a Faspex Account

Clicking the account name opens the Edit User page for the account. For more information, see <u>"Configure User Settings" on page 167</u>. In addition, the Edit User page includes the **Workgroup Memberships**, **Change Password**, and **Reset Password** links. For more information, see <u>"Changing or Resetting a User's</u> Password" on page 63.

Sorting or Filtering Accounts

To sort users, click the header bar to sort them. For example, by clicking **Login**, you can sort all accounts alphabetically by account name. Click again to sort in reverse order.

You can also use the filter controls to search for users or restrict display of users of a certain type. The filter searches through the following fields:

- First name
- Last name

- Username
- Email
- Description

To search, enter keywords in the Filter field or select a user type from the drop menu.

Note: You can also sort or filter accounts by custom fields. For more information on setting up custom fields, see <u>"Configuring Custom User Fields" on page 65</u>.

Activating, Deactivating, or Removing Faspex Accounts

- To activate users, select one or more accounts on the user listing page and click **Actions** > **Activate**.
- To deactivate users, select one or more accounts on the user listing page and click **Actions** > **Deactivate**.
- To remove users, select one or more accounts on the user listing page and click **Actions** > **Remove**.

Note: A user account must be active for the user to log in to Faspex In the user account list, inactive accounts are shown in gray.

Changing or Resetting a User's Password

Changing a User's Password

Go to **Accounts** and click the username of the user you want to edit. Click the **Change/Reset Password** link.

Enter and confirm a password. The password must conform to current server password requirements. By default, Faspex enforces the creation of strong passwords. Faspex defines strong passwords as passwords that are at least six characters long, with at least one letter, one number, and one symbol. You can disable strong passwords by going to **Server > Security** and disabling the **Use strong passwords** option.

Resetting a User's Password

Go to **Accounts** and click the username of the user you want to edit. Click the **Change/Reset Password** link. Confirm when prompted to send the user an email notification allowing them to log in and change their password with a password reset link. The password reset link expires after one hour.

Reactivating an Inactive Account

A user account can become inactive if an admin deactivates the user or the user account has been locked because an incorrect password was entered too many times. An inactive or locked account cannot be logged into and its password cannot be reset by clicking **Forgot my password** from the login page.

1. Go to Accounts.

In your list of accounts, you may see users that are Active, Inactive, Pending approval, or Locked. You can reactivate inactive and locked accounts. For more information on pending accounts, see "Approving or Denying Pending Registrations" on page 113.

Status
Active
Locked
Pending approval
Inactive

- 2. Click the name of the user account you want to reactivate.
- 3. Under the user account's Account Details section, select **Account activated**. The user can now login to this account using the existing password.
- 4. You can reactivate an account by selecting Account activated or by changing the user's password.

You can also reactivate an account by changing the user's password. For instructions on changing a user's password, see "Changing or Resetting a User's Password" on page 63.

User Roles

An IBM Aspera Faspex user's permissions are defined by its specific user settings and its user role. Admins assign user roles to an account when creating a new account or when configuring an account's permissions. For more information on configuring an accounts permissions, see <u>"Configure User Settings"</u> on page 167.

User accounts can have the following roles:

- Admin
- Manager
- User
- Workgroup Admin

To set permissions for an account in Faspex, go to **Accounts** for a list of existing users. Click the name of the account you want to change permissions for and choose the desired role.

Tip: You can also define a user as a workgroup admin. This role is assigned and managed from **Workgroups**, whereas the other user roles are assigned and managed from **Accounts**. For more information, see "Working with Workgroups" on page 84.

User

All users can send packages through Faspex. Normal users typically do not manage other users or workgroups.

Manager

The manager role gives a user permissions to manage other Faspex accounts. Managers can create, edit, or delete workgroups and regular users. However, they cannot create new managers, edit admin accounts, or promote another user to admin or manager roles. Managers do not have access to the **Server** tab, nor can they change the Faspex server configuration (a privilege limited to admins).

Tip: Assigning the manager role to users allows you to separate server administration and account administration, delegating the burden of administration to two different groups.

Admin

Admins can configure Faspex from the **Server** tab. They can create, edit, and delete every type of Faspex user (admins, managers, and regular users) as well as create, edit, or delete workgroups.

Workgroup Admins

The workgroup admin role is assigned and managed when configuring Workgroups. not from a user's account settings. For details, see <u>"Working with Workgroups" on page 84</u>. A user can be designated as a "workgroup admin" (by a Faspex admin or manager). Workgroup admins manage specific workgroups according to the permissions set for that role in that workgroup.

Configuring Custom User Fields

Admins can create additional custom fields for a user to fill out when creating a new IBM Aspera Faspex user. Custom fields can be required or optional. You can view information gathered by these custom fields on the **Accounts** page and you can use these fields to sort and filter user accounts. Custom fields are also used to configure SAML. For more information on SAML, see "SAML and Faspex" on page 100.

Note: Custom user fields do not apply to Directory Service users.

- 1. To create custom fields, go to **Server > User Profile**.
- 2. Click the Add User Profile Field button to create additional custom fields to a maximum of five fields.
- 3. Configure the custom field. The following section describes configuration options for a custom field:

Configuration Option	Description
Enabled	Select this box to enable or disable the custom field. (Fields are enabled by default.)
Name	Enter the desired name of your custom field into the text box. This field applies to Local users.
Required	Require new users to fill out the field. Clearing the box makes the field optional. (Fields are required by default.)
\otimes	Click the \bigotimes button to delete a field. Faspex opens a pop-up that prompts you to confirm by clicking OK to delete the field.
	Note: Deleting a field permanently deletes the custom field and all its data from all existing users.

4. Click Save Fields.

To view your custom fields, go to **Accounts**. Click the **Toggle Columns** button and select the fields you want displayed.

Configuring Account Preferences

Click the profile icon in the top-right of the banner and select **Account** from the drop-down menu. You can change your Faspex account preferences including language, notification options, and password. You can also manage your contacts and distribution lists.

Updating Email and Connect Settings

Click the profile icon in the banner and select **Account** from the drop-down menu and go to **Preferences** to update your Faspex email preferences and Connect settings.

Email Settings

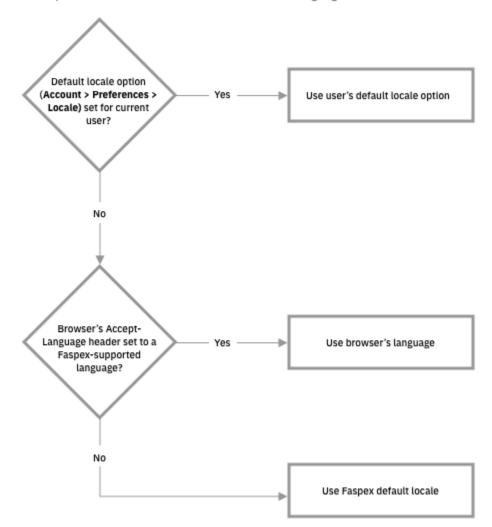
Option	Description
E-mail	Enter your email address to receive electronic notifications from Faspex. Admins have the ability to disable users from changing their email addresses. For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u> .
Upload notifications	If you would like to be notified (via email) after you have uploaded a package successfully, select Upload notification and input your faspex account. Notify additional users from your contacts list by clicking the + button.
Download notifications	If you would like to be notified (via email) after recipients download your package successfully, select this feature and enter your faspex account. Notify additional users from your contacts list by clicking the + button.
Email me when I receive a package	Select to be notified when new packages are received.
Email me when I download a package	Select to be notified when new packages are downloaded.
Include me in workgroup notifications for packages I send	Select to be notified when a workgroup receives your packages.

Misc

Option	Description
Disable Aspera Connect plugin	Prevent Faspex from checking for and using IBM Aspera Connect. When Connect is disabled, Faspex uses the HTTP Gateway service instead.
Max rows per page	For a package or an account list, set how many rows are displayed per page.
Enable public URL	Note: This field and checkbox does not appear if (1) Public URLs are disabled server-wide or (2) Public URLs have been disabled for this particular user.
	A public URL allows external senders to submit packages to registered users and dropboxes. External senders no longer need to be individually invited to submit a package, although that functionality still exists. For more information, see <u>"Enabling and Sharing your Public URL" on page 81</u> .
	You can enable or disable the Enable public URL feature for your account, as long as Public URLs are allowed by your admin.

Changing Your Language

Change your default language to another supported language.



How Faspex determines on a user-to-user basis the language to use for the web UI:

- 1. Click the profile icon in the top-right of the banner and select **Account** from the drop-down menu.
- 2. Under **Locale**, select your language from the drop-down menu.
- 3. Click Update Preferences.

Changing Your Password

Change your account password.

- 1. Click the profile icon in the top-right of the banner and select **Account** from the drop-down menu.
- 2. Go to the Change Password tab.
- 3. Enter your current password in the **Old Password** field.
- 4. Enter and confirm a new password.

By default, the requirement is a strong password that contains at least six characters (with a minimum of one letter, one number and one symbol).

5. Click Change Password.

Editing Contacts

Whenever you send packages to an external email address, Faspex automatically saves the email address in your contact list.

If your account has also been configured with **Keep user directory private** set to **Yes**, each recipient of your packages and each sender that sends a package to your account is automatically added to your contact list.

To remove contacts:

- 1. Click the profile icon in the top-right of the banner and select **Account** from the drop-down menu.
- 2. Go to the Edit Contacts tab.
- 3. Click the **Remove** link for each contact you want to remove.

Creating a Personal Distribution List

You can configure personal distribution lists to send packages to a list of email addresses and Faspex users. Each distribution list consists of a comma-separated list of email addresses or Faspex usernames.

On the Edit Distribution Lists page, you can create, edit, or delete personal distribution lists. Although you cannot edit global distribution lists, you can duplicate the list and then edit the duplicated list. For more information on creating and editing global distribution lists, see <u>"Creating a Global Distribution List" on page 117</u>.

To create a new list:

- 1. Click the profile icon in the top-right of the banner and select **Account** from the drop-down menu.
- 2. Go to the Edit Distribution Lists tab.
- 3. Click Add New Distribution List or Duplicate a global list.
- 4. Name the distribution list.

Do not give your personal distribution list the same name as a user account or workgroup name.

Do not give your personal distribution list same name as a global distribution list, unless you want Faspex to use personal list instead of the global list when sending a package.

- 5. Enter up to 50 contacts. You can:
 - Type email addresses or Faspex usernames into the Contacts field.
 - Click 🕂 to import contacts from your Faspex contacts list.
 - Click the Browse button to upload contacts from a CSV file.

Note: The CSV file must include a single column containing only email addresses.

You cannot send packages to a distribution list if any recipient in the list is an invalid user. For example, if a user is an external user and the option to send to external users is disabled, the external user is considered invalid and package sending fails.

If the admin enables the **Ignore invalid recipients** option, package sending does not fail even if the list contains an invalid user. Faspex skips any invalid user and delivers the package to all valid recipients in the list. (Go to **Server > Security** and, under the Faspex accounts section, select **Ignore invalid recipients**.)

Note: To send explicitly to external users, you must append (external) to the email address (or Faspex automatically expands the email to existing Faspex users or creates a Faspex user for the email. For example, to send to faspex_user@example.com, add faspex_user@example.com (external) to the distribution list. For more information on email expansion, see <u>"Package Recipient</u> Expansion by Email Address" on page 76.

The items in the list are not validated until you try to send a package to the list.

6. Click **Create**.

After creating a distribution list, the list appears on the Editing Distribution Lists page. You can edit the name and contacts list, or import contacts by clicking **Import Contacts from CSV**. After making changes, click **Update Distribution Lists** to save the changes. You can also delete distribution lists by clicking the **Delete** link for the list.

Check Data Usage and Sender Quota Limit

If sender quotas are enabled, you can check your sender quota limit and the amount of data you've sent in your personal preferences.

Click the profile icon in the banner and select **Account** from the drop-down menu. Go to **Sender Quota**.

The page shows your remaining available data in the current rolling period and the quota limit set for your account. When the remaining available data drops to zero, you cannot send packages until the rolling period expires and your available data is reset.

Transferring Files

Faspex and Connect

Transfers initiated in the IBM Aspera Faspex web application are conducted using the IBM Aspera Connect Browser Plug-in. The Connect Plug-In is an install-on-demand web browser plug-in that facilitates high-speed uploads and downloads with an Aspera transfer server.

The Connect Install Dialog

When a user first logs in, Faspex checks if Connect has been installed on their browser. If they have an outdated version or do not have the plug-in installed, Faspex prompts the users to download and install the plug-in.

Clicking **Download latest version** connects the user to Aspera's CloudFront CDN from which they can download the Connect installer.

Transfers with HTTP Gateway Service

You can choose to use the HTTP Gateway service instead of Connect to make transfers using Faspex. For more information about transferring with HTTP Gateway, see <u>"Using HTTP Gateway Instead of IBM</u> Aspera Connect" on page 79.

Serving Connect Locally

If you are operating within a closed system, you may want to host the IBM Aspera Connect installers and plug-ins for locally rather than having the downloads served from Aspera's CloudFront CDN. This also enables you to enforce a certain version of the Connect plug-in. you can host the IBM Aspera Connect Plug-in SDK installers locally. For more information on serving the Connect plug-in locally, see <u>"Serving</u> Connect Locally" on page 77.

The Activity Window

In the Activity window, you can view and manage all transfer sessions.

Acti	ivity - IBM Aspera Connect	- .		×
	IMG_6695.gif			
			9 C) ()
	Done			
	IMG_6696.gif			
	C:/Users/aspera_windows10/Downloads/IMG_6696.gif		96	
	Downloading 18.0 / 100.0 MB (43.76 Mbps) - 0:43 remaining		0:47 ela	apsed
			Clea	r list

The Activity window contains the following controls:

- 😔 Open the Transfer Monitor. For more information on this feature, see Monitoring Transfers.
- 🙆 Open the folder on your computer that contains this content.
- • Stop the transfer.
- 🕑 Resume a stopped transfer, or retry a failed transfer.

When the queuing option is enabled, the number of concurrent transfers is limited. The additional transfers are queued in the Activity window and initiated when a transfer is finished. You can manually start a queued transfer by clicking the \odot button. You can also right-click on a started or stopped transfer to access various controls. The example below shows the right-click options for a stopped transfer.

G Activity - IBM As	pera Connect			×
IMG_6695.	gif			
Stopped	Resume Remove Show in Transfer Monitor Open containing folder Go to "http://demo.asperasoft.com/aspera/user/?B=% Clear list	2Faspera	a-test-dir	

Monitoring Transfers

Connect lets you monitor and adjust file transfer speed from the Transfer Monitor window. To monitor a transfer session shown in the Activity window, click the \bigcirc icon shown with the session. The Transfer Monitor opens:

🤤 Transfer Monitor		– 🗆 X
10GB C:/tmp/10GB		
Downloading 2.9 / 1	0.0 GB (58.90 Mbps) - 17:19 remaining	(). (•) 7:57 elapsed
	100.00 Mbps	
60.57 Mbps		
2		
0 bps		
Fair		•

The following controls are available in this window:

- 🙆 Open the folder on your computer that contains this content.
- • Stop the transfer.
- 🕑 Resume a stopped transfer, or retry a failed transfer.

If you have sufficient server privileges and your transfer server is configured to allow it, you can adjust or set your desired transfer rate, minimum transfer rate, and rate policy. However, actual performance is subject to the available bandwidth on your network as well as the transfer settings on your server:

- Target transfer rate To adjust the transfer rate, locate and select the upper slider 1 on the left side of the graph and move it up or down to change the desired rate. Note that the actual rate depends on several factors.
- Minimum transfer rate To set the minimum transfer speed, locate and select the bottom slider on the left side of the graph and move it up or down to set the desired rate. The actual minimum rate depends on several factors.
- Transfer policy Select the transfer policy from the drop-down list at the bottom of the window. Note that your specified rate policy may be subject to external limitations:

Fixed

The transfer transmits data at a rate equal to the target rate, although this may impact the performance of other traffic present on the network.

High

The transfer rate is adjusted to use the available bandwidth up to the maximum rate.

Fair

The transfer attempts to transmit data at a rate equal to the target rate. If network conditions do not permit that, it transfers at a rate lower than the target rate, but no less than the minimum rate.

Low

The transfer rate is less aggressive than Fair when sharing bandwidth with other network traffic. When congestion occurs, the transfer rate is decreased to the minimum rate, until other traffic retreats.

• Additional options – Right-clicking in the area above the graph opens the same menu as doing so in the Activity window, giving options such as stop or remove transfers, and open the transfer's containing folder.

Sending a New Package

When a local transfer is initiated, IBM Aspera Faspex prompts IBM Aspera Connect to start a session. You must allow the Connect to run in order to send packages with Faspex.

Note: Remote transfers do not prompt the Connect.

1. Go to New Package.

Note: If the **New Package** button opens a drop-down menu, choose **Normal Package**. Other options send packages to your dropboxes. For more information about dropboxes, see <u>"Working</u> with Dropboxes" on page 88.

- 2. Specify package recipients in the following fields:
 - Enter the package recipients on the To line. A recipient can be any one of the following:
 - A Faspex account name.
 - The email address of an external user (if this is permitted for your account). For more information on sending to external users, see <u>"Allowing Users to Send to External Email Addresses" on page</u> 79.
 - A workgroup name, which begins with an asterisk (*).
 - A name of a distribution list.

Note: Valid delimiters when entering multiple recipients are commas (,) and semi-colons (;).

You can also add recipients from your contact list by clicking the + button. The contact list shows the Faspex users, workgroups, and distribution lists you can access.

If you are permitted to send packages to external email addresses, Faspex saves the external email address to your contact list when you send files to a new address. To remove an email address from your contact list, go to **Account > Edit Contacts**.

Note: For recipient fields, Faspex automatically converts email address to existing Faspex users with the corresponding email addresses. For more information, see <u>"Package Recipient Expansion by</u> Email Address" on page 76.

- 3. If you want to send packages as a BCC (blind carbon-copy), click **Show Private Recipients** and enter Faspex account names, external email addresses (if allowed), or distribution lists in the **To (private)** field.
- 4. Specify recipients of CC notifications in the following fields:

Option	Description	Triggered Email Template
CC Upload You can notify others when packages are uploaded by enabling this field and entering Faspex account names or email addresses.		• Upload Result CC
	You cannot enter workgroups in these fields. To hide CC options, click Hide CC .	
CCYou can notify others when packages are downloaded by enabling this field and entering Faspex account names or email addresses.		• Package Downloaded CC
	You cannot enter workgroups in these fields. To hide CC options, click Hide CC .	

Option	Description	Triggered Email Template
CC Receipt	If your account has Allow editing of receipt addresses on package creation enabled, you can add Faspex users or email address to the CC Receipt list. These users and email addresses receive the same notifications as the package sender regarding this transfer. If an admin has included CC Receipt recipients for your account, the CC Receipt field is auto-populated with those accounts and emails. If allowed to edit, you can modify that list.	 Package Received CC Package Sent CC Package Downloaded CC Upload Result CC

Note: Valid delimiters when entering multiple recipients are commas (,) and semi-colons (;).

Admins can configure CC notification templates by going to **Server > Notifications**. For additional information, see "Notifications".

- 5. Enter a package title.
- 6. Fill out custom metadata fields added by the admin.

Faspex allows the admin to add custom metadata fields to the New Package form. For more information on custom metadata, see "Faspex Metadata" on page 132.

7. Schedule package delivery by selecting a **Release Policy** option.

Faspex users can specify when uploaded packages are delivered. External submitters do not have this option. The following three policies are available:

- Release Now: Deliver the package as soon as it is uploaded (default).
- **Release Later Set Date Now**: Delay delivery and set a delivery time. Click in the **Release Date** text box to open the date and time setting popup.
- Release Later Set Date Later: Delay delivery and set a delivery time later. Packages that are created with this option are listed in **Pending Packages** with the option to **Set now** under **Send Date**.

Delayed delivery can be used to stagger package delivery, moderating the load on the Faspex server if there are many recipients, or to prepare the package but wait to deliver until the desired release date.

Packages that are created with a **Release Later** option are listed on the **Pending** page. The send date or **Set now** is listed in the **Send Date** column. You can edit the send date by clicking on it. For more information, see <u>"Managing Pending Packages" on page 74</u>.

8. If enabled by an admin, and if you want to obfuscate the file names in your package, select **Use obfuscation on filenames**.

If enabled, Faspex obfuscates the file names of all uploaded files. In the case of a directory file structure, Faspex also obfuscates the folder name, the names of all files within the folder, and the names and files of any nested directories.

Faspex does not obfuscate the file extensions of files. For example, after obfuscation, a file with the .txt extension may be named Nqu70RqTEC2R9GHK8ISFw.txt.

Note:

- File name obfuscation when transferring through Connect requires Connect version 3.9.8 or higher. Set the minimum Connect version in Faspex to 3.9.8 (Server > Configuration > Transfer Options) if you enable file name obfuscation. Faspex does not obfuscate file names if transferring with an older version of Connect.
- File name obfuscation in Faspex is irreversible.
- 9. If enabled by an admin, and if you want to secure your packages, enable the encryption-at-rest feature for this transfer.

Select **Use encryption-at-rest** to encrypt the package's contents on the server. If enabled, recipients are required to decrypt the package with a password to access its contents. For more information about encryption, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u>.

10. If enabled by an admin, set package expirations for the package.

Select from one of the following auto-deletion rules:

- Do nothing: Do not auto-delete after the package is downloaded.
- **Delete files after any recipient downloads all files**: Delete after *any* recipient downloads *all* files in the package once.

Important: When this option is selected, a forwarded package can be potentially deleted before the original recipient has downloaded it. Thus, proceed with caution when selecting this option.

• Delete files after all recipients download all files: Delete if *all* files in the package have been downloaded by *all* recipients.

For more information about package expiration, see "Changing the Package Directory" on page 83.

11. Select your content source if your Faspex account is allowed to create packages from remote sources.

Select your content source from the **Source** drop-down list. For example, select whether to create a package from files on your local computer, another computer, or cloud storage.

Important: Outside submitters are not be able to create packages from remote sources.

- 12. Select content to include in your package.
 - Browse for files: Upload specified files to Faspex.
 - Browse for folders: Upload specified folders to Faspex.
 - Drag-and-drop: Drag files and folders to the browser to upload files. ¹
- 13. To prevent recipients from downloading this package over HTTP (HTTP Gateway or HTTP fallback), select **Prevent HTTP download for this package**.
- 14. If transfers through HTTP Gateway is enabled, select (from the **Transfer With** drop-down menu) whether Faspex should use HTTP Gateway or Connect for the transfer.
- 15. Click Send Package when you are finished.

Depending on your Package Storage settings, file packages sent from Faspex are either stored on the server for a specified duration or until they are manually deleted. You can find your sent packages by going to the tab **Sent** in the Faspex menu.

You can shorten the list of packages by archiving or deleting packages. If the option is available, click the **Delete** button or the **Archive** button. To locate archived packages, click **View Full History**.

Note: Only global admins and workgroup admins can archive packages. Regular workgroup members cannot archive packages.

Managing Pending Packages

When package delivery is delayed, you can view pending packages on the **Pending** page of the Faspex UI.

¹ The drag-and-drop capability is not supported on some platforms. See the IBM Aspera Faspex Release Notes for the feature support matrix.

🚱 aspera faspo	ex server					Hi admin	<u>Account</u> <u>Sign out</u>
New Package 🔻	Received	Sent	Pendir	ng W	orkgroups	s Accou	nts Server
Pending Packages	<u>View Full H</u>	istory					Search
Recipients	Title	<u>Send</u> Date	<u>Upload</u> <u>Date</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Files</u>	Status	Action
proceipe per auch co	<u>Revisions</u> <u>you</u> requested	<u>Jun 28</u>	3:52 PM	4.2 MB	1	Complete	<u>Archive</u> <u>Delete</u>
president contract of	Proofs 6- 16-2017	<u>Set Now</u>	3:48 PM	5.7 MB	2	Complete	Archive Delete
Archive All							

Edit or Set the Send Date

To update or set the package date, click the link in **Title** or **Send Date** column. In the **Send Date** field, click **Edit** to set or edit the send date, or **Release Now** to send the package immediately.

Archive One or All Pending Packages

If you are logged in as an admin, you can hide some or all pending packages from your **Pending Packages** view. To hide a single package, click **Archive** in that row. To hide all pending packages, click **Archive All**. You can view archived pending packages by clicking **View Full History**.

Delete a Pending Package

If you decide you do not want to send a package and want to delete it, click **Delete** to completely remove the package and its contents from the Faspex server.

Viewing and Downloading Packages

- 1. View your received packages.
 - Download a package you received: Go to **Received**.
 - Download a package you sent: Go to Sent.
 - Download any package sent through Faspex: Go to Server > Packages.

Tip: Admins can shorten their received packages list by moving packages into archive. To do so, click the **Archive** link within the corresponding package row (under the Action column). To locate archived packages, click **View Full History** link.

2. Optional: Sort your packages.

In the packages list, you can click the header bar links to sort your packages. For example, when clicking **Sender**, all packages are sorted alphabetically by sender's name.

HeaderDescriptionDownloads Full/
PartialThe number of times the corresponding package has been fully or partially
downloaded.Files on Server?States whether the package is currently stored on the server:

Three additional columns exist when viewing all packages sent through Faspex:

Header	Description
	 yes: All files in the package have been uploaded. partial: Some of the files in the package have been uploaded. deleted: The package and its files have been deleted from the server.
Action	If you see an active <u>Delete</u> hyperlink, click it to delete the corresponding package from the server. If the package has already been deleted from the server, the entire row is grayed out and the field Files on Server? displays deleted .

Important: You can also perform a batch deletion for packages that are older than "X" number of days. To do so, scroll to the bottom of the packages list and enter the number of days in the **for packages [#] days or older** field. The number is set to 30 days, by default. Click **Delete files** to proceed with the deletion.

3. Click the 🖤 button to download a package.

Faspex prompts the IBM Aspera Connect to start a session. When the Confirm window appears, click **Allow** to begin.

Note: When downloading an encrypted package, the Connect prompts the user for a passphrase. The Connect also prompts for a passphrase if the package contains any **.aspera-env** files within the folder hierarchy, even if the package also contains unencrypted files or files encrypted with different passphrases. If you choose to keep downloaded files encrypted, you do not need to enter a password until you attempt to decrypt the files locally.

Package Recipient Expansion by Email Address

Faspex automatically converts email addresses in recipient fields to existing Faspex users associated with the same email addresses. If there are multiple users associated with an email address, the address expands to all matching users. If a user exists whose username is the entered email address, the email address is not expanded and the package or notification is sent to that user only.

Faspex expands emails in the following fields:

- New package To field
- New package CC Upload field
- New package CC Download field
- New package CC Recipients field
- Distribution lists Contacts field

Package Recipient Expansion with External users

When creating a new package, if the sender enters an email address in the To field, Faspex detects whether there are existing Faspex users associated with the entered email and handles entered email addresses in one of the following ways:

- If there are existing users, the To field suggestions drop-down is auto-populated with the Faspex users that the sender has permissions to send to.
- If there are no existing users or the sender does not have permissions to send to any existing users, the To field does not display any suggestions. If the sender sends to the email address anyway, Faspex notifies that the sender does not have adequate permissions.
- If there are no existing Faspex users share the email address and the sender is allowed to send to external email addresses, Faspex automatically creates a new external user with the email address.

If you explicitly append **(external)** to an entered email address (for example, faspex_user@example.com(external)), Faspex does not check for the associated users and transfers the package to the external email address. For more information on sending to external users, see "Allowing Users to Send to External Email Addresses" on page 79.

Package Details

You can view details for any sent or received package on the Package Details page. To open the Package Details page:

- Go to **Received** and click on a package name.
- Go to **Sent** and click on a package name.
- Go to **Server** > **Packages** and click on a package name.
- Go to **Workgroups**, select your workgroup or dropbox, and click on a package name.

Note: If you do not see the Workgroups tab, you do not have access to any workgroups or dropboxes.

The Package Details page displays the following information:

🗛 😺 Package - File	Type Comparison	<u>Return to List</u>	B Forward	Package Details ဝ
				Status: Complete
From:	admin			Size: 93.7 KB
To:	asp1, asp2			Files: 1
Cc (on download):	admin,			Upload stats:
Date sent:	10/28/15 11:31 AM			Elapsed: less than 5 seconds
D Company Name:	Aspera			Average rate: 7.1 Mbps
Note:				
				Full Package Downloads: 0
Browse and Down	load Contents or Do	wnload Entire Pac	:kage	Partial Package Downloads: 0
				Partial Package Downloads: 0
Path: / PKG - File Type C	omparison			
Name		1	Size	Active Downloads: 0
📄 🔳 📄 jpeg-n-png-123	-photo.jpg		93.7 KB	
Download selected Sel	ect: <u>All</u> , <u>None</u>			<u>More Details</u>

Item	Name	Description
А	Download Icon	Click the icon to download the complete package.
В	Forward	If package forwarding is permitted for your account, click the link to forward this package.
С	Package Details	The package's information and download activity.
D	Package Note and Metadata	The package's note and metadata, if any. For more information on metadata, see <u>"Faspex Metadata" on page 132</u> .
E	Browse and Download Contents	Navigate into folders in this package, or select folders and files to download.

Serving Connect Locally

You may want to host your own IBM Aspera Connect SDK for your applications rather than having the downloads served from Aspera's CloudFront CDN. This also enables you to make users download the Connect plug-in from a server of your choice.

Note: If you choose to locally serve connect, you must manually update your Connect plug-in version to support the latest Faspex features. Different versions of Faspex require a different minimum version of the Connect plug-in. You can check the minimum Connect plug-in version of your Faspex by going to **Server > Transfer Options** and looking under Aspera Connect Version.

- 1. Download the Connect SDK zip file from the <u>IBM API Hub</u> and unzip the folder into a temporary location.
- 2. Create this folder: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\public\connect
- 3. Extract the Connect SDK to the connect folder.
- 4. In the Faspex UI, go to Server > Configuration > Transfer Options and select Locally host Connect.

Using Faspex with the HTTP Gateway Service

The HTTP Gateway is a service that allows a client to download files from and upload files to a HSTS node without using IBM Aspera Connect. If configured, Faspex users can choose to use HTTP Gateway instead of Connect for transfers.

Enabling the HTTP Gateway Service

Provide Faspex with the URL to your configured HTTP Gateway service.

Note: HTTP Gateway is a standalone product that has separate documentation. For instructions on installing and configuring HTTP Gateway, see the *IBM Aspera HTTP Gateway Admin Guide*.

To enable HTTP Gateway transfers in Faspex:

1. Go to **Server > Transfer Options** and enter the URL (with namespace /aspera/http-gwy/v1) of your HTTP Gateway.

For example: https://http_gateway.example.com/aspera/http-gwy/v1

2. Click Update preferences.

Faspex users can choose to use HTTP Gateway for downloads by selecting **Disable Aspera Connect plugin** in their account preferences.

Limitations

HTTP Gateway-based transfers are limited by the same limitations of HTTP/HTTPS transfers and the native download manager of the client's web-browser.

General Limitations

- Since uploads and downloads leverage HTTP/HTTPS between the web browser and HTTP Gateway, the transfer performance depends on the performance of HTTP/HTTPS, which can be affected by distance between clients and servers, and by other network-related issues. For this reason, IBM Aspera highly recommends following best practice by deploying HTTP Gateway as close as possible to end users.
- Empty (0-byte) files are not supported for uploads and downloads.
- HTTP Gateway does not support resuming transfers.

Download Limitations

When downloading more than one file, HTTP Gateway bundles the files in-memory. Bundling the files allows end users to download multiple files at once as one archive. Bundling the files also allows preserving a directory structure in the archive.

The total size of the archive cannot be communicated to the web browser, because files are bundled and transferred in-memory. Therefore, the download manager cannot show progress based on the total size.

Upload Limitations

• Since web browsers do not have an upload manager, IBM Aspera provides an upload mechanism through a JavaScript SDK. The upload mechanism allows sending multiple files as chunks, allowing the web page implementing the SDK to send large amounts of data. Because the web page sends the chunked data in the background, the user must stay on the same web page until the upload finishes.

Note: You can find the JavaScript SDK documentation on the IBM Developer website.

• HTTP Gateway supports uploading only files and not directories.

Using HTTP Gateway Instead of IBM Aspera Connect

Use HTTP Gateway instead of Connect to transfer files.

Note: If HTTP Gateway is not enabled, you cannot choose to disable Connect.

- 1. Go to your account.
- 2. Select Disable Aspera Connect plugin.
- 3. Click Update preferences.

Working with External Senders

Allowing External Users to Send to Faspex Users

Configure IBM Aspera Faspex to allow external senders, those who do not have Faspex accounts, to send packages to Faspex users.

- 1. Go to **Server > Configuration > Security** and find the Outside Email Addresses section.
- 2. Select **Allow inviting external senders** and set the default to **Allow**.

When set to **Allow**, all Faspex users are able to invite external senders by default. An Admin can enable or disable this feature for specific users from the Accounts page, while retaining server-wide settings. For instructions on inviting external users, see <u>"Inviting External Senders" on page 80</u>.

Whenever a user sends to an external user, Faspex saves the email address to the database. Admins can view and remove external users from the database by going to **Accounts > External Users**.

Allowing Users to Send to External Email Addresses

Configure IBM Aspera Faspex to allow users to send packages to external email addresses not associated with a Faspex account.

- 1. Go to **Server > Configuration > Security** and find the Outside email addresses section.
- 2. Select Allow sending to external email addresses and choose Allow.

Choosing **Allow** enables all users to send to external email addresses by default. An admin can enable or disable this feature for specific users from the **Accounts** page, while still retaining the global setting.

3. Configure invitation link expiration.

You can choose to expire the invitation link after a set number of days, after one successful upload, both, or none. If **After one successful upload** is configured, this limit applies even if the package download link is forwarded. After the first download, the package must be resent for a recipient to download the package again.

4. Allow users to set a custom link expiration policy. This is enabled by default.

All your Faspex accounts can now send packages to external email addresses. You can configure permissions for each individual user by going to **Accounts** and selecting the user you want to configure. For more information on configuring user permissions, see "Managing Faspex Users" on page 62.

When a user sends to an external email address that is not associated with an existing Faspex user, Faspex creates a new external user with that email address. To explicitly send a package to an existing external user, add **(external)** to the email address. For example, enter **johndoe@faspex.example.com (external)**.

Inviting External Senders

The following steps assume an admin has configured Faspex to allow inviting external senders (users who do not have Faspex accounts). For more information, see <u>"Allowing External Users to Send to Faspex Users" on page 79</u>.

- 1. Go to **Received** and click the **Invitations** link.
- 2. Click on New to send an invitation.
- 3. Enter the outside sender's email address
- 4. If you want to offer further information or further instruction, enter a description.
- 5. Choose a link expiration policy. If you do not enable **Custom link expiration policy**, Faspex uses the server default link expiration setting.

The submission link expiration options include the following:

- After one upload: Delete the submission link after one successful upload
- After 3 days: Delete the submission link on a specific date (which you need to input)

You can enable both features. The link expires whenever either of the conditions are met.

6. Click **Save**.

Faspex sends the external user an email with a submission link. The external user can upload a package to Faspex from that link.

You can view all your invitations by going back to **Received > Invitations**.

Here, you can perform the following operations:

- You can **Resend** the submission link email.
- You can **Delete** the invitation, which removes the sender from this list and prevents them from using the submission link.
- You can see the URL submission link that was sent to the user.

Configuring Public URLs

A public URL allows external senders to submit packages to registered users and dropboxes. External senders no longer need to be individually invited to submit a package, although that functionality still exists. When a public URL is enabled and shared to an external sender, the external sender can take the following actions to send a package.

- 1. The external sender clicks the Public URL (which could be for either a dropbox or a registered Faspex user).
- 2. The sender is directed to page and asked to enter an email address.
- 3. A private link is automatically emailed to the sender.
- 4. The sender clicks the private link and is automatically redirected to a dropbox or Faspex user package submission page.
- 5. Once the package is submitted through the private link, the dropbox or Faspexuser can download the package by going to **Received**.

The following describes how to enable a public links.

- 1. Go to Server > Configuration > Security and find the Outside Email Addresses section.
- 2. Select Allow public submission URLs and choose Allow.

Choosing **Allow** turns on the public URL feature for all Faspex dropboxes and registered users.

3. Select **Allow dropboxes to individually enable/disable their own public URLs** to allow dropbox and global admins to override the server setting and turn off this feature for individual dropboxes.

When public URLs are allowed, all users can use public submission unless otherwise configured by an admin. Users must enable the feature in their user preferences. For more information, see <u>"Enabling and</u> Sharing your Public URL" on page 81. Admins can enable or disable the Public URL feature for specific

users despite global settings by going to **Accounts**, selecting the user, going to the Permissions section, and choosing **Allow**, or **Deny** for **Allow public submission urls**.

Enabling and Sharing your Public URL

A public URL allows external senders to submit packages to registered users and dropboxes. When a public URL is enabled and shared to an external sender, the external sender can take the following actions to send a package.

- 1. The external sender clicks the shared Public URL.
- 2. The sender is directed to a page and asked to enter an email address.
- 3. A private link is automatically emailed to the sender.
- 4. The sender clicks the private link and is automatically redirected to a package submission page.
- 5. Once the package is submitted through the private link, the user can download the package by going to **Received**.

The following describes how to enable a public link on your account. An admin must first enable the Public URL feature for your account or for the server. For more information, see <u>"Configuring Public URLs"</u> on page 80.

- 1. Click the Account link next to your username.
- 2. Go to the Misc section on the Preferences page and select Enable public URL.
- 3. Click Update preferences.
- 4. Go to Received.

Your public URL is displayed under Received Packages.



- 5. Click the 🗈 button to copy the public URL to your clipboard.
- 6. Send the public URL to the external sender.

Removing External Users from Faspex

Whenever a user sends to an external user, Faspex saves the external user's email address to the database.

- 1. Go to Accounts > External Users.
- 2. Select the users you want to delete.
- 3. Select **Remove** from the **Actions** drop-down menu.
- 4. Confirm and click **OK**.

Viewing Packages and Managing Package Storage

Viewing and Downloading Packages

- 1. View your received packages.
 - Download a package you received: Go to Received.
 - Download a package you sent: Go to Sent.
 - Download any package sent through Faspex: Go to Server > Packages.

Tip: Admins can shorten their received packages list by moving packages into archive. To do so, click the **Archive** link within the corresponding package row (under the Action column). To locate archived packages, click **View Full History** link.

2. Optional: Sort your packages.

In the packages list, you can click the header bar links to sort your packages. For example, when clicking **Sender**, all packages are sorted alphabetically by sender's name.

Three additional columns exist when viewing all packages sent through Faspex:

Header	Description
Downloads Full/ Partial	The number of times the corresponding package has been fully or partially downloaded.
Files on Server?	States whether the package is currently stored on the server:
	• yes : All files in the package have been uploaded.
	• partial: Some of the files in the package have been uploaded.
	• deleted : The package and its files have been deleted from the server.
Action	If you see an active <u>Delete</u> hyperlink, click it to delete the corresponding package from the server. If the package has already been deleted from the server, the entire row is grayed out and the field Files on Server? displays deleted .

Important: You can also perform a batch deletion for packages that are older than "X" number of days. To do so, scroll to the bottom of the packages list and enter the number of days in the **for packages [#] days or older** field. The number is set to 30 days, by default. Click **Delete files** to proceed with the deletion.

3. Click the 🖤 button to download a package.

Faspex prompts the IBM Aspera Connect to start a session. When the Confirm window appears, click **Allow** to begin.

Note: When downloading an encrypted package, the Connect prompts the user for a passphrase. The Connect also prompts for a passphrase if the package contains any **.aspera-env** files within the folder hierarchy, even if the package also contains unencrypted files or files encrypted with different passphrases. If you choose to keep downloaded files encrypted, you do not need to enter a password until you attempt to decrypt the files locally.

Configure Package Storage Expiration

Change the default package expiration time, as well as what to do with packages after they are downloaded by recipients. Within the IBM Aspera Faspex Web UI, go to **Server > Configuration > Package Storage** to view or modify your server's package expiration and deletion behavior. After modifying these settings, you must click the **Update** button to save your changes.

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- **Time-based content expiration:** This setting determines how long Aspera on Cloud maintains contents of a package. For example, if you configure this setting for 10 days, Faspex deletes package contents 10 days after the package becomes available to the intended recipients. You can apply a separate time-based expiration policy to Draft packages in the workspace. **Note:** Content expiration also applies to packages in failed transfers.
- **Download-based content expiration:** This setting determines whether Aspera on Cloud deletes package contents after all recipients have downloaded the package (either the entire package or all the individual contents of the package in one operation). If desired, you can configure a grace period that delays deletion for the number of days you configure, even after all recipients have downloaded the package.

Configuration Option	Description
Packages expire	Once a package is uploaded to Faspex, the link to view the package will expire after the specified number of days.
After packages are	Select from one of the following auto-deletion rules:
downloaded	• Do nothing : Do not auto-delete after the package is downloaded.
	 Delete files after any recipient downloads all files: Delete after any recipient downloads all files in the package once.
	Important: When this option is selected, a forwarded package can be potentially deleted before the original recipient has downloaded it. Thus, proceed with caution when selecting this option.
	• Delete files after all recipients download all files: Delete if <i>all</i> files in the package have been downloaded by <i>all</i> recipients.
Allow all users to set their own delete setting on a package-by- package basis	Enable users to set package expiration when creating a new package.

Important: The package storage location is your local docroot plus the directory specified under your file storage settings. The source location is the remote node's docroot plus the file share location.

Important: When a package is marked for deletion after download, any packages that point to the files contained therein will not be accessible once the original package is downloaded. This condition could potentially lead to forwarded package files being inaccessible if they are forwarded before being downloaded by the original recipient.

Including Package Expiration in Email Notifications

Faspex does not provide an expiration date variable, because packages do not have a definitive expiration date due to the available combinations of package expiration policies. To notify users of the expiration dates of their packages, you can customize the Package Received <u>email notification template</u>. For example, you can include this message:

This package will expire X days after PACKAGE_DATE.

Replace X with the server-configured time period for package expirations.

Note:

- Whenever you change this configuration (Server > Configuration > Package Storage), you must also manually update the email notification template.
- If you allow users to set their own expiration dates, you cannot guarantee that the Package Received email notification has correct package expiration information.

Changing the Package Directory

The package directory is the directory where IBM Aspera Faspex stores packages uploaded to the Faspex server. When a user requests to download a package, Faspex searches this directory for that package. The package directory is created and specified during the installation process. By default, it is located at: C:\faspex_packages

You can change the package directory, but you must do so on the Faspex server. Changing the package directory within the application UI does not move the packages or create the directory.

1. On the Faspex server, view the current package directory by running the following command:

```
> asctl faspex:package_dir
```

- 2. Create the new directory on the server. You can now move packages into it or wait until after you have set the directory as Faspex's package directory.
- 3. To set the Faspex's package directory, run the following command and specify the path to the new directory:
 - > asctl faspex:package_dir C:\new_directory

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

If you are storing Faspex packages in a network directory, ensure that the directory is configured as follows:

- The network share is accessible to the OS system account that Faspex server is running under, with permissions to read/write/delete/traverse directories, and create new files and folders.
- UNC paths are used, rather than drive letters.
- If you are using Active Directory (AD) and the network share uses AD to manage permissions, check that Faspex Server and Aspera Central are running under a domain account.

Working with Workgroups

Workgroups define a group of users that can be sent packages as a collective whole. A Faspex administrator determines who has permissions to send packages to a workgroup and where those packages are stored. The administrator also determines whether members can see and send packages to other workgroup members.

Creating a Workgroup

Note: Admins and managers can set up workgroups, but workgroup admins cannot create workgroups. Workgroup admins manage specific workgroups according to the permissions set in that workgroup.

- 1. To create a workgroup, go to Workgroups > Create New > Workgroup.
- 2. Enter a workgroup name and a description of the workgroup.
- 3. Set the inbox destination, where packages sent to the workgroup are stored:
 - Server default: Use the server default node and directory.
 - **Custom**: Choose from a list of local and remote nodes as the default location for your custom inbox.
 - Incoming packages are stored in both the custom inbox and the default server inbox. Deleting
 packages from the default inbox through the web UI do not automatically remove the same
 packages from the custom inbox.
 - Use the **Upload directly to custom inbox** option to prevent Faspex from storing a copy in the default inbox if the workgroup or dropbox is the only recipient of a package.

Note: If a user sends a package to two workgroups or dropboxes, even if both workgroups and dropboxes are configured to upload directly to the custom inbox, Faspex stores the package on the default inbox and then relays the packages to the custom inboxes.

- 4. If you want to forward package to remote destinations, set up file relay. Select **Enable Relay**. For each desired destionation:
 - a) Check Relay.
 - b) If you want to overwrite files if they exist on the destination, check Overwrite.
 - c) If you want to notify users on relay start, error, or completion, enter a list of usernames or email addresses in the relevant field.

For more information about file relay, see <u>"File Relays" on page 95</u>.

5. Set workgroup permissions for sending packages to the workgroup. Restricted is the default.

- 6. Set workgroup permissions for workgroup members sending packages to each other. **Restricted** is the default.
- 7. Set permissions for workgroup admins.
- 8. Click Create.

Managing Workgroups Members

Workgroups in Faspex are listed under **Workgroups**, along with the number of associated members (see link on right side of table). To add or remove members, or add members via a Directory Service group that you have imported into Faspex, click the *Members* link for the workgroup.

1. Add a user to the workgroup.

- Add directory service user: If your Faspex server has Directory Services (DS) configured and you
 have imported one or more DS groups, then you can also add DS users or groups from the Directory
 Service Groups drop-down menu. For more information about configuring DS, see <u>"Working with
 Directory Services (DS)" on page 98.</u>
- Add an existing user: Type in the user's name and click the **Add User** button.
- Create a new user: Click the **Create new user** link. For more information on creating new users, see the topic "Managing Faspex Users" on page 62.

The account appears in the members list.

2. Manage user settings.

You can manage members by checking the appropriate members and selecting the **Members actions...** drop-down menu and choosing one of the following actions and clicking **OK**:

Action	Description
Set standard access	Designate selected members as standard users of the workgroup. Permissions are defined by the workgroup settings.
Set as workgroup admin	Designate selected members as workgroup admins. Workgroup admins manage specific workgroups according to the permissions set for that role in that workgroup. If allowed by an admin, workgroup admins can add or remove workgroup members and can create new regular users to add to the workgroup.
	Note:
	 Workgroup admins cannot change the workgroup settings. That can only be done by Faspex admin or manager.
	• Workgroup admins cannot set a custom workgroup inbox. That can only be done by Faspex admin or manager.
	• Workgroup admins cannot delete workgroup packages, but they can archive them.
Deactivate	Deactivate a member. A deactivated member cannot perform workgroup functions, but the account remains in the dropbox list.
Activate	Activate a deactivated member.
Remove	Remove a member from the workgroup. This action does not remove the user from Faspex.

Sending Packages to a Workgroup

If you are an IBM Aspera Faspex workgroup member and have been assigned the proper permissions, follow the steps below to send a package to the workgroup.

1. Select **New Package** and select the dropbox you wish to send a package to from the drop-down menu.

Selecting **Normal Package** takes you to the New Package form. For more information on sending a normal package, see "Sending a New Package" on page 72.

Note: If the New Package button does not open a drop-down menu, you do not have permissoin to send to any dropboxes. If you don't see the **New Package** button at all, your account does not have permission to send users or to dropboxes.

2. Specify package recipients.

Enter your package recipients. Workgroup names are preceded by an asterisk (*).

You can also choose recipients from your contact list. To view your contact list, click the ⁺ button. The contact list shows your Faspex users, workgroups, and distribution lists. If you are permitted to send packages to external email addresses, Faspex also saves the email address to your contact list when you send files to a new address. To remove an email address from your contact list, go to **Account >Edit Contacts**.

3. If you want to send packages as a BCC (blind carbon-copy), click **Show Private Recipients** and enter Faspex account names, external email addresses (if allowed), or distribution lists in the **To (private)** field.

Option	Description	Triggered Email Template
CC Upload	You can notify others when packages are uploaded by enabling this field and entering Faspex account names or email addresses. You cannot enter workgroups in these fields. To hide CC options, click Hide CC .	• Upload Result CC
CC Download	You can notify others when packages are downloaded by enabling this field and entering Faspex account names or email addresses. You cannot enter workgroups in these fields. To hide CC options, click Hide CC .	• Package Downloaded CC
CC Receipt	If your account has Allow editing of receipt addresses on package creation enabled, you can add Faspex users or email address to the CC Receipt list. These users and email addresses receive the same notifications as the package sender regarding this transfer. If an admin has included CC Receipt recipients for your account, the CC Receipt field is auto-populated with those accounts and emails. If allowed to edit, you can modify that list.	 Package Received CC Package Sent CC Package Downloaded CC Upload Result CC

4. Specify recipients of CC notifications in the following fields:

Note: Valid delimiters when entering multiple recipients are commas (,) and semi-colons (;).

Admins can configure CC notification templates by going to **Server > Notifications**. For additional information, see "Notifications".

- 5. Enter a package title.
- 6. Fill out custom metadata fields added by the admin.

Faspex allows the admin to add custom metadata fields to the New Package form. For more information on custom metadata, see <u>"Faspex Metadata" on page 132</u>.

7. If enabled by an admin, and if you want to secure your packages, enable the encryption-at-rest feature for this transfer.

Select **Use encryption-at-rest** to encrypt the package's contents on the server. If enabled, recipients are required to decrypt the package with a password to access its contents. For more information about encryption, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u>.

8. Select your content source if your Faspex account is allowed to create packages from remote sources.

Select your content source from the **Source** drop-down list. For example, select whether to create a package from files on your local computer, another computer, or cloud storage.

Important: Outside submitters are not be able to create packages from remote sources.

- 9. Select content to include in your package.
 - Browse for files: Upload specified files to Faspex.
 - Browse for folders: Upload specified folders to Faspex.
 - Drag-and-drop: Drag files and folders to the browser to upload files.²

10. Click **Send Package** when you are finished.

Downloading Packages for Workgroup

If you are a member of an IBM Aspera Faspex Workgroup, you can download file packages that have been sent to your Workgroup from the **Workgroups** tab.

Downloading a Package

To download a package, click I or click the package name to advance to its Details page.

From the Details page, you can either browse and download individual files, or click the **Download Entire Package** link to download the entire package.

Once you have initiated the download, you are asked to confirm your download directory. Faspex prompts IBM Aspera Connect to start a session. When the Confirm window appears, click **Allow** to begin.

Archiving Old Packages

You can shorten the downloaded packages list by moving packages into archive. To archive a package, click the **Archive** link within the under the Actions column. To view archived packages, click the **View Full History** link.

Note: Only global admins and workgroup admins can archive packages. Regular workgroup members cannot archive packages.

Custom Inboxes

You can set a custom inbox (custom storage location) for a workgroup or a dropbox. Custom inboxes are directories on a tethered node.

Note: Only Faspex admins can set custom inboxes. Workgroup and dropbox admins do not have this power.

How Faspex Stores Packages for Custom Inboxes

- Incoming packages are stored in both the custom inbox and the default server inbox. Deleting packages from the default inbox through the web UI do not automatically remove the same packages from the custom inbox.
- Use the **Upload directly to custom inbox** option to prevent Faspex from storing a copy in the default inbox if the workgroup or dropbox is the only recipient of a package.

² The drag-and-drop capability is not supported on some platforms. See the IBM Aspera Faspex Release Notes for the feature support matrix.

Note: If a user sends a package to two workgroups or dropboxes, even if both workgroups and dropboxes are configured to upload directly to the custom inbox, Faspex stores the package on the default inbox and then relays the packages to the custom inboxes.

• Even if symbolic links are enabled for a storage location, packages sent to a workgroup or dropbox with a custom inbox are not symbolic links. The default inbox location contains symbolic links, but custom inboxes contain actual files.

Related tasks

"Adding a Node to Faspex" on page 50 "Creating a Workgroup" on page 84

Archiving Packages in a Workgroup Inbox

Archive packages to clean up the workgroup inbox or to hide specific packages from view.

Go to **Workgroups > workgroup_name** and click the **Archive** link for the package you want to hide.

Working with Dropboxes

Faspex Dropboxes

Dropboxes provide a file submission system that users can drop their packages into. dropbox members can submit files as well as view them. Admins can also invite external users (people who don't have a Faspex account) to submit to a dropbox.

Faspex users submit files to a dropbox they have membership in by selecting the dropbox from the **New Package** drop-down. However, users don't necessarily have to be a member or even a Faspex user to submit to a dropbox.

Admins can invite external users to submit to a dropbox using an emailed, private link. Admins can also distribute a public URL that allows those who access it to obtain a private link to the dropbox submission page.

Users can view submitted files on the **Workgroup** page.

Common Uses

dropboxes can be used to:

- Allow file submission for various projects and business processes with different, required metadata for each.
- Allow outside users to drop packages in file submission areas without having full access to Faspex.

Creating a Dropbox

Only administrators can create dropboxes. Administrators can provide specific instructions for submitters, set custom package expiration policies, and configure permissions for dropbox admins.

- 1. Go to **Workgroups** from the Faspex menu and select **Create New > dropbox**.
- 2. Name the dropbox.
- 3. If you want, enter instructions for submitters.

You can use HTML tags and CSS classes in your instructions.

For a list of available tags, see "Available HTML Tags and Attributes in Faspex" on page 164.

For more information on using CSS classes, see "Creating a Custom CSS File" on page 128.

4. If an administrator created metadata profiles for Faspex, you can apply a metadata profile to the dropbox. The metadata profile defines additional, optional and required fields for the dropbox package submission form.

For more information on setting up your metadata profiles for dropbox and normal package submissions, see <u>"Faspex Metadata" on page 132</u>.

5. If an administrator created metadata profiles for Faspex, you can choose to save the metadata information to the server's root directory as the aspera-metadata.xml file.

If SaveMetadataInPackage is set to true in the faspex.yml configuration file, Faspex includes the aspera-metadata.xml file in submitted packages instead of saving it to the server.

For more information about faspex.yml options, see <u>"faspex.yml Configurations Reference" on page</u> 141.

- 6. If you want to set an expiration policy for all submitted packages, select **Custom package expiration policy** and configure the expiration.
 - a) To set time-based package expiration, select **Packages expire** and set the number of days Faspex makes the package available.
 - b) Select an option for download-based package expiration:
 - Do nothing: Do not delete the submitted package after it is downloaded.
 - **Delete files after any member of this dropbox downloads all files**: Delete the submitted package if *any* dropbox member downloads all the files in the package.

Important: When this option is selected, a forwarded package can be deleted before the original recipient has downloaded it.

• Delete files after all members of this dropbox download all files: Delete if *all* dropbox members have downloaded all the files in the package.

Note:

This policy overrides the global package expiration setting. If global package expiration is enabled, but you want to disable time-based and download-based package expiration for only this dropbox, select **Custom package expiration policy**, but clear **Packages expire** and select **Do nothing**.

For more information about global package expiration, see <u>"Configure Package Storage Expiration" on</u> page 82.

- 7. If you want to set an expiration policy for invitation links, select **Custom invitation link expiration policy** and configure the expiration.
 - a) To set time-based link expiration, select **Invitation links expire** and set the number of days Faspex keeps the link available.
 - b) To set download-based link expiration, select **After one successful upload**. The link expires after an outside submitters uploads one package.

Note:

This policy overrides the global link expiration setting. If global link expiration is enabled, but you want to disable time-based and download-based link expiration for only this dropbox, select **Custom invitation link expiration policy**, but clear all settings for **Invitation links expire**.

8. Configure encryption-at-rest (EAR). The **Require encryption-at-rest** only appears when enabled for dropboxes by an admin.

Choose from the following options.

- Use server default: Use the globally conifgured option (displayed in parentheses).
- Always: Always use EAR. Users must enter an encryption password when sending a password.
- Never: Do not use EAR. This is the default setting.
- Optional: Users may choose to encrypt when uploading a package.

For more information on encryption-at-rest, see "Configuring Security Settings" on page 40.

 Allow submission of packages from a public URL. The Allow submission via public URL option only appears when enabled for dropboxes by an admin. For more information on public URLs, see "Configuring Public URLs" on page 80.

Important:

A Public URL can be used by external senders to submit packages to both registered Faspex users and dropboxes. Public URLs allow external senders to submit a package without being individually invited to submit a package. When a Public URL is enabled and sent to an email, instant message, website, and so on, the following workflow occurs:

- The external sender clicks the Public URL for the dropbox.
- The sender is directed to page where he or she is asked to enter and submit an email address.
- A private link is automatically emailed to the sender.
- The sender clicks the private link and is automatically redirected to the dropbox package submission page.
- Once the package is submitted through the private link, the dropbox receives the package.

Select **Allow** to enable the Public URL feature for this dropbox. Select **Deny** to disable the feature for this dropbox. Changing the dropbox setting overrides the system default set in the Faspex **Server** settings.

- 10. Choose your dropbox's inbox destination. Packages sent to the dropbox are stored at this location.
 - Server default: Use the server default node and directory.
 - **Custom**: Choose from a list of local and remote nodes as the default location for your custom inbox.
 - Incoming packages are stored in both the custom inbox and the default server inbox. Deleting
 packages from the default inbox through the web UI do not automatically remove the same
 packages from the custom inbox.
 - Use the **Upload directly to custom inbox** option to prevent Faspex from storing a copy in the default inbox if the workgroup or dropbox is the only recipient of a package.

Note: If a user sends a package to two workgroups or dropboxes, even if both workgroups and dropboxes are configured to upload directly to the custom inbox, Faspex stores the package on the default inbox and then relays the packages to the custom inboxes.

When selecting a **Custom** inbox destination, note the following:

- Only Faspex admins can set the location of a dropbox inbox. dropbox admins do not have this power.
- Incoming packages are stored in two locations: the custom location and the server default location. When packages are deleted from the default location through the Web UI, they are not automatically removed from the custom location.

Tip: If you do not want packages stored in two locations, you can select **Senders upload directly to custom inbox**. When this feature is enabled, packages sent to this dropbox are not stored in the default location but only in the custom inbox.

- Even if symbolic links are enabled for a storage location, packages sent to a dropbox with a custom inbox will not be symbolic links. The default inbox location contains symbolic links, but custom inboxes contain actual files.
- 11. If you want to forward package to remote destinations, set up file relay. Select **Enable Relay**. For each desired destionation:
 - a) Check Relay.
 - b) If you want to overwrite files if they exist on the destination, check **Overwrite**.
 - c) If you want to notify users on relay start, error, or completion, enter a list of usernames or email addresses in the relevant field.

For more information about file relay, see <u>"File Relays" on page 95</u>.

- 12. Set permissions for dropbox admins and standard dropbox users.
- 13. Click the **Create** button.

Your new dropbox should now be listed on the **Workgroups** page along with any other existing dropboxes or workgroups.

Managing Dropbox Members

Dropboxes in Faspex are listed under the Workgroups page. The Workgroups page displays a list of workgroups; dropboxes are designated by Dropbox under the Type column.

- 1. To add or remove members, select the Dropbox from the list by clicking its name. Then click **View Members**.
- 2. Add a user to the dropbox.
 - Add directory service user: If your Faspexserver has Directory Services configured and you have imported one or more DS groups, then you can also add the DS users or groups. For more information about configuring DS, see the topic <u>"Working with Directory Services (DS)" on page 98</u>.
 - Add an existing user: Type in the user's name and click the **Add User** button.
 - Create a new user: Click the **Create new user** link. For more information on creating new users, see "Managing Faspex Users" on page 62.

The account appears in the members list. For information on adding outside submitters, see <u>"Inviting</u> an Outside Contributor to Send to Dropbox" on page 93

3. Manage user settings.

You can manage members by checking the appropriate members and selecting the **Members actions** drop-down menu and choosing one of the following actions and clicking **OK**:

Action	Description
Set standard access	Designate selected members as standard users of the dropbox. Permissions are defined by the dropbox settings.
Set submit-only access	Limit selected users to only submit packages to the dropbox and prohibit them from downloading packages.
Set as dropbox admin	Designate selected members as dropbox admins. Dropbox admins manage specific dropboxes according to the permissions set for that role in that dropbox. If allowed by an admin, dropbox admins can add or remove dropbox members and can create new regular users to add to the dropbox.
	Note:
	• Dropbox admins cannot change the dropbox settings. That can only be done by Faspex admin or manager.
	• Dropbox admins cannot set a custom dropbox inbox. That can only be done by Faspex admin or manager.
Deactivate	Deactivate a member. A deactivated member cannot perform dropbox functions, but the account remains in the dropbox list.
Activate	Activate a deactivated member.
Remove	Remove a member from the dropbox. This action does not remove the user from Faspex.

Sending Packages to a Dropbox

If you are a member of a dropbox and have the proper permissions, follow the steps below to send a package to a dropbox.

1. Select **New Package** and select the dropbox you wish to send a package to from the drop-down menu.

Selecting **Normal Package** takes you to the New Package form. For more information on sending a normal package, see "Sending a New Package" on page 72.

Note: If the New Package button does not open a drop-down menu, you do not have permission to send to any dropboxes. If you don't see the **New Package** button at all, your account does not have permission to send users or to dropboxes.

Note: You do not have access to the **To** and **To (private)** fields, because you are sending to a designated dropbox.

Option	Description	Triggered Email Template
CC Upload	You can notify others when packages are uploaded by enabling this field and entering Faspex account names or email addresses.	• Upload Result CC
	You cannot enter workgroups in these fields. To hide CC options, click Hide CC .	
CC Download	You can notify others when packages are downloaded by enabling this field and entering Faspex account names or email addresses.	Package Downloaded CC
	You cannot enter workgroups in these fields. To hide CC options, click Hide CC .	
CC Receipt	If your account has Allow editing of receipt addresses on package creation enabled, you can add Faspex users or email address to the CC Receipt list. These users and email addresses receive the same notifications as the package sender regarding this transfer.	 Package Received CC Package Sent CC Package
	If an admin has included CC Receipt recipients for your account, the CC Receipt field is auto-populated with those accounts and emails. If allowed to edit, you can modify that list.	Downloaded CC Upload Result CC

Note: Valid delimiters when entering multiple recipients are commas (,) and semi-colons (;).

Admins can configure CC notification templates by going to **Server > Notifications**. For additional information, see "Notifications".

- 3. Enter a package title.
- 4. Fill out custom metadata fields added by the admin.

Faspex allows the admin to add custom metadata fields to the New Package form. For more information on custom metadata, see <u>"Faspex Metadata" on page 132</u>.

5. If enabled by an admin, and if you want to secure your packages, enable the encryption-at-rest feature for this transfer.

Select **Use encryption-at-rest** to encrypt the package's contents on the server. If enabled, recipients are required to decrypt the package with a password to access its contents. For more information about encryption, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u>.

6. Select your content source if your Faspex account is allowed to create packages from remote sources. Select your content source from the **Source** drop-down list. For example, select whether to create a package from files on your local computer, another computer, or cloud storage.

Important: Outside submitters are not be able to create packages from remote sources.

7. Select content to include in your package.

- Browse for files: Upload specified files to Faspex.
- Browse for folders: Upload specified folders to Faspex.
- Drag-and-drop: Drag files and folders to the browser to upload files. ³
- 8. Click Send Package when you are finished.

Downloading Packages for Dropbox

If you are a member of an IBM Aspera Faspex Dropbox, you can download file packages that have been sent to your Dropbox from the **Workgroups** tab.

Downloading a Package

To download a package, click 🖤 or click the package name to advance to its Details page.

From the Details page, you can either browse and download individual files, or click the **Download Entire Package** link to download the entire package.

Once you have initiated the download, you are asked to confirm your download directory. Faspex prompts IBM Aspera Connect to start a session. When the Confirm window appears, click **Allow** to begin.

Archiving and Deleting Old Packages

You can shorten the downloaded packages list by moving packages into archive. To archive a package, click the **Archive** link within the under the Actions column. To view archived packages, click the **View Full History** link.

You can also delete a package by clicking the **Delete** link.

Note: Only global admins and dropbox admins can archive and delete packages. Regular dropbox members cannot archive packages.

Inviting an Outside Contributor to Send to Dropbox

If you someone to upload files to Faspex without a user account, you can invite them to send their packages to a dropbox as an outside submitter. Outside submitters can submit files to the dropbox using a submission link, but they cannot view files in the dropbox.

When outside submitters are invited to access a dropbox, they are not prevented from sharing the upload link with others. Faspex records the IP address used to submit packages, but Faspex cannot verify that the person using the link is the intended contributor. If this is a concern, set a custom link expiration policy for the invitation link. the submission link expires after one successful upload completion or the submission link expires on a specific date. In the case of expiration after the completion of a successful upload, it *is* possible for an outside submitter to initiate parallel uploads using a single link to submit multiple packages.

- 1. Go to **Workgroups** and select your dropbox.
- 2. Select Invite Outside Submitter.
- 3. Enter the external email address of the invited submitter.
- 4. Write a description that is included in the email invitation.
- 5. Select **Custom invitation link expiration policy** submission link expiration options:
 - a) To set time-based link expiration, select **Invitation link expires** and set the number of days Faspex keeps the link available.
 - b) To set download-based link expiration, select **After one successful upload**. The link expires after an outside submitters uploads one package.

³ The drag-and-drop capability is not supported on some platforms. See the IBM Aspera Faspex Release Notes for the feature support matrix.



Warning: When outside submitters are invited to access a dropbox, they are not prevented from sharing the upload link with others. Faspex records the IP address used to submit packages, but Faspex cannot verify that the person using the link is the intended contributor. If this is a concern to your organization, you can identify one of two security options when sending an invitation to an outside submitter: the submission link expires after one successful upload completion or the submission link expires on a specific date. In the case of expiration after the completion of a successful upload, it *is* possible for an outside submitter to initiate parallel uploads using a single link to submit multiple packages.

6. Click **Save** to send an invitation email to the email address with the submission link.

You can configure your invitation email by modifying the email template. For more information on configuring email templates, see "Configuring Email Notification Templates" on page 126.

Note: After inviting an outside submitter, you can view the upload access URL or resend the invitation. Go to **Workgroups** and select your dropbox. Select **View Members**. Find the outside contributor in the members list and select either **see access URL** or **resend invitation**.

Working with Relays

What is a Relay?

Relays transfer copies of uploaded files to specified destinations (custom inboxes). There are two types of relays: package relays and file relays.

Overview

There are three types of transfers to Faspex file destinations: direct uploads, package relays, and file relays.

Transfer type	Description	Starts when	Transferred files directory structure on the destination node
Direct upload	A direct upload transfers files to the default inbox or to a custom inbox with direct upload configured.	A user sends a package to a recipient, workgroup, or dropbox.	package_title - package_id.aspera- package/ PKG - package_title folder1 file1
	Faspex makes these files available to the designated recipients. Faspex also uses these files when performing a relay.		file2
Package relay	A package relay transfers copies of files uploaded to a source node to specified nodes. Package relays preserve the package directory structure.	A user sends a package to a workgroup or dropbox with a custom inbox that does not have direct upload configured. A user sends a package with relay metadata (see <u>"Using Metadata Fields to Set Relay</u> Destinations" on page <u>96</u>).	package_title - package_id.aspera- package/ PKG - package_title folder1 file1 file2

Transfer type	Description	Starts when	Transferred files directory structure on the destination node
File relay	A file relay transfers copies of files uploaded to a source node to specified nodes. File relays do not preserve the package directory structure.	A user sends a package to a workgroup or dropbox with relays configured.	folder1 file1 file2

Order of Operations

If a transfer triggers both package and file relays, Faspex performs transfers in this order:

- 1. Direct upload
- 2. Package relay
- 3. File relay

If the direct package upload fails, Faspex does not relay the package to custom inboxes or file relay destinations.

If the direct package upload succeeds, Faspex performs both relays. If the package relays fail, Faspex still performs the file relays.

Package Relays

A package relay transfers copies of files uploaded to a source node to specified nodes. Package relays preserve the package directory structure.

When a user uploads files to a custom inbox with direct upload or to the default inbox, Faspex creates the following package directory structure on the destination node:

Once the initial transfer to the initial destination node has completed, then Faspex starts the package relay to copy that entire directory structure to the new destination. The new destination can be:

- A workgroup or dropbox custom inbox without direct upload configured.
- Destinations specified by package metadata.

File Relays

A file relay transfers copies of files uploaded to a source node to specified nodes. File relays do not preserve the package directory structure. File relays transfers files to storage in a flat structure. This is ideal for ingesting files without having to parse nested data from package structure (such as providing files for API consumption).

File Relay Options

When you configure file relays on a workgroup or dropbox, you can set the file relay to overwrite existing files with the same name at the destination. By default, Faspex skips files with the same name that exist at the destination node.

You can also configure email notifications for file relays. In the **Server > Notifications** section, you can use the **Relay Started CC** email template to notify users when package forwarding is started, a **Relay Finished CC** email template to let users know when package forwarding is completed, and a **Relay Error** **CC** email template to notify users when package forwarding has failed. For details see <u>"Configuring Email</u> Notification Templates" on page 126.

Comparing File Relays to Package Relays

When a user uploads files to a custom inbox with direct upload or to the default inbox, Faspex creates the following package directory structure on the destination node:

File relays do not preserve this directory structure, but transfers the contents of the package in a flat structure to the destination node:

folder1
|-- file1
file2

If the destination node already had the existing_file1 and existing_folder1 files, the resulting directory snapshot would be:

```
existing_file1
existing_folder1
|-- existing_file2
folder1
|-- file1
file2
```

Tracking Relay Progress and Status

You can track the progress of a relay by going to Server > Packages > Relay.

Faspex reports the following relay statuses:

- Uploading
- Complete
- Relaying
- Complete or Error

If a transfer triggers both package and file relays, Faspex first reports the package relay status. If the package relay succeeds, Faspex then reports the file relay status. However, if the package relay fails, Faspex reports the error and does not report the file relay status.

Note: The **Server > Packages > Relay** page lists ongoing and failed relays, but does not list successful relays.

Using Metadata Fields to Set Relay Destinations

Use the SenderShareId, RecipientShareIds, OverrideShareIds metadata fields to configure relays for a package upload.

Metadata field names for relay destinations use the term *share*. A *share* in this context is a file storage used as a relay destination.

You use the share_id of a file storage to designate it as a relay destination. To determine the share_id of a file relay destination, go to **Server > File Storage**, select the node, and click **Edit** from the drop-down menu. Find share_id in the page URL.

For example, if the page URL is https://faspex.aspera.us/aspera/faspex/admin/nodes/4/edit, the share_id is 4.

Metadata field	Description	Format	Example
SenderShareId	Defines the file storage destination (defined by <i>share_id</i>) for the initial upload of a new package. If set, override the default inbox storage setting in Faspex with the file storage destination. If not set, use the default inbox destination as the file storage destination.	share_id	3
	Use SenderShareId to control where the sender uploads to and downloads the sent package from. When the sender downloads the package from the Sent page, Faspex transfers the package to the sender from this file storage.		
RecipientShareIds	Defines extra recipients (defined by user_name) and their respective file storage locations (defined by share_id). Faspex performs a package relay transfer from the initial transfer destination to the targets defined in the metadata. Use RecipientShareIds to control where recipients download the package from. When recipients download the package from the Received page, Faspex transfers the package to the recipients from the specified file storages.	<pre>{ "user_name": share_id, "another_user: share_id, } Note: Value must be valid JSON.</pre>	<pre>{ "admin": 4, "other_user": 5 }</pre>
OverrideShareIds	Defines additional <u>file relays</u> from the initial transfer destination host to designated file storages (defined by <i>share_id</i>).	[<i>share_id</i> ,] Note: Value must be valid JSON.	[1, 2, 3]

Example

share_id	Node for file storage with specified share_id
1	node1 (default inbox)
2	node2
3	node3
4	node4
5	node5

The sender (sender_user) sends a package to the recipients (recipient_user1, recipient_user2, and recipient_user3) and configures file transfers using the metadata:

```
• SenderShareId = 2
```

- RecipientShareIds = recipient_user1: 3, recipient_user2: 4
- OverrideShareIds = 5

Faspex performs the following transfers:

- 1. Faspex uploads the package directly to node2.
- 2. Faspex performs a package relay from node2 to node3 and node4.
- 3. Faspex performs a file relay from node2 to node5.

When a user downloads the uploaded package, Faspex uses the metadata to determine from which node to serve the content:

User	Downloading from	Package source node
sender_user	Sent page	<pre>node2(share_id: 2)</pre>
recipient_user1	Received page	node3(share_id: 3)
recipient_user2	Received page	node4(share_id: 4)
recipient_user3	Received page	node2(share_id: 2)

In this scenario, the sender uploads the package to the node2 as defined by the SenderShareId, and not the server-default inbox. When recipient_user3 (who is not defined in RecipientShareIds) downloads the package, the user downloads from node2, since there is no package in the server-default inbox. In this scenario, Faspex treats the share configured with **SenderShareId** as the default inbox.

Working with Directory Services (DS)

Review Directory Service Requirements

IBM Aspera Faspex supports the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) and can be configured to connect to a directory service. The following directory service databases are supported:

- 389/Red Hat/Fedora Directory Server
- Apple Open Directory
- Microsoft Active Directory (AD)

Important Information

- Directory service syncing is accomplished through a Faspex background service that must be kept running.
- When removing a directory service group, users in that group are deactivated instead of removed.
- When an user exists in multiple directory service groups, removing one of the groups doesn't affect the user. The user is deactivated only when all the user's directory service groups are removed.
- An activated directory service group is shown as "Active" in the status column. If it shows otherwise, click **View Operation History** to read the Active Directory operation log and identify the problem.
- Directory services and SAML should not be enabled together.

Adding a Directory Service to Faspex

- 1. Go to Server > Authentication > Directory Services.
- 2. To configure your directory service to work with IBM Aspera Faspex, check **Enable Directory Service** and enter your configuration details (example displayed below).

Option	Description
Directory Service Name	Your name for this directory service.

Option	Description
Enable Directory Service	Activate this directory service for Faspex.
Directory Service	Select from one of the following options:
Туре	• 389/Red Hat/Fedora Directory Server
	Apple Open Directory
	Microsoft Active Directory (AD)
Use secure mode	Note: Aspera highly recommends turning this setting on to secure your server.
(TLS)	By default, LDAP traffic is transmitted unsecured. You can make LDAP traffic confidential and secure by enabling TLS. The port number will automatically change to 636 when TLS is enabled.
Server	The directory server's address.
Port	The directory server's port number. By default, unsecured LDAP uses port 389, unsecured global catalog uses port 3268, and global catalog over SSL uses port 3269. If TLS is enabled, then the port number automatically changes to 636.
Treebase	The search treebase (for example, dc=myCompany,dc=com for myCompany.com)
Username Attribute	The attribute for the type of login name for users of this directory service. For example, for Microsoft Active Directory, the mail attribute specifies the DS user login should be an email address, and samaccountname specifies it should be a pre-Windows 2000 login name.
Login Method	• Anonymous
	Provide Credentials
	If <i>Provide Credentials</i> is selected, then you are required to input your directory service login and password below.
Login	Directory service user name, which is typically a Distinguished Name (DN) (for example, CN=Admin,CN=Users,DC=myCompany,DC=com).
Password	Directory service password.

When finished, click **Save and Test**. If Faspex successfully connects to your directory server, it displays the following information:

Connected: YES Authenticated: YES Success

Note: If the same user (identified by the username attribute) is a member of more than one directory, the user is only imported once from the first sync. The duplicated user from the second directory is not imported, and a warning is logged in the sync history.

Import Directory Service Groups

Important: When IBM Aspera Faspex imports Active Directory (AD) groups, it is bounded by the AD server parameter "MaxValRange." If you want to import a larger AD group, change the "MaxValRange" parameter on your AD server.

When importing a Directory Service group, all users listed under that group are added into Faspex. To import a group, start by going to **Accounts** and select the **Directory Service Group** tab. Any DS groups that you have previously imported are shown in the list.

1. Click the **+ New Group** button and enter the directory service group attributes.

Typing three characters or more brings up the group list with matching keywords.

Important: All DS groups must have unique names. You cannot import multiple Directory Service (DS) groups of the same name, regardless of whether they are on the same DS server.

2. Click Edit Additional Permissions to specify permissions for the DS group.

For more information on setting additional permissions for the DS group, see to <u>"Configure User</u> Settings" on page 167.

3. Click **Done > Import** when finished.

When adding directory service groups, Faspex searches for groups recursively to import users. For example, if group A contains Group 1, importing Group A also imports Group 1's members. Once imported, the directory service group's members are added to Faspexand the import page is updated with a link to view or edit the new group.

Click the **View** link to go back to the **Accounts** screen. Your imported DS users appear in the accounts list, along with the type column identification *DS*.

Import Individual Directory Service Users

- 1. Go to Accounts > Users > +Add Account > Directory Service User.
- 2. Select the directory service that contains the users you want to import from the Directory Service (DS) drop-down box.
- 3. In the Search Term box, enter a search string or substring for the user you want.

A list of DS user accounts containing that string is displayed.

- 4. Select the name of the user to import. You can only import one user at a time.
- 5. Click Edit Additional Permissions at the bottom of the page.

In the page that appears, fill in the **Account Details** section, specifying whether this user is an admin, a manager, or a regular user. Then scroll down and fill in **Permissions**, **Package Deletion**, and other remaining sections.

Important: IBM Aspera Faspex syncs individual directory service users every hour. You cannot sync them manually.

Once directory service users (or groups) are imported, the corresponding users can authenticate with and log in to Faspex. Directory service accounts are similar to Faspex user accounts, although options such as changing the login password are deactivated (since this information is configured on the directory server).

Working with SAML

SAML and Faspex

IBM Aspera Faspex supports Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) 2.0, an XML-based standard that allows secure web domains to exchange user authentication and authorization data. With the SAML model, you can configure IBM Aspera Faspex as a SAML *online service provider (SP)* that contacts a separate online *identity provider (IdP)* to authenticate users. Authenticated users can then use IBM Aspera Faspex to access secure content.

With SAML enabled, IBM Aspera Faspex redirects a user to the IdP sign-on URL. The user signs in with the IdP and the IdP sends a SAML assertion back to IBM Aspera Faspex. When a SAML user logs in to IBM Aspera Faspex for the first time, IBM Aspera Faspex automatically creates a new user account based on the information provided by the SAML response. Any changes subsequently made to the account on the DS server are not automatically picked up by IBM Aspera Faspex. For more information about user provisioning for SAML users, see <u>"User Accounts Provisioned by Just-In-Time (JIT) Provisioning" on page 102</u>.

IdP Requirements

To use SAML with IBM Aspera Faspex, you must already have an identity provider (IdP) that meets the following requirements:

- Supports SAML 2.0
- Able to use an HTTP POST Binding.
- Able to connect to the same directory service that IBM Aspera Faspex uses.
- Not configured to use pseudonyms.
- Can return assertions to IBM Aspera Faspex that include the entire contents of the signing certificate.
- If prompted, set to sign the SAML response. (Signing the SAML assertion is optional.)

Configure the SAML IdP

Before configuring SAML in IBM Aspera Faspex, make sure you configure your IdP to send a correct SAML response to IBM Aspera Faspex. For more information, see <u>"Configuring Your Identity Provider (IdP)" on</u> page 103.

For instructions on configuring SAML, see "Creating a SAML Configuration in Faspex" on page 104.

SAML and Directory Services

IBM Aspera Faspex supports the use of both SAML and directory services. If you configure both services to IBM Aspera Faspex, ensure the services use different Active Directory domains. Aspera advises against configuring LDAP directly to IBM Aspera Faspex if the SAML IdP acts as a frontend for the same Active Directory domain.

Multiple SAML Configurations in Faspex

Faspex supports multiple SAML configurations on the same server. Faspex redirects users to the default SAML IdP, but if no default is specified, Faspex directs users to the local login page where users can choose to log into publicly visible SAML configurations or log in locally.

In the following example, East Department and West Department are the names of two SAML configurations.

lse this opt	on to log in with your Faspex account
Username	
Password	
Forgot passw	ord
	Log In
	or log in with
East Depart	or log in with
East Depart	
	ment log in here.

To configure multiple SAML configurations in Faspex, first create a new SAML configuration (see <u>"Creating</u> a SAML Configuration in Faspex" on page 104) and then configure a domain URL for the configuration (see <u>"Configuring a Domain URL for SAML" on page 106</u>).

Bypassing the Default SAML IdP

IBM Aspera Faspex provides a mechanism for users to bypass the SAML redirect and log in using a local username and password. This feature allows admins to correct server settings, including a mis-configured SAML setup, without logging in through SAML.

To bypass the SAML login, add login?local=true to the end of the login URL. For example:

https://198.51.100.48/login?local=true

If users need to access a SAML IdP that is not the default IdP, users can use domain URLs to directly access a SAML configuration. For more information, see "Bypassing the SAML Redirect" on page 109.

User Accounts Provisioned by Just-In-Time (JIT) Provisioning

When a SAML user logs in to IBM Aspera Faspex for the first time, IBM Aspera Faspex automatically creates a new user account based on the information provided by the SAML response. If the SAML response also contains group information, and that group does not yet exist in IBM Aspera Faspex automatically creates a new SAML group for each group of which the user is a member. For more information about SAML groups, see "Creating SAML Groups" on page 105.

Note: If an admin enables the **Restrict access to known groups** feature for the SAML configuration, only members of existing IBM Aspera Faspex SAML groups can log in. This also means that new SAML groups are not automatically created when SAML users log in. For more information about SAML configuration options, see "Configure SAML Options" on page 107.

SAML Users and External Users

When a SAML user logs in to IBM Aspera Faspex checks for existing external users matching the email address of the SAML user. If such a user exists, IBM Aspera Faspex merges the two accounts.

Group Permissions

A SAML user belonging to multiple groups is given the permissions and settings of all groups it belongs to with permissions overriding restrictions. For example, if Group A disallows sending to external users but Group B does not, users who belong to both groups are allowed to send to external users. Settings that require specific handling are as follows:

- Account expiration is only enabled if all groups to which a user belongs specify account expiration. If account expiration is enabled, the expiration date is set to the latest expiration date from among all groups.
- For any settings that use **Server Default**, **Yes** or **Allow**, and **No** or **Deny**, the setting is set to **Yes** if any group specifies **Yes**, and it is set to **No** if all groups are set to **No**. Otherwise, it is set to use the server default.
- For package deletion policy, override is enabled if all groups specify override, or if the least restrictive group setting is less restrictive than the server-wide setting. If override is enabled, the least restrictive group setting is used. **Do nothing** is less restrictive than **Delete files after all recipients download all files**, which in turn is less restrictive than **Delete files after any recipient downloads all files**.
- For advanced transfer settings, override is enabled if all groups specify override or if any group specifies any transfer rate that is higher than the server default. If override is enabled, each transfer rate is set to the higher of the highest value from among the groups and the server default. The minimum rate policy is locked only if all groups specify the setting.

For more information on these settings, see "SAML Group Permissions" on page 109.

Configuring Your Identity Provider (IdP)

IdP Requirements

To use SAML with IBM Aspera Faspex, you must already have an identity provider (IdP) that meets the following requirements:

- Supports SAML 2.0
- Able to use an HTTP POST Binding.
- Able to connect to the same directory service that IBM Aspera Faspex uses.
- Not configured to use pseudonyms.
- Can return assertions to IBM Aspera Faspex that include the entire contents of the signing certificate.
- If prompted, set to sign the SAML response. (Signing the SAML assertion is optional.)

IdP Metadata Formats

You must configure formats to set up your IdP to work with IBM Aspera Faspex:

Tag	Format
NameID Format	Faspex supports the following formats:
	 urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:unspecified
	 urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:transient
	 urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:persistent
	 urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:emailAddress
Entity ID	https://faspex_ip/aspera/faspex/auth/saml/metadata/saml_id
Binding	urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:bindings:HTTP-POST
Callback URL	https://faspex_ip/aspera/faspex/auth/saml/callback?id=saml_id

If the IdP is capable of reading SAML XML metadata for a service provider, you can upload a saved XML metadata file to configure the IdP. You can retrieve the XML metadata for an existing IBM Aspera Faspex by going to https://server_ip/aspera/faspex/auth/saml/metadata/saml_id and saving the XML as an XML file.

Note: The *saml_id* specifies the SAML configuration. For example, in the case of multiple SAML configurations, the first configuration is associated with the SAML ID "1", the next configuration "2", and so on.

SAML Assertion Requirements

IBM Aspera Faspex: expects assertion from an IdP to contain the following elements:

Default Attribute	IBM Aspera Faspex User Field	Required
NameID/ SAML_SUBJECT	Username	Yes, with the format:urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid- format:unspecified
email	Email address	Yes
given_name	First name	Yes
surname	Last name	Optional
member_of	SAML group	Necessary for SAML groups

Tip: You can configure the IBM Aspera Faspex user fields to map to different attributes in the IBM Aspera Faspex SAML configuration settings.

Creating a SAML Configuration in Faspex

Before configuring SAML in Faspex, make sure you have properly configured your SAML IdP (see "Configuring Your Identity Provider (IdP)" on page 103).

- 1. In Faspex, go to **Server > Authentication > SAML Integration**.
- 2. Optional: Import a SAML IdP's metadata to auto-populate the fields for SSO URL, fingerprint, and certificate. You can import from a URL, from a saved file, or from pasted text. Click **Import Settings From Metadata URL**.
- 3. Enter a name for your configuration in the **Name** field. This name is used by Faspex to differentiate between multiple SAML configurations.
- 4. Optional: Configure the following SAML options.
 - **Publicly Visible**: Determines whether Faspex allows users to choose this IdP as an option from the local login page.
 - Public Login Instructions field: Displays a description of the IdP and instructions on how to log in.
 - **Restrict access to known groups**: Prevents SAML users that are not members of existing Faspex SAML groups from logging into this IdP.
 - **Default SAML Configuration**: Determines if accessing the Faspex URL redirects to this IdP or the local faspex login page.
 - **Domain URL**: Directs users to this IdP when they access this alternate URL. For more information, see "Configuring a Domain URL for SAML" on page 106.

For more information on these options, see "Configure SAML Options" on page 107.

If you chose to import a metadata file, the **SSO target URL**, **Name ID Format**, **Fingerprint**, and **Certificate** fields have already been auto-populated with information.

- 5. In the SSO target URL field, enter your IdP Single Sign-On URL.
- 6. Choose the Name ID Format used to authenticate with the SAML IdP.

The Name ID format must match the format used with your IdP. Faspex supports the following formats: **Unspecified**, **Transient**, **Persistent**, or **Email Address**. When set to **Unspecified**, any Name ID format returned by the IdP is accepted.

- 7. Enter the IdP **Fingerprint** or **Certificate**. Only one of these two fields is required to authenticate with the SAML IdP.
- 8. Optional: In the **Allowable clock drift** field, configure the milliseconds allowed for clock drift between Faspex and the SAML IdP.
- 9. Configure the default profile fields. These fields must map to attributes in your SAML IdP's SAML response. Enter the **SAML Name** for each of the required fields: **username**, **email**, **first_name**, and **last_name**.

Important: Once you set the value for **username**, do not change it. If **username** is changed, existing SAML users can no longer log into their existing Faspex accounts, but are instead given new accounts with new usernames.

10. Optional: Configure local custom profile fields.

These are custom user attributes that only apply to this IdP. **Name** is the name of the attribute displayed in Faspex. **SAML Name** is the name of the attribute as configured in the IdP. To add a field, click **Add Local Profile Field**. For more information, see <u>"Setting Up Custom SAML Fields" on page</u> 108.

Note: If you've configured custom attributes (**Server > User Profile**), these fields show up as Global Custom Profile Fields that, if required, you must map to valid SAML names. For more information about custom attributes, see "Configuring Custom User Fields" on page 65.

11. Click Create SAML Configuration.

After creating a new SAML configuration, Faspex redirects you to the SAML Configurations page and displays the existing SAML configurations.

Users can now access Faspex through SAML instead of going through the local login page. For information about bypassing the SAML redirect, see "Bypassing the SAML Redirect" on page 109.

Creating SAML Groups

SAML groups are created in IBM Aspera Faspex one of two ways:

- Creating a SAML group in IBM Aspera Faspex using the application and then logging in as a SAML user in the new group. The IBM Aspera Faspex SAML group is mapped to the external SAML group.
- Logging in using SAML credentials creates a Shares SAML group mapped to the external SAML group.

The following instructions describe how to create a SAML group in IBM Aspera Faspex using the web application.

- 1. When SAML is enabled, you can create SAML groups by navigating to **Accounts** > **SAML Groups**.
- 2. Click New Group to create a SAML group.
- 3. Enter the group name, which is the distinguished name (DN).

For example: CN=Aspera Group,OU=Groups,Ou=asperaex,DC=aspera,DC=

- 4. Click **Edit Additional Permissions** to configure parameters such as keeping the user directory private, IP addresses for downloading and uploading, and package deletion parameters.
- 5. Click **Create** to create the SAML group.

To view and manage your SAML group, click **Actions** to activate, deactivate, or remove existing groups. The Sync option is not available for SAML groups.

Users (4) SAML Groups (1) Pending registrations (0)			
Actions - New Group			
Deactivate	Status	Members	Date Added
Group,OU=Groups,OU=asperaex,DC=aspera,DC=aspera,DC=com	Active	5	10/29/15

Note: If a user belongs to only one group and that group is deactivated, the user cannot login anymore. However, if a user belongs to multiple groups and at least one of these groups is active, the user is able to log in.

Set Up Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) for Console SAML

Register a new relying party trust using Console SAML metadata.

Before registering a new relying party trust, configure a Console SAML configuration through the Web UI (**Server > Authentication > SAML Integration**). For more information, see <u>"Creating a SAML Configuration in Faspex"</u> on page 104.

- 1. Save the SAML metadata file:
 - a) In Console, go to Server > Authentication > SAML Integration and click the Metadata link.
 - b) Save the page as an XML(.xml) file.
- 2. On the server hosting AD FS, launch the **ADFS Management Console**.
- 3. Add a new relationship (click the plus next to Trust Relationships).
- 4. Right click on Relying Party Trust and select Add Relying Party Trust
- 5. On the Add Relying Party Trust Wizard window, click Start.
- 6. Choose Import data about the relying party from a file.
- 7. Browse to the location of your metadata file, select it, and click, **Open**.
- 8. Click **Next** and choose a unique display name.
- 9. Choose Permit all users to access this relying party.
- 10. Click Next until you see the Open the Edit Claim Rules dialog for this relying party trust when the wizard closes. Clear that option.
- 11. Close the window.
- 12. Right click on the newly created relying party and select **Properties > Advanced**.
- 13. Change the Secure hash algorithm to SHA-256 and click OK.
- 14. Test the configuration by logging in to Console through the ADFS SAML configuration.

Configuring a Domain URL for SAML

These instructions assume you have already created a SAML configuration in Faspex.

Domain URLs allow users to directly access a SAML IdP. A user may use a domain URL to bypass the default SAML IdP if the user is not a member of that IdP. Configuring a domain URL requires you to access Faspex through a browser to access the metadata file for the SAML configuration.

- 1. Go to Server > Authentication > SAML Integration and select your SAML configuration.
- 2. Enter an alternate hostname in the **Domain URL** text field. For example, you may enter shibboleth.faspex.example.com.

Note: Verify with your IT department that the domain URL resolves to your Faspex server's hostname in your DNS.

- 3. Click Update SAML Configuration.
- 4. Go to the SAML Configurations page in Faspex (Server > Authentication > SAML Integration). Click the Metadata link.

Faspex redirects you to page displaying the metadata in XML format.



5. Change the URL in the browser to match the domain URL's hostname instead of the Faspex IP address. The domain URL's hostname is represented by the entityID attribute in the <md:EntityDescriptor> XML tag.

For example, if your Faspex IP address is **198.51.100.24**, your metadata URL may be: https://198.51.100.24/aspera/faspex/auth/saml/metadata/1. If your domain URL is **shibboleth.faspex.example**, change the URL to https://shibboleth.faspex.example/ aspera/faspex/auth/saml/metadata/1.

Enter the new URL in your browser and go to that page.

- 6. Save the page as an XML file to your machine.
- 7. Follow the instructions provided by your IdP to configure the domain URL's metadata in the IdP.

Once configured in your SAML IdP, accessing the domain URL redirects you to the IdP. Log in to the IdP to access Faspex.

Configure SAML Options

To configure an existing SAML IdP, go to **Server > Authentication > SAML Integration** and click the name of the IdP.

Option	Description
Name	Give this configuration a name.
Publicly Visible	Determine whether Faspex allows users to choose this IdP as an option from the local login page. If selected, Faspex displays this IdP as a login option. If not selected, Faspex does not display this IdP and users must access the IdP using a domain URL.
	Note: If the admin does not specify a SAML configurations as the default, Faspex automatically redirects users to the local login page. For more information on bypassing the SAML redirect, see <u>"Bypassing the SAML Redirect" on page 109</u> .
Public Login Instructions	This option becomes available when Publicly Visible is selected. Enter a description of the IdP and specify instructions for logging into the IdP.
Restrict access to known groups	Prevent SAML users that are not members of existing Faspex SAML groups from logging into this IdP. If a user is a member of multiple groups, the user can log in as long as one of those groups exists in Faspex.

Option	Description
	Note: If this feature is enabled, Faspex does not create new groups for users that are a member of multiple SAML groups. For more information about automatically creating new groups, see <u>"User Accounts Provisioned by Just-In-Time (JIT)</u> <u>Provisioning" on page 102</u> . For more information about SAML groups, see <u>"Creating SAML Groups" on page 105</u> .
Redirect to SAML logout page on logouts	When SAML users log out of Faspex, they are redirected to the SAML logout page instead of the local login page. From the SAML logout page, users can log back into Faspex with SAML.
Restrict access to known users	Prevent users that are not existing Faspex SAML users from logging into this IdP.
Default SAML Configuration	Determine if accessing the Faspex URL redirects users to this IdP or to the local Faspex login page. If selected, accessing the Faspex URL directs them to this IdP. If not selected, users arrive at the local login page instead.
	Note: Setting a default SAML configuration does not affect the workflow for client applications such as IBM Aspera Drive. Even if a configuration is set as default, the client application still presents all public SAML configurations.
Domain URL	Enter an alternate Faspex domain URL that directs users to this IdP when they access it. This URL overrides the default URL.
	Tip: You do not need to enter a full URL. For example, you can use idp.faspex.com instead of https://idp.faspex.com.
	Domain URLs require further configuration. For more information, see <u>"Configuring</u> a Domain URL for SAML" on page 106.

Setting Up Custom SAML Fields

Faspex can import SAML fields in your SAML identity provider (IdP) as user profile fields. (For more information on user profile fields, see "Configuring Custom User Fields" on page 65).

You can import different custom fields for each individual IdP.

- 1. Add new SAML fields in your SAML identity provider. These fields must be correctly mapped to the SAML directory service.
- 2. Go to **Server > Authentication > SAML Integration** and click the SAML configuration for which you want to configure custom attributes.

Go to the Attribute Mapping section and add custom fields to Local Custom Profile Fields. These are custom user attributes that only apply to this IdP. Click **Add Local Profile Field** for each field you want to configure.

The following section describes configuration options for a SAML custom field:

Configuration Option	Description
Enabled	Select this box to enable or disable the custom field. (Fields are enabled by default.)
Name	Enter the desired name of your custom field into the text box. This field applies to Local users.
SAML Name	Enter the name of the SAML field found in your IdP.
	Important: The Faspex SAML Name must be correctly mapped to your SAML fields in IdP. If the names are incorrectly mapped, Faspex rejects the

Configuration Option	Description
	user login. For more information on custom SAML fields, see <u>"Setting Up</u> Custom SAML Fields" on page 108.
Required	Require that a SAML response includes the SAML name mapped to this custom field. SAML user login fails when the field is required, but the SAML response does not include the required custom attributes.
8	Click the ^{SS} button to delete a field. Faspex opens a pop-up that prompts you to confirm by clicking OK to delete the field.
	Note: Deleting a field permanently deletes the custom field and all its data from all existing users.

3. Click Update SAML Configuration.

Bypassing the SAML Redirect

If Faspex has been configured with a default SAML IdP for authentication, Faspex automatically redirects you to the SAML login page of the default SAML IdP. If you need to authenticate with a different SAML IdP, you can access the correct IdP through the methods below.

Logging In to a SAML IdP from the Local Login Page

To bypass the automatic redirect and go to the local login page, add login?local=true to the end of the Faspex url. For example:

https://192.51.100.24/aspera/faspex/login?local=true.

On the local login page, you can choose to log in with the SAML IdPs an admin has chosen to display on the local login page.

Accessing a SAML IdP Using a Domain URL

Admins can configuer a domain URL for a SAML IdP, which users can access to authenticate to Faspex with the corresponding IdP. If an admin has configured a domain URL for your IdP, you can follow that URL to authenticate with that IdP. need to access a SAML IdP that is not the default IdP, you can use domain URLs to directly access a SAML configuration. For more information on configure domain URLs, see "Configuring a Domain URL for SAML" on page 106.

SAML Group Permissions

Account Details

Option	Description
· ·	Select to set an expiration date for users in this group. All users in this SAML group become inactive on the expiration date.

Permissions

Option	Description
Allowed to	 Uploads allowed: Select to allow users to send packages. Downloads allowed: Select to allow users to download received packages. A user who does not have download permissions still receives packages, but cannot download the files.

Option	Description
	• Forwarding allowed: Select to allow users to forward received packages to other users. The package becomes available to the forwarded users in their Faspex accounts.
	• Can create from remote : Select to allow users to create a package from a remote source such as a remote server. Users allowed to access remote sources can access the Source drop-down menu when sending a new package.
	You must first add remote sources to Faspex to see the Source drop-down menu. For more information on adding remote sources, see <u>"Adding a Node to Faspex" on page 50</u> .
	Note: This setting is disabled by default and must be set on a per-user basis (in other words, there is no global option).
Allow inviting external senders	You must enable this option globally to see this feature. For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u> .
	Select Allow to enable this user to invite users without Faspex accounts to upload a package to Faspex.
Allow public submission URLs	You must enable this option globally to see this feature. For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u> .
	Select Allow to enable users to send a Public URL to users without Faspex accounts. These external users can submit packages to registered Faspex users through this public URL. For more information about Public URLs, see "Configuring Public URLs" on page 80.
	Note: Even if the Public URL feature is enabled for registered Faspex users, they can override the feature for their own account by going to their user Account > Preferences > Misc and clearing Enable public URL .
Can send to external	Select Allow to allow users to send packages to external email addresses.
email	Faspex sends a download link through email. By default, this link expires after three days, but admins can change the duration or disable expiration by going to Server > Security . For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u> .
Can send to all faspex	Select Allow to allow users to send packages to all Faspex users.
users	If this feature is enabled, all existing Faspex users appear in the contact list. If disabled, users can, only send packages to members of workgroups they are part of.
Keep user directory private	Select Yes to prevent users from being able to see the entire user directory, even if they have permissions to send to all Faspex users.
Can see global distribution lists.	Select Yes to give users access to global distribution lists. For more information on global distribution lists, see <u>"Creating a Global Distribution</u> List" on page 117.
Allowed IP addresses for login	Specify the IP addresses that a Faspex user can login from. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option. For example, specifying 198.51.100.* allows a user to login from 198.51.100.1 , 198.51.100.2 , 198.51.100.3 , and so on. Separate multiple IP addresses with commas (,).
Allowed IP addresses for download	Specify the IP addresses that a Faspex user can login from to download packages. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option. For example, specifying

Option	Description
	198.51.100.* allows a user to login from 198.51.100.1 , 198.51.100.2 , 198.51.100.3 , and so on. Separate multiple IP addresses with commas (,).
Allowed IP addresses for upload	Specify the IP addresses that a Faspex user can login from to upload packages. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option. For example, specifying 198.51.100.* allows a user to login from 198.51.100.1 , 198.51.100.2 , 198.51.100.3 , and so on. Separate multiple IP addresses with commas (,).

Package Deletion

Select from the following options to specify behavior after downloading a package:

Option	Description
After download	You can override the server default by selecting Override system default . If you choose override, select one of the following policies:
	• Do nothing : Do not auto-delete after the package is downloaded.
	• Delete files after any recipient downloads all files: Delete after <i>any</i> recipient downloads <i>all</i> files in the package once.
	Important: When this option is selected, a forwarded package can be potentially deleted before the original recipient has downloaded it. Thus, proceed with caution when selecting this option.
	• Delete files after all recipients download all files: Delete if <i>all</i> files in the package have been downloaded by <i>all</i> recipients.
Allow user to set own delete setting on a package-by-package basis	Select Allow to allow this user to choose a package expiration policy when sending a new package.

Advanced Transfer Settings

By default, Faspex uses the transfer settings from the Aspera Central Server section. Select **Override default settings** to set user-specific transfer settings, which take precedence over the server-wide settings.

Option	Description	
Initial Transfer Rate	Specify the initial upload and download transfer rate. When the option Lock minimum rate and policy is checked, the user is not able to adjust transfer policy or minimum transfer rate.	
Maximum Allowed Rate	Specify the maximum upload and download transfer rate for this user.	

Customizing SAML Error Messages

You can customize SAML error messages by modifying them in the **en.yml** error configuration file.

Open the **en.yml** error configuration file in a text editor. You can find the **en.yml** file at: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\locales\en.yml

```
...
login:
    new:
    login: Log In
    login_using_saml_idp: Log in using SAML IdP
    logged_out:
```

```
message: You have been logged out of Faspex; you might still need to log out of your
corporate single-sign-on account.
    log_in_again: Log in again
    errors:
        saml_not_authorized: You are not authorized to use Faspex
        invalid_saml_response: Invalid response from SAML Identity Provider.
        saml_login_failed: Login Failed.
        saml_exception: SAML response Error. Please check the logs.
...
```

Managing User Self-Registration

Enabling Self-Registration

IBM Aspera Faspex gives you the ability to allow non-registered users to request accounts on the Faspex login page. This relieves the workload of admins and managers. You must ensure that proper security settings have been put into place before allowing self-registration.

- 1. The self-registration feature is turned off by default. Go to **Server** > **Security** and find the Registrations section.
- 2. From the Self registration drop down menu, choose between three options:
 - None: Self-registration is not allowed.
 - Moderated: An admin must approve the account before it is created.
 - Unmoderated: Once a user registers an account, the account is automatically created.

If you allow self-registration, Aspera recommends you use the **Moderated** setting for security purposes.



Warning: If self-registration is enabled, a user can use it to find out whether a certain account exists on the server. If a user attempts to self-register a duplicate account, then the user receives a prompt stating that the user already exists.

3. Configure the moderation settings in the table below:

Configuration	Description
Terms of service	If text is set, Faspex requires users to accept the terms of service in order to register an account
Notify the following emails to approve	The email addresses Faspex notifies for moderation. This option is only available if you are using the Moderated self-registration setting
	Note: These email addresses are not validated against existing Faspex admins or managers, but only admins and managers can approve account requests.
Block the following email domains from self- registering	New users are not allowed to register accounts using emails from these email domains
Require external users to register	Require external users to register a Faspex account to download packages
Registration instructions	Text that appears above the Create an account button on the Faspex login page
Self-registered users are allowed to send packages to one another	Self-registered users can send packages to other self-registered users.

4. Click **Update** to save changes.

5. (Optional) To prevent a self-registered account from having the same email address as a full Faspex user, admins can add a special option to **faspex.yml**.

You find **faspex.yml** in the following directory:

- (Windows 32-bit) C:\Program Files\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml
- (Windows 64-bit) C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml

Inside **faspex.yml**, within the Production section, paste the following option and set it to true:

EnforceSelfRegisteredUserEmailUniqueness: true

If users are allowed to self-register, they see the option to **Create an account** on the login page. After a user clicks this button and completes the form, admins are required to **Approve** or **Deny** the account. For more information on approving or denying accounts, see <u>"Approving or Denying Pending Registrations" on page 113</u>.

After a user self-registers, the new account inherits the permissions of the configured template user and automatically becomes a member of designated workgroups. To configure the template user, go to **Accounts > Pending Registrations** and click the **template user** link. For more information about configuring the template user, see <u>"Configure Self-Registration Template User" on page 113</u>.

Approving or Denying Pending Registrations

This topic assumes that you have turned on the **Moderated** self-registration setting. For more information on enabling self-registration, see <u>"Enabling Self-Registration" on page 112</u>.

- 1. Go to **Accounts** > **Pending registrations** to manage requests. Once a user self-registers, the request appears in the Pending Registrations page.
- 2. Select a pending registration or group of pending registrations.

Actions -		
Approve 🖑 Deny	Last	Email
asp2 User	2	asp2@asperaex.com

3. Select either **Approve** or **Deny** from the **Actions** drop-down list.

Approved users automatically inherit the permissions of the template user and will become members of a workgroup, if configured to do so. For more information about the template user, see <u>"Configure Self-Registration Template User" on page 113</u>. After creation, you can update the permissions and workgroup memberships of these users from the **Users** tab.

Configure Self-Registration Template User

Changing Permissions for the Template User

When self-registration requests are approved, the new users inherit the permissions of the template user. This user has default settings, which you can view and modify by clicking **template user** link. On the **Edit Template User** page, you will find the following settings:

Option	Description	
New accounts will expire	Enable this setting if you would like a self-registered user's account to expire after a set number of days. Once the account expires, Faspex deactivates the	

Option	Description	
	account and that user will no longer be able to log into Faspex, unless you reactivate the account.	
	Note: In the Accounts list, inactive accounts are shown in gray. Packages sent to this user will remain on the server (if configured to do so).	
New accounts will be deleted	Enable this setting to automatically delete a self-registered user's account after a set number of days.	
	Warning: If this setting is enabled, the user's account will be completely removed from the Faspexdatabase and you cannot reactivate it. Packages sent to this user will remain on the server (if configured to do so).	

Permissions

Option	Description
Allowed to	• Uploads allowed: Select to allow users to send packages.
	• Downloads allowed : Select to allow users to download received packages. A user who does not have download permissions still receives packages, but cannot download the files.
	• Forwarding allowed : Select to allow users to forward received packages to other users. The package becomes available to the forwarded users in their Faspex accounts.
	• Can create from remote : Select to allow users to create a package from a remote source such as a remote server. Users allowed to access remote sources can access the Source drop-down menu when sending a new package.
	You must first add remote sources to Faspex to see the Source drop-down menu. For more information on adding remote sources, see <u>"Adding a Node to Faspex" on page 50</u> .
	Note: This setting is disabled by default and must be set on a per-user basis (in other words, there is no global option).
Allow inviting external senders	You must enable this option globally to see this feature. For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u> .
	Select Allow to enable this user to invite users without Faspex accounts to upload a package to Faspex.
Allow public submission URLs	You must enable this option globally to see this feature. For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u> .
	Select Allow to enable users to send a Public URL to users without Faspex accounts. These external users can submit packages to registered Faspex users through this public URL. For more information about Public URLs, see "Configuring Public URLs" on page 80.
	Note: Even if the Public URL feature is enabled for registered Faspex users, they can override the feature for their own account by going to their user Account > Preferences > Misc and clearing Enable public URL .
Can send to external email	Select Allow to allow users to send packages to external email addresses.

Option	Description	
	Faspex sends a download link through email. By default, this link expires after three days, but admins can change the duration or disable expiration by going to Server > Security . For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security</u> Settings" on page 40.	
Can create normal packages	Select Allow to allow users to create packages on the New Package page. Select Deny to prevent the user from accessing the New Packages site. In this case, the user can only create dropbox packages and only if they are a member of a dropbox. To change the server default, go to Server > Configuration > Security and edit the setting for Allow users to create normal packages .	
Can send to all faspex	Select Allow to allow users to send packages to all Faspex users.	
users	If this feature is enabled, all existing Faspex users appear in the contact list. If disabled, users can, only send packages to members of workgroups they are part of.	
Keep user directory private	Select Yes to prevent users from being able to see the entire user directory, even if they have permissions to send to all Faspex users.	
Can see global distribution lists.	Select Yes to give users access to global distribution lists. For more information on global distribution lists, see <u>"Creating a Global Distribution</u> List" on page 117.	
Allowed IP addresses for login	Specify the IP addresses that a Faspex user can login from. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option. For example, specifying 198.51.100.* allows a user to login from 198.51.100.1 , 198.51.100.2 , 198.51.100.3 , and so on. Separate multiple IP addresses with commas (,).	
Allowed IP addresses for download	 Specify the IP addresses that a Faspex user can login from to download packages. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option. For example, specifying 198.51.100.* allows a user to login from 198.51.100.1, 198.51.100.2, 198.51.100.3, and so on. Separate multiple IP addresses with commas (,). 	
Allowed IP addresses for upload	Specify the IP addresses that a Faspex user can login from to upload packages. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option. For example, specifying 198.51.100.* allows a user to login from 198.51.100.1 , 198.51.100.2 , 198.51.100.3 , and so on. Separate multiple IP addresses with commas (,).	

Package Deletion

Select from the following options to specify behavior after downloading a package:

Option	Description
After download	You can override the server default by selecting Override system default . If you choose override, select one of the following policies:
	• Do nothing : Do not auto-delete after the package is downloaded.
	• Delete files after any recipient downloads all files: Delete after any recipient downloads <i>all</i> files in the package once.
	Important: When this option is selected, a forwarded package can be potentially deleted before the original recipient has downloaded it. Thus, proceed with caution when selecting this option.
	• Delete files after all recipients download all files: Delete if <i>all</i> files in the package have been downloaded by <i>all</i> recipients.

Option	Description
Allow user to set own delete setting on a package-by-package basis	Select Allow to allow this user to choose a package expiration policy when sending a new package.

Advanced Transfer Settings

By default, Faspex uses the transfer settings from the Aspera Central Server section. Select **Override default settings** to set user-specific transfer settings, which take precedence over the server-wide settings.

Option	Description
Initial Transfer Rate	Specify the initial upload and download transfer rate. When the option Lock minimum rate and policy is checked, the user is not able to adjust transfer policy or minimum transfer rate.
Maximum Allowed Rate	Specify the maximum upload and download transfer rate for this user.

Creating Distribution Lists

Creating a Personal Distribution List

You can configure personal distribution lists to send packages to a list of email addresses and Faspex users. Each distribution list consists of a comma-separated list of email addresses or Faspex usernames.

On the Edit Distribution Lists page, you can create, edit, or delete personal distribution lists. Although you cannot edit global distribution lists, you can duplicate the list and then edit the duplicated list. For more information on creating and editing global distribution lists, see <u>"Creating a Global Distribution List" on page 117</u>.

To create a new list:

- 1. Click the profile icon in the top-right of the banner and select **Account** from the drop-down menu.
- 2. Go to the Edit Distribution Lists tab.
- 3. Click Add New Distribution List or Duplicate a global list.
- 4. Name the distribution list.

Do not give your personal distribution list the same name as a user account or workgroup name.

Do not give your personal distribution list same name as a global distribution list, unless you want Faspex to use personal list instead of the global list when sending a package.

- 5. Enter up to 50 contacts. You can:
 - Type email addresses or Faspex usernames into the Contacts field.
 - Click + to import contacts from your Faspex contacts list.
 - Click the Browse button to upload contacts from a CSV file.

Note: The CSV file must include a single column containing only email addresses.

You cannot send packages to a distribution list if any recipient in the list is an invalid user. For example, if a user is an external user and the option to send to external users is disabled, the external user is considered invalid and package sending fails.

If the admin enables the **Ignore invalid recipients** option, package sending does not fail even if the list contains an invalid user. Faspex skips any invalid user and delivers the package to all valid recipients in the list. (Go to **Server > Security** and, under the Faspex accounts section, select **Ignore invalid recipients**.)

Note: To send explicitly to external users, you must append (external) to the email address (or Faspex automatically expands the email to existing Faspex users or creates a Faspex user for the email. For example, to send to faspex_user@example.com, add faspex_user@example.com (external) to the distribution list. For more information on email expansion, see <u>"Package Recipient</u> Expansion by Email Address" on page 76.

The items in the list are not validated until you try to send a package to the list.

6. Click Create.

After creating a distribution list, the list appears on the Editing Distribution Lists page. You can edit the name and contacts list, or import contacts by clicking **Import Contacts from CSV**. After making changes, click **Update Distribution Lists** to save the changes. You can also delete distribution lists by clicking the **Delete** link for the list.

Creating a Global Distribution List

Admins can configure global distribution lists that can be used by all users to send packages to a list of email addresses and Faspex users. Each distribution list consists of a comma-separated list of email addresses or Faspex usernames. The items in the list are not validated until a user tries to send a package to the list. Admins can configure whether all users can see these lists or whether admins have to grant access to individual users. For more information on granting access to global distribution lists, see "Configure User Access to Global Distribution Lists" on page 118.

1. Go to Server > Configuration > Global Distribution Lists and click Add New Distribution List.

2. Name the distribution list.

Do not give your personal distribution list the same name as a user account or workgroup name.

Do not give your personal distribution list same name as a global distribution list, unless you want Faspex to use personal list instead of the global list when sending a package.

- 3. Enter up to 50 contacts. You can:
 - Type email addresses or Faspex usernames into the Contacts field.
 - Click + to import contacts from your Faspex contacts list.
 - Click the Browse button to upload contacts from a CSV file.

Note: The CSV file must include a single column containing only email addresses.

You cannot send packages to a distribution list if any recipient in the list is an invalid user. For example, if a user is an external user and the option to send to external users is disabled, the external user is considered invalid and package sending fails.

If the admin enables the **Ignore invalid recipients** option, package sending does not fail even if the list contains an invalid user. Faspex skips any invalid user and delivers the package to all valid recipients in the list. (Go to **Server > Security** and, under the Faspex accounts section, select **Ignore invalid recipients**.)

Note: To send explicitly to external users, you must append (external) to the email address (or Faspex automatically expands the email to existing Faspex users or creates a Faspex user for the email. For example, to send to faspex_user@example.com, add faspex_user@example.com (external) to the distribution list. For more information on email expansion, see <u>"Package Recipient</u> Expansion by Email Address" on page 76.

The items in the list are not validated until you try to send a package to the list.

4. Click Create.

After creating a distribution list, the list appears on the Global Distribution Lists page. You can edit the name and contacts list, or import contacts by clicking **Import Contacts from CSV**. After making changes, click **Update Distribution Lists** to save the changes. You can also delete distribution lists by clicking the **Delete** link for the list.

Global Distribution Lists Add New Distribution List			
Name	Contacts		
Advent Vide	james@adventvp.co m, madison@adventvp.c om, sara@adventvp.com, boyu@adventvp.com,	Import Contacts From CSV	<u>Delete</u>
Update Distribu	tion Lists		

Configure User Access to Global Distribution Lists

Configure Default Access to Global Distribution Lists

Go to **Server > Security**. Under the Faspex accounts section, select **Users can see global distribution lists by default** to give all users access to global distribution lists by default. Deselect the option to require an admin manually grant a user access to global distribution lists.

Enable or Disable Access for a User

Go to **Accounts** and click the name of the user you want to grant or deny access to global distribution lists. Under **Permissions**, there are three settings for the **Can see global distribution lists** permission. You can choose to permanently allow or deny access to global distribution lists, or you can choose to use the server default configured by enabling or disabling the **Users can see global distribution lists by default** option in the server security settings.

Using Rake Tasks to Manage Faspex

Configuring the Primary Transfer Address of the Default Node

You can configure the primary address Faspex uses to connect with the primary Faspex node. The primary node address is the node address you provided when you installed Faspex locally or remotely. To configure the address, run the following rake task command:

asctl faspex:rake aspera:set_node_ext_address EXTERNAL_ADDRESS="hostname_or_IP"

You can also see and configure the primary address by going to **Server > File Storage**, selecting **Edit** from the drop-down menu for the default node, and clicking **Advanced Configuration**.

Creating Users with Rake Tasks

The following rake tasks allow you to create, update, and delete individual, local users.

Command	Description	
asctl faspex:rake users:createn username -f firstname -l lastname -e email -p password	Create the user with the specified user name, first name, last name,	

Command	Description
	and email address. Setting a password is optional.
asctl faspex:rake users:updaten username [optional arguments]	Update the user with the specified <i>username</i> and any additional arguments.
asctl faspex:rake users:deleten <i>username</i>	Delete the user with the specified <i>username</i> .

For more details on the options, see the table below.

Rake Task Options

Options (Short Form)	Options (Long Form)	Description
-n username	name username	User's Faspex username used to log into this account.
-p password	password password	User's password (optional).
-f first_name	first_name first_name	User's first name (required for users:create).
-l last_name	last_name	User's last name (required for users:create).
-e email_address	email <i>email_address</i>	User's email address (required for users:create).
- h	help	Print out help information for this rake task.

Bulk Create and Manage Users with Rake Tasks

Rake Commands

To create and manage users in bulk, use the following commands:

```
asctl faspex:rake users:bulk_create -- -u userfile -p propertyfile
asctl faspex:rake users:bulk_update -- -u userfile -p propertyfile
asctl faspex:rake users:bulk_delete -- -u userfile
```

Note: The **users:bulk_create** and **users:bulk_update** rake tasks do not support setting passwords for users. An admin must manually set the passwords for the created users.

Create and Update Options

Option	Description
	Full path to the CSV file specifying attributes to be applied to individual users. For example:
	<pre>name,first_name,last_name,email,welcome_email user1,John,Doe,jdoe@example.com,jdoe@example. com user2,Susan,Lee,slee@example.com,slee@example .com user3,Jay,Johnson,jjohnson@example.com</pre>

Option	Description	
	Faspex sends a welcome email to a user if you provide a welcome email in the entry. You can forgo the welcome email by leaving that column blank. In the example above, Faspex sends a welcome email to user1 and user2, but not to user3.	
propertiesfile (required)	Full path to the CSV file specifying attributes to be applied to all users. Use this file to determine the type of user.	
	The properties file for adding local members of a directory service follows this format:	
	type,authorization_domain_id DirectoryServiceUser,3	
	Set the authorization_domain_id to the ID of a configured LDAP. You can obtain the IDby going to Accounts > Diretory Service Groups . selecting the LDAP, and finding the ID in the URL (for example, the 3 in aspera/faspex/admin/ authorization_domains/3/edit)	
	The properties file for adding local users follows this format:	
	type LocalUser	

Delete Options

Option	Description
userfile (required)	Full path to the CSV file specifying attributes to be applied to individual users. For example: name user1 user2 user3

Force All Users to Reset Passwords with Rake Tasks

You can force all users to reset their passwords when they next log in.

Rake Command

```
asctl faspex:rake users:force_password_reset
```

Bulk Import and Manage DS Users with Rake Tasks

To import and manage DS users in bulk, use the following commands:

asctl faspex:rake users:bulk_create -- -u userfile -p propertyfile asctl faspex:rake users:bulk_update -- -u userfile -p propertyfile asctl faspex:rake users:bulk_delete -- -u userfile

Rake Task Options

Option	Description
userfile	Full path to the CSV file specifying attributes to be applied to individual users.
(required)	For example:
	name,first_name,last_name,email,ad_objectguid user1,John,Doe,jdoe@example.com,e43f8A9d325ed740b8dbefb3ca0f7bb8 user2,Susan,Lee,slee@example.com,2b42959ff79507498f0af3138e5d37e3 user3,Jay,Johnson,jjohnson@example.com,cc07cacc5d9dfa40a9fb3a4d50a172b0
	The objectGUID is the DS Distinguished Name (DN).
	Important: If you are importing from Active Directory, you must find the objectGUID attribute for a user and copy it in hexadecimal format. Edit the user and go to Properties > Attribute Editor > objectGUID . Edit the attribute, select hexadecimal format, and copy the whole string.
	This string is different from the string displayed on the main page. Use this string instead of the one on the main page.
	When entering the string into the CSV file, enter it as one string without spaces. For example, if the string is "E4 3F 8A 9D 32 5E D7 40 B8 DB EF B3 CA 0F 7B B8", enter it as "E43F8A9D325ED740B8DBEFB3CA0F7BB8".
propertiesfile	Full path to the CSV file specifying attributes to be applied to all users.
(required)	The properties file for adding DS users to Faspex would look like this:
	<pre>type,authorization_domain_id DirectoryServiceUser,id_num</pre>
	The authorization_domain_id can be found by going to Server > Authentication > Directory Services and editing the Directory Service. Look at the URL and find the ID number after "authorization_domains. For example, if the URL is https:// 198.51.100.24/aspera/faspex/admin/authorization_domains/1/edit, the ID number is "1"

Delete Options

Option	Description
userfile (required)	Full path to the CSV file specifying attributes to be applied to individual users. For example:
	name user1 user2 user3

Import SAML Users with Rake Tasks

You can run a rake task to build import SAML user information from a JSON file into Faspex. Faspex also imports entries for existing SAML users and imports updates the users in Faspex with the new values. The rake task follows this syntax:

asctl faspex:rake users:import_saml_users RESOURCE=path/to/json_file_or_url

You must point the rake task to a local file or to a URL referencing a JSON file with the following format:

```
{"users": [
    { "username": "username",
    "email": "email_address",
    "given_name": "first_name",
    "saml_configuration_id": saml_config_id },
    ...
```

```
]}
```

Attribute	Description
Username	The Faspex username associated with the SAML user.
Email	The email address associated with the account.
Given Name	The first name associated with the account.
SAML Configuration ID	The ID associated with the SAML configuration. The <i>saml_id</i> specifies the SAML configuration. For example, in the case of multiple SAML configurations, the first configuration is associated with the SAML ID "1", the next configuration "2", and so on.
	Note: You must first configure the SAML configuration in Faspex to associate the users with the correct SAML IdP through the SAML ID. For more information on configuring a SAML configuration, see <u>"Creating a SAML Configuration in Faspex"</u> on page 104.

An example entry for a user might look like the following:

```
{ "username": "johndoe",
    "email": "johndoe@faspex.example.com",
    "given_name": "John",
    "saml_configuration_id": 1 }
```

Tip: You can also automate the process of importing SAML users from a JSON file. For more information, see "Automating Importing SAML Users with Rake Tasks" on page 122.

Automating Importing SAML Users with Rake Tasks

You can automate the process of importing SAML users from a JSON file by editing the faspex.yml file. You must provide the path to a JSON file with the following format:

```
{"users": [
    { "username": "username",
    "email": "email_address",
    "given_name": "first_name",
    "saml_configuration_id": saml_config_id },
    ...
]}
```

Attribute	Description
Username	The Faspex username associated with the SAML user.
Email	The email address associated with the account.
Given Name	The first name associated with the account.
SAML Configuration ID	The ID associated with the SAML configuration. The <i>saml_id</i> specifies the SAML configuration. For example, in the case of multiple SAML configurations, the first configuration is associated with the SAML ID "1", the next configuration "2", and so on.
	Note: You must first configure the SAML configuration in Faspex to associate the users with the correct SAML IdP through the SAML ID. For more information on

Attribute	Description
	configuring a SAML configuration, see <u>"Creating a SAML Configuration in Faspex"</u> on page 104.

Important: Backup faspex.yml before making your changes. For more information about the faspex.yml file, see "faspex.yml Configurations Reference" on page 141.

 Edit faspex.yml which can be found at: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml.

Under the "Production" section, provide the path to a local JSON file or a URL referencing a JSON file. Set the frequency for Faspex to import user data from the JSON file.

production:

```
DisableSAMLUserImportBackgroundJob: false
SAMLUserImportJSONResourceFQN: full_path_of_JSON_file
SAMLUserImportFrequencyInSeconds: time_in_seconds
```

2. Save and restart Faspex processes.

asctl faspex:restart

Faspex now automatically imports updates you make to the JSON file. Faspex also imports entries for existing SAML users and imports updates the users in Faspex with the new values.

Configuring Server Settings with Rake Tasks

The following rake tasks are used to configure Faspex server settings related to file storage and nodes.

Configure SMTP Server

The syntax of the command to configure the Faspex SMTP server is as follows:

```
> asctl faspex:rake aspera:smtp -- [options]
```

Options	Description
server server	The SMTP server address
port port	The SMTP port
domain <i>domain</i>	The email domain name
tls true/false	Whether to use TLS if available
username username	The email username
password password	The email password
from email	The email sender's address that will appear in the 'from' field

For example:

```
> asctl faspex:rake aspera:smtp -- --auth=open --server=smtp_example.aspera.us --
port=25 --domain=aspera.us --tls=ON --username=example@aspera.com --from_name=Faspex --
from_email=aspera_faspex@aspera.com
```

Configure the Server Default Inbox Path

To configure the path for the default inbox, run the following rake task:

> asctl faspex:rake aspera:set_storage_share_directory DIRECTORY="C:\path\to\directory"

Note: The specified path should be relative to the docroot. For example, if the docroot is C:\faspex_packages, and the new default inbox path is C:\faspex_packages\johndoe, specify \johndoe.

Create a Node API User

To create a Node API user mapped to the "faspex" transfer user, run the following rake task:

```
> asctl faspex:rake aspera:setup_node_user USERNAME="username" PASSWORD="password"
```

Create or Update a Remote Node

To create and add a remote node or update an existing remote node, run the following rake task:

```
> asctl faspex:rake aspera:source_server NAME="remote_node_name" HOST="remote_node_hostname"
PORT="node_api_port" USERNAME="node_api_username" PASSWORD="node_api_password"
USE_SSL=["true"/"false"] VERIFY_SSL=["true"/"false"]
```

The USE_SSL and VERIFY_SSL arguments are optional and can be set to either "true" or "false".

Update the Directory Path of an Existing File Storage

To create a new file storage or update an existing file storage, run the following rake task:

```
> asctl faspex:rake aspera:source_directory NODE_NAME="node_name"
SOURCE_NAME="file_storage_name" DIRECTORY="C:\path\to\directory"
```

You can make this directory the default directory by adding --make_default to the command. For example:

```
> asctl faspex:rake aspera:source_directory NODE_NAME="faspex_node" SOURCE_NAME="packages"
DIRECTORY="C:\aspera_files" --make_default
```

Note: The specified path should be relative to the docroot. For example, if the docroot is C:\faspex_packages, and the new default inbox path is C:\faspex_packages\johndoe, specify \johndoe.

Managing Packages with Rake Tasks

Clean Records of Deleted Packages

To clean records of packages deleted from Faspex, run the following rake task:

> asctl faspex:rake packages:clean_deleted OLDER_THAN_DAYS=days

Delete Expired Packages from Custom Inboxes and Workgroup Relays

> asctl faspex:rake packages:delete_expired_packages DELETE_INTERVAL=interval

This rake task iterates through expired packages in custom inboxes and workgroup relays and deletes their contents one by one, waiting the DELETE_INTERVAL in seconds between each delete. The defaul interval value is 5s.

Encrypting and Decrypting Database Passwords

You can use the following rake tasks to encrypt and decrypt passwords in your database.yml configuration file.

Encrypting Passwords

Run the following command to encrypt passwords:

```
asctl faspex:rake aspera:encrypt_database_passwords
```

Decrypting Passwords

Run the following command to decrypt passwords:

```
asctl faspex:rake aspera:decrypt_database_passwords
```

Exporting and Importing Global Distribution Lists

You can use the following rake tasks to export and import global distribution lists in JSON file format.

Exporting Global Distribution Lists

Run the following command to encrypt passwords:

asctl faspex:rake aspera:export_distribution_list FILE_LOCATION=file_location

For example:

asctl faspex:rake aspera:export_distribution_list FILE_LOCATION=C:\faspex_dlist.json

Importing Global Distribution Lists

Run the following command to decrypt passwords:

asctl faspex:rake aspera:import_distribution_list FILE_LOCATION=file_location

For example:

asctl faspex:rake aspera:import_distribution_list FILE_LOCATION=C:\faspex_dlist.json

Directory Service to SAML Migration

This procedure will migrate all the users under the directory service configuration to SAML configuration.

1- Stop your Faspex application:

asctl faspex:stop

2- Backup certain tables:

```
/opt/aspera/common/mysql/bin/mysqldump -u root -p faspex users ad_groups user_ad_groups
ad_group_memberships > before_raketask_migration_dump.sql
```

3- Migrate your Directory Service to SAML:

asctl faspex:rake migration:ds_to_saml DS_ID=1 SAML_ID=1

Note: DS_ID corresponds to the directory service configuration ID, and SAML_ID to the SAML configuration ID.

4- Start your Faspex application:

asctl faspex:start

Note: Directory services will be disabled during the migration and it is recommended to not enable them again.

To prevent issues with the SAML login make sure the Directory Service username matches the SAML IdP username.

Customizing Faspex: Email Notifications, Server Instructions, Application Appearance

Configuring Email Notification Templates

- 1. Go to **Server > Notifications** and select an email template. For a list of supported email templates, see "Email Notification Template Types" on page 170.
- 2. When you select one of these notification types, you can edit its respective content by clicking **Customize Using Template** or **Edit HTML**.
 - **Customize Using Template**: Create an email template by filling out a form. You can use special text strings that are replaced in the actual email by the appropriate values. For a list of the available text strings for each notification type, see "Email Notification Template Text Strings" on page 172.

Tip: You can select the **Show all recipients in package information** option to list all public and CC recipients in the email notification.

Important: Do not use HTML code or the < and > symbols when customizing using the template.

• Edit HTML: Create an email template with HTML code.

Tip: For a list of allowed HTML tags and attributes, see <u>"Available HTML Tags and Attributes in</u> Faspex" on page 164.

3. Click Generate E-mail and Save.

If you made changes you want to revert, you can reload the template's default settings by clicking **Load Defaults**.

Posting Instructions for Sending New Packages

Post instructions for users who are sending new, normal packages (in other words, *not* dropbox packages). Once saved, your instructions appear on the Faspex New Package page. For information about posting instructions for sending dropbox packages, see "Creating a Dropbox" on page 88.

1. Go to Server > Notifications > Package Instructions

2. Enter your instructions.

You can use HTML tags and CSS classes in your instructions. For a list of available tags, see <u>"Available HTML Tags and Attributes in Faspex" on page 164</u>. For more information on using CSS classes, see "Creating CSS Classes to Use in Instructions" on page 131.

For example:

```
<b class="red" style="font-size:14px">Important:</b> Sending to external email addresses has been <i>disabled</i>. If you need to send to an external email address, request permission from the admin.
```

New Package

Instructions

Important: Sending to external email addresses has been *disabled*. If you need to send to an external email address, request permission from the admin.

Posting Announcements on the Login Page

Post an announcement on the login page to welcome users and provide further login information.

1. Go to Server > Notifications > Login Announcement.

2. Enter your announcement.

You can use HTML tags and CSS classes in your instructions. For a list of available tags, see <u>"Available HTML Tags and Attributes in Faspex" on page 164</u>. For more information on using CSS classes, see "Creating CSS Classes to Use in Instructions" on page 131.

For example:

```
<h1 class="red" style="text-align:center">Welcome to Faspex!</h1>
Login with your Faspex credentials. If you do not have an account, contact the admin at <a
href="mailto:johndoe@faspex.com">johndoe@faspex.com</a>.

Announcement
Welcome to Faspex!
Login with your Faspex credentials. If you do not have an
account, contact the admin at johndoe@faspex.com.
```

Configure Display Settings

Go to Server > Configuration > Display Settings.

Important: You must click the Update button to save any changes you make to the following settings.

Custom Logo

Click the Browse button to replace the default logo in the menu bar with your custom logo.

Note: Your custom logo cannot be larger than the default logo, which is 295x51 pixels.

To remove the logo, click the **Remove custom logo** that appears if you have uploaded a custom logo.

Date Format

View or modify your server's date display format. The following list displays the available variables:

Variable	Description and Sample	
%a	The abbreviated weekday name (for example, "Sun").	
%A	The weekday name (for example, "Sunday").	
%b	The abbreviated month name (for example, "Jan").	
%В	The month name (for example, "January").	
%d	Day of the month (for example, "01~31").	
%ј	Day of the year (for example, "001~366").	
%m	Month of the year (for example, "01~12").	
%у	The abbreviated year (for example, "09").	
%Y	The year (for example, "2009").	

Account display name format

The **Account display name format** option determines whether users see the login or the full name associated with an account when viewing package information. For example, given a user "jdoe" with full name "John Doe", Faspex displays "jdoe" if **Username** is selected and "John Doe" if **Full Name** is selected.

Login Page

You can configure the login page text using the **Login page header** and **Local login instructions** field options. The header is the title of the login form and the instructions appear above the local login option. For example, in the picture below, the header has been changed to "My Company Login" and the instructions read "Your username is firstname@mycompany.com and your password is your personal ID number (for example, 5GH012)."

	ne is firstname@yourcompany.com and rd is your personal ID number (e.g.
Username	
Password	
Forgot passwor	<u>rd</u>
Forgot passwor	rd Log In
Forgot passwor	_
	_

You can further customize the login page by adding an announcement or by customizing the login page with a CSS file. For more information, see <u>"Posting Announcements on the Login Page" on page 127</u> and <u>"Customize Faspex with the Custom CSS File" on page 129</u>.

Creating a Custom CSS File

- 1. Create the custom folder at C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\public\stylesheets\custom.
- 2. Create a file at the following location: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\public\stylesheets\custom\customize.css
- 3. Edit this new customize.css file instead of the default faspex.css and boostrap.css files. Those files are located at:
 - faspex.css: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\public\stylesheets\faspex.css
 - bootstrap.css: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\public\stylesheets\thirdparty\bootstrap\bootstrap.css

You do not need to copy the entire contents of faspex.css and bootstrap.css into customize.css. You only need to add the changed values and their surrounding functions. The values in customize.css take precedence over the defaults. For details on the custom css file, see <u>"Customize Faspex with the Custom CSS File" on page 129</u>.

4. Update references to images in the customize.css file.

When the faspex.css file references images, it references .../images/ to find the images. Since the customize.css file is in a different filepath than faspex.css, you must specify .../../images/ instead when referencing images in the customize.css file.

Customize Faspex with the Custom CSS File

While Faspex does not yet support skinning, it is possible to modify some files in order to personalize colors and images of the Faspex interface.

Folders and Files Handling the Application Appearance

The public folder is located at: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\public Most of the pictures are located in the "images" sub-folder. The "stylesheets" sub-folder contains the faspex.css and bootstrap.css files. The .css files are located at:

- faspex.css: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\public\stylesheets\faspex.css
- bootstrap.css: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\public\stylesheets\thirdparty\bootstrap\bootstrap.css

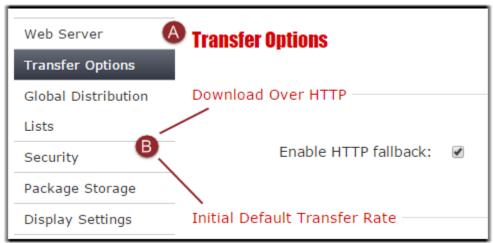
Important: Aspera does not recommend editing the faspex.css and bootstrap.css files to personalize Faspex, because these files are not preserved when upgrading Faspex. Instead, follow the instructions in <u>"Creating a Custom CSS File" on page 128</u> to create and modify the customize.css file that takes precedence over these default files.

Customize Faspex Colors

Use the custom.css file created in <u>"Creating a Custom CSS File" on page 128</u> to change the color of the global navigation bar, the header, and the active tab. For example, to change the Faspex header and main navigation bar background colors to blue (#1d2873):

```
/* MAIN GLOBAL NAV */
.main_tabs
{
    margin: auto;
    float: left;
    width: 100%;
    background: #1d2873;
}
/* Header */
div#header
{
    width: 100%; height: 60px; color: white; background: #1d2873 }
/* Active Tab */
.main_tabs ul li a.selected {
    background: linear-gradient(to top, #5aaafa 4px, #1d2873 4px)
}
```

Customize Subtitles



Label	Description
А	Sub-menu Title
В	Section Titles

A: Sub-menu Title

To change the font, size, and color of sub-menu titles, edit the following tags (defaults found in bootstrap.css):

```
h1, h2, h3, h4, h5, h6 {
  margin: 0;
  font-family: Verdana, helvetica, sans-serif;
  font-weight: bold;
  color: inherit;
  text-rendering: optimizelegibility;
}
```

```
h1, h2, h3, h4, h5, h6 {
  font-weight: normal;
  line-height: normal;
  margin-bottom: 20px;
}
```

A: Titles

To change the font, size, and color of section titles, edit the following tags (defaults found in bootstrap.css):

```
legend {
  width: inherit;
  font-size: 108%;
  font-weight: normal;
  background: transparent;
  line-height: 1.5;
  color: #1952bb;
  margin: 12px 0;
  padding-right: 5px;
  border: 0;
}
```

Customize Vertical Menus

Web Server
Transfer Options
Global Distribution
Lists
Security
Package Storage
Display Settings
Save/Restore
License

To change the color of tabs for the vertical menu, edit the following two sections (default found in faspex.css):

```
.v_menu li a {
 display:block;
 text-decoration:none;
 color:#333;
 line-height:30px;
 border-top:1px solid #ccc;
 padding-left:10px;
 cursor:pointer;
ł
.v_menu .active a,
.v_menu .selected a {
 color:#fff;
 background-color:#343945;
background-image: -moz-linear-gradient(top, #676c79, #343945);
background-image: -webkit-gradient(linear, left top, left bottom, from(#676c79), to(#343945));
filter:progid:DXImageTransform.Microsoft.gradient(startColorstr=#ff676c79,endColorstr=#ff343945)
 -ms-filter:
"progid:DXImageTransform.Microsoft.gradient(startColorstr=#ff676c79,endColorstr=#ff343945)";
}
```

Customize the Drag and Drop Picture

To change the Drag and Drop picture on the New Package page, replace the original dragndrop.jpg with an equivalent jpg of your own.

Creating CSS Classes to Use in Instructions

You can create CSS classes in the customize.css file (C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\public\stylesheets\custom\customize.css), which you can then use when editing email notifications or package instructions. For more information on the customize.css file, see <u>"Creating a Custom CSS File" on page 128</u>.

- Create the customize.css file at C:\Program Files
 (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\public\stylesheets\custom\customize.css if it does not yet exist.
- 2. In this file, create a CSS class. For example, create a class for the color red:

```
.red {
    color:red;
}
```

You can reference any classes you create when editing email notifications or package instructions. For example, when editing login instructions to Faspex, you can make the text red as follows:

```
<h1 class="red" style="text-align:center">Welcome to Faspex!</h1>
Login with your Faspex credentials. If you do not have an account, contact the admin at <a
href="mailto:johndoe@faspex.com">johndoe@faspex.com</a>.
```

Login with your Faspex credentials. If you do not have an account, contact the admin at <u>johndoe@faspex.com</u>.

Configuring Metadata

Faspex Metadata

Metadata refers to the additional information that an IBM Aspera Faspex user can send with a file package. For example, an admin can require that, when a user sends an audio-file package to a producer, the user must also specify the sample rate, bit depth, and compression of the package. The admin sets these requirements by creating a new metadata profile that can the admin can then apply to all new, normal packages or to individual dropboxes.

The Metadata Profiles (go to Server > Metadata) page displays any profiles you have previously created.

Metadata Example

In the example metadata file below, the Audio Details metadata profile contains the following fields:

- Sample rate (text input field)
- Bit Depth (option list that includes 8-bit, 16-bit and 24-bit)
- Compression (text input field)
- Date Created (date picker)

Sample Rate required	Maximum length: 25 characters	
Bit Depth required	8-bit •	
Date Created required		
Compression required	Maximum length: 25 characters	

Applying Metadata Profiles

Admins choose which configured metadata profile to apply to new, normal packages or to individual dropboxes. Admins can choose to assign **(none)** as a metadata profile in cases where no metadata fields are required. For information about applying metadata profiles to normal packages, see <u>"Applying Metadata Profile to Normal Packages" on page 134</u>. For information about applying metadata profiles to dropboxes, see "Creating a Dropbox" on page 88.

Forwarding Packages with Metadata

When you forward a package, the original metadata is preserved in the **Note** field. The preserved metadata does not change even if the applied metadata profile has been changed. No new **aspera-metadata.xml** file is created, even if **Save metadata to file** is enabled for the metadata.

Faspex Metadata Reporting for IBM Aspera Console

If a Faspex instance is added to IBM Aspera Console as a managed node, Console monitors transfer details of transfers in Faspex. Custom metadata fields applied to normal packages or to dropboxes are included as metadata tags in the transfer details and as transfer cookies for Console to use in running reports.

A Faspex transfer cookie is formatted in the following way:

```
{"aspera":
    {"faspex":
        { "key1":"val1", ..., "key3":"val3"}
    }
}
```

The corresponding JSON match value is shown below:

[aspera][faspex][key1]val1

Creating Metadata Profiles

Metadata profiles include a set of fields that, if applied, require users to include additional information when sending a package. Metadata profiles can be applied all new, normal packages or to individual dropboxes.

- 1. Go to Server > Metadata and click Add New Profile.
- 2. Name the metadata profile and click Create.

Faspex redirects you to the Edit Metadata Profile page.

- 3. You can set the max length and restrict illegal characters for the package title and note. You can also disable the ability to add a note to the package by clearing the **Enabled** checkbox.
- 4. Select a field option from the drop-down menu and then click **Add Field**. You can add multiple metadata fields.
 - Text Field: Create a single-line text field.
 - Text Area: Create a multiline text field.
 - **Option List**: Create a radio button-based options list.
 - Date Field: Create a date picker.

Each field option has its own template. The following instructions differ depending on the field option you selected.

- 5. Enter a descriptive name for the metadata field in the **Label** field. This text is displayed beside the field option on the New Package / Send to Dropbox page.
- 6. Create a metadata field. You can create one of the following types of fields:
 - Text Field / Text Area: Restrict users from using the character specified in the **Illegal Characters** field. Fields are validated for illegal characters when the user tries to send the package. Warning messages appear listing the illegal characters.

For Text Fields and Text Areas, set the max number of characters for the field. The maximum length must be between 1 and 999.

Note: The sum total maximum length of all fields (including labels, options, and date fields) must be less than 2000 characters. If the sum total exceeds 2000 characters, all max length fields are reset to the default (100 characters).

- Option List: Enter the list of options a user can choose from in the **Options** field.
- Date Field: Configure the **Date format** of the date picker.
- 7. If you want to make a field required for a user, select **Required** for that field.
- 8. Configure restrictions for a package title.

Under Title, set the max number of characters for the Title of a package in the **Max length** field. Restrict users from using the character specified in the **Illegal Characters** field.

9. Configure restrictions for a package note.

Under Note, set the max number of characters for the note of a package in the **Max length** field. Restrict users from using the character specified in the **Illegal Characters** field.

You can also disable the note by clearing the **Enabled** checkbox.

10. Preview the metadata fields. Click **Save and Preview**.

Preview	
Sample Rate required	Maximum length: 25 characters
Bit Depth required	8-bit •
Date Created required	
Compression required	Maximum length: 25 characters

11. When finished, click **Save**. You are redirected to the Metadata Profiles page.

Click Edit to modify your profile or Delete to remove it.

Applying Metadata Profile to Normal Packages

Metadata profiles require users to include additional information when sending a package. You must choose and apply a metadata profile to Faspex packages to include the fields in the metadata profile. For information about applying metadata profiles to dropboxes, see "Creating a Dropbox" on page 88.

1. Go to Server > Metadata.

2. Select a profile for normal packages from the Profile for normal packages drop-down menu.

Metadata Profiles 🔺	<u>dd New Profile</u>		
Profile for normal packages:	(none)	•	Save metadata to file: 🗌
	(none)		
	Audio Details	N	
Name		h	5
Audio Details			<u>Edit</u> <u>Delete</u>

The selected profile modifies the New Package Form. For more information, see <u>"Sending a New</u> Package" on page 72.

3. Select **Save metadata to file** to save the package metadata to its root directory as an XML file. You can use the XML data for post-processing and automation.

The metadata filename follows the format: **aspera-metadata**-*package_uuid.xml*. For example, a sample filename could be: **aspera-metadata**-42dfda4c-ff05-4f61-8d82-f89c0523d799.xml.

You can configure Faspex to include the metadata file in the package itself, instead of being placed at the root directory of the package. To enable this, set the **SaveMetadataInPackage** option to **true** in the production section of the **faspex.yml** configuration file. The faspex.yml file is located in the following directory:

OS Version	Location	
Windows 32-bit	C:\Program Files\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml	
Windows 64-bit	C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml	

production:

```
SaveMetadataInPackage: true
```

After saving changes in **faspex.yml**, restart Faspex.

asctl faspex:restart

Now, whenever you select **Save metadata to file**, Faspex inserts the metadata file in the package and users can view it in the package contents.

Backing Up and Restoring Faspex

Backing Up Faspex from the Command Line

Aspera strongly recommends backing up your IBM Aspera Faspex configuration and database as a precaution in case of system failure. You can also choose to restore Faspex on a completely new server on which you've installed Faspex.

1. Back up your Faspex MySQL database by running the following **asctl** command:

> asctl faspex:backup_database

The **asctl** command uses **mysqldump** to backup Faspex's three MySQL databases to C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\Backup\time_stamp-version_number.revision_number

For example, the directory name may be 2016-04-15_140547-Faspex.4.0.0.100400.

2. Back up the secret.yml file located at C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\secret.yml. This file must be backed up and restored for the restored Faspex to correctly work with remote nodes. 3. Back up your Faspex, Apache and MySQL application files.

Application	Location of Application Files	Files to Back Up
Faspex	C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\	 faspex.rb.yml config*.yml config\mongrel_cluster\ mongrel_cluster.yml config\aspera.faspex.*.as pera-license lib\daemons/ np\etc\keystore.jks
Apache	C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache	 apache.rb.yml conf*.key conf*.crt conf\extra/httpd- ssl_template.conf custom\
MySQL	C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\mysql	• database.rb.yml

4. If you configured SSL for Faspex, backup your SSL certificate files.

Locate and copy the **server.crt** and **server.key** files to a different location. The files can be found in the following locations:

- C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf\server.crt
- C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf\server.key

For instructions on restoring your Faspex configuration and database, see <u>"Restoring your Faspex</u> Database" on page 136.

Restoring your Faspex Database

You can restore a backed up version of Faspex if you experience a system failure. You can also choose to restore Faspex on a completely new server on which you've installed Faspex. If you choose to restore Faspex on a separate server, the restored version of Faspex must match the version of Faspex installed on the server. To restore Faspex, you need the following files:

- Faspex MySQL database files
- The secret.yml file
- Faspex, Apache, and MySQL application files
 - 1. Copy the backup directory to the server and run the following **asct1** command:

```
> asctl faspex:restore_database C:\path\to\backup_dir
```

2. Set the Faspex hostname to the hostname of the current server by running the following **asctl** command.

> asctl apache:hostname hostname

3. Set the hostname or IP address in your faspex.yml file.

The faspex.yml file can be found at the following location:

C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\secret.yml

Change Hostname: and BaseUrl: to include the new hostname or IP address.

4. Update the aspera.conf file with the new hostname using the following **asconfigurator** command:

```
> asconfigurator -x "set_server_data;server_name,hostname"
```

5. Create a node user on the server. Run the following command:

```
> asnodeadmin -a -u node_user -p password -x faspex
```

- 6. If you backed up your SSL certificates and keys, copy them to the following locations on the server:
 - C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf\server.crt
 - C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf\server.key

Keep a backup of those files in that directory.

- 7. Copy the secret.yml file from your backup to C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\secret.yml. Keep a backup of the original secret.yml file in the directory.
- 8. Restart Faspex.

> asctl faspex:restart

9. Modify the localhost configuration.

Launch Faspex from a browser and log in using the Faspex admin account. Go to Server > File

Storage and edit the **localhost** node. (Select the **s**icon next to **localhost** and select **Edit**.) In the Basic Configuration section, enter the username and password you specified when you created the node admin user.

Note: Remote nodes should be accessible without changes.

10. If you experience issues, restart Aspera services.

You can restart the Aspera Central, Aspera NodeD, and Aspera HTTPD services from the Computer Management window. Go to **Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Services and Applications > Services**. Select each service and click **Restart**.

Note: If you created post-processing scripts, you must copy and restore them manually. For more information on post-processing scripts, see "Enabling Post-Processing Scripts" on page 28.

Each email template notification you have customized must be customized again from the application. For more information, see "Configuring Email Notification Templates" on page 126.

Configuring Faspex Using faspex.yml

The faspex.yml configuration file provides configuration options not available in the Faspex web UI. You can find the file at C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\Config\faspex.yml

Configuring Signed SAML Authentication Requests

Signed SAML authenticate requests must be configured in the faspex.yml configuration file. Make sure you have a valid SSL certificate and key to sign requests.

- Edit the faspex.yml configuration file (C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\Config\faspex.yml).
- 2. Under the production section, add the following configurations:

```
production:
EnableSignedAuthnRequests: true
AuthnDigestMethod: XMLSecurity::Document::digest_method
AuthnSignatureMethod: XMLSecurity::Document::signature_method
AuthnCertificate: >
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
```

```
faspex_ssl_certificate
----END CERTIFICATE----
AuthnPrivateKey: >
----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
faspex_ssl_private_key
-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
```

For example:

```
production:
EnableSignedAuthnRequests: true
AuthnDigestMethod: XMLSecurity::Document::SHA1
AuthnSignatureMethod: XMLSecurity::Document::RSA_SHA256
AuthnCertificate: >
     --BEGIN CERTIFICATE--
MIICKzCCAZSgAwIBAgIBAzANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQQFADA3MQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUzER
MA8GA1UEChMĨTmV0cŽNhcGUxFĨATBgNVBAsTDĚŇ1cHJpeŴEncýBDQŤÀeFw05NzEw
MTgwMTM2MjVaFw050TEwMTgwMTM2MjVaMEgxCzAJBgNVBAYTA1VTMREwDwYDVQQK
Ewh0ZXRzY2FwZTENMAsGA1UECxMEUHViczEXMBUGA1UEAxM0U3Vwcm15YSBTaĞV0
dHkwgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgY0AMIGJAoGBAMr6eZiPGfjX3uRJgEjmKiqG
7SdATYazBcABu1AVyd7chRkiQ31FbXF0GD3wNktbf6hRo6EAmM5/R1AsKzŹ8AW7L
iQZBcrXpc0k4du+2Q6xJu2MPm/8WKuMOnTuvzpo+SGXeImHVChEqooCwfdiZywyZ
NMmrJgaoMa2MS6pUkfQVAgMBAAGjNjA0MBEGCWCGSAGG+EIBAQQEAwIAgDAfBgNV
HSMEGDAWgBTy8gZZkBhHUfWJM1oxeuZc+zYmyTANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQQFAA0BgQBt
I6/z07Z635DfzX4XbAFpjlR1/AYwQzTSYx8GfcNAqCqCwaSDKvsuj/vwbf91o3j3
UkdGYpcd2cYRCgKi4MwqdWyLtpuHAH18hHZ5uvi00mJYw8W2wUOsY0RC/a/IDy84
hW3WWehBUqVK5SY4/zJ4oTjx7dwNMdGwbWfpRqjd1A==
     --END CERTIFICATE-
AuthnPrivateKey: >
    --BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIICXAIBAAKBgQCVqGpH2S7F0CbEmQBgmbiDi00GxhVwlG+yY/60BQoPKcx4Jv2h
vLz7r54ngjaIqnqRNP71jKjFLp5zhnAu9GsdwXbgLPtrmMSB+MVFHTJvKjQ+eY9p
dWA3NbQusM9uf8dArm+3VrZxNHQbVGX0IAPNHT008cZHMSqIDQ60vLma7wIDAQAB
AoGAbxKPzsNh826JV2A253svdnAibeSWBPg17kBIrR8QWDCtkH9fvqpVmHa+6p05
5bShQyQSCkxa9f2jnBorKK4+0K412TBM/SG6Zjw+DsZd6VuoZ7P027msTWQrMBxg
Hjgs7FSFtj76HQ00ZxFeZ8BkIYqGw+7VQYAPBWEPSqCRQAECQQDv09M4PyRVWSQM
S8Rmf/jBWmRnY1gPPE0ZD0iSWJqIBZUBznv0P00QSH6B+vee/q5edQA20IaDgNmn
AurEtUaRAkEAn7/65w+Tewr89m0M0RKMVpFpwNfGYAj3kT1mFEYDq+iNWdcSE6xE
2H0w3YEbDsSayxc36efFnmr//4ljt4iJfwJAa1pOeicJhIracAaaa6dtGl/0AbOe
f3NibugwUxIGWkzlXmGnWbI3yyYoOta0cR9fvjhxV9QFomfTBcdwf40FgQJAH3MG
DBM077w8DK2QfWBvbGN4NFTGYwWg52D1Bay68E7590PYVTMm4o/S30ib0053gt/x
TAUq7IMYHtCHZwxkNQJBAORwE+6qVIv/ZSP2tHLYf8DG0hEBJtQcVjE7PfUjAbH5
lr++9qUfv0S13gXj5weio5dzgEXwWdX2YSL/asz5DhU=
----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
```

3. Restart Faspex services

> asctl faspex:restart

Handling Sender and Recipient Information in Tags

Faspex adds sender and recipient information to a transfer's **ascp** tags if the UserFieldsInTags setting is configured in C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\Config\faspex.yml and if the information does not exceed the MaxTagsLength field (also set in faspex.yml).

Faspex enforces a limit on tag length due to a limitation in **ascp**. If the tag length exceeds 4096, **ascp** does not start a transfer. To account for this limit, Faspex adds information to the tags on a best-effort basis. If at any point the total length of the tags exceeds the value in MaxTagsLength, Faspex removes the last added tag to keep the tag length below the limit and stops adding tags.

MaxTagsLength and Core Information in ascp Tags

The default MaxTagsLength value (1500) works with Faspex out of the box, but may not support your usage and use cases. The default value allows Faspex to generate tags with information core to Faspex features. In some cases, if metadata included in those tags grow too large, Faspex may try to generate tags with a length that exceeds the MaxTagsLength value. In that case, no tags are added. This causes some Faspex features, such as transfer relays, to not work.

If Faspex features are not working due to limited tag length, you may want to increase the value of MaxTagsLength (within the 4096-byte limit). This may bring other limitations and failures to

downstream applications. For example, HTTP Gateway and Connect add information to the **ascp** tags and may also hit the 4096-byte, tag-length limit in **ascp**, resulting in failing transfers.

MaxTagsLength, UserFieldsInTags , and Sender/Recipient Information in ascp Tags

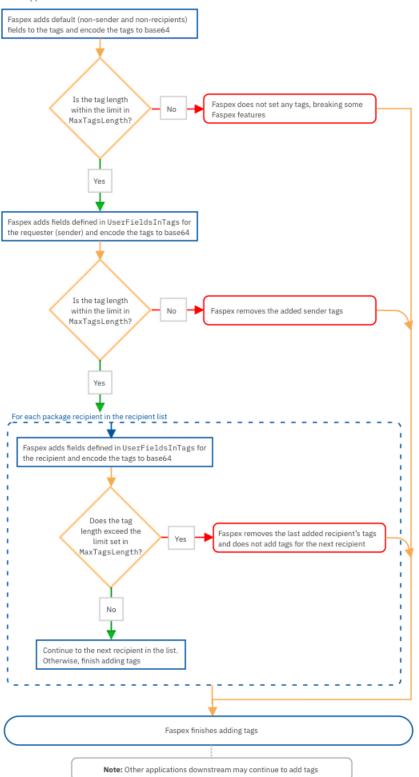
The default UserFieldsInTags list (email,first_name,last_name,name) works with Faspex out of the box, but may not support your use case, depending on what information you may need to provide to other applications. For example, if you have Console reporting on Faspex custom fields or the SAML member_of field, you must add those fields to the UserFieldsInTags list, or those Console reports will fail or will be inaccurate.

Depending on the number of recipients of a transfer, the limit set in MaxTagsLength, and the fields included in UserFieldsInTags, Faspex may end up reporting a limited set of recipients (or none at all). This may impact external applications that rely on information stored in **ascp** tags. For example, Console reports may not include the full list of recipients.

Note: If Console does not report the full list of recipients - length of the recipient list does not match the value reported in the num_recipients field in the **ascp** tags - use the Faspex <u>/packages/</u> {package_delivery_id} v4 API endpoint to retrieve all recipient information.

Tag Insertion Logic

Determine whether Faspex includes user fields in **ascp** tags used by Faspex features and other applications:



faspex.yml Configurations Reference

The faspex.yml configuration file provides configuration options not available in the Faspex web UI. You can find the file at C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\Config\faspex.yml.

Important:

- Modifying faspex.yml is for advanced administrative users only.
- Be sure to back up faspex.yml before modifying.

The following tables describe hidden options, along with their default values, that can be added to the production section of faspex.yml. For example, to require newly created users to reset their passwords the first time they log in, add ForcePasswordResetForNewUsers: true to the production section of faspex.yml.

```
production:
...
ForcePasswordResetForNewUsers: true
...
```

Note: Whenever you modify faspex.yml, restart Faspex for the new configuration to take effect:

> asctl faspex:restart

Web Server Configuration

Option	Description	Default
	Forces Faspex to use its own Apache ports (usually 80/443) for the HTTP Fallback service.	false

Directory S	Services
--------------------	----------

Option	Description	Default
CanonicalizeLdapGroupMemberSearch	Causes Faspex to strip spaces out of DNs during comparisons that can prevent Faspex from properly identifying DS users. You should only set this option to true if it your LDAP server returns DNs with inconsistent spacing (for example, inserting or omitting spaces when user info is queried as part of an LDAP group vs. individually). Valid values: true, false.	false
DsCheckPeriod	Specifies check period for synchronization operations. It is during these checks that the DsSyncPeriod parameter is used to determine if synchronization is necessary.	600 (seconds) / 10 minutes
DsSyncActiveState	Determines whether to sync the active state. Valid values: true, false.	true
DsSyncPeriod	Specifies how much time must pass since the last synchronization operation in order for a group or user to be judged in need of another.	3600 (seconds) / 1 hour
DsUsernameAttribute	Specifies the DS attribute to use as the Faspex username. The chosen attribute should be unique.	Depends on attributes returned by

Option Description		Default
	Note: Set this option before importing any DS users. Do not change this option after importing users. Examples: mail, saml_account_name (Active Directory).	directory service
SearchPrimaryDNs	Use an alternative method to import AD users in a non-standard primary group (any group that is not called "Domain Users").	false

Security

Option	Description	Default
StrongPasswordRegex	A regular expression that can be used to customize strong password requirements. Changing this setting does not affect existing passwords, but any new password must match with this regular expression. Example: (?=.*[A-Z])(?=.*(\d \W _)).{7,}	(?=.*\d)(? =.*([a-z] [A- Z]))(?=.*(\W _)).{6,}
StrongPasswordRequirements	An explanation of the strong password requirements defined by StrongPasswordRegex. Example: "Must be at least seven characters long, with at least one capital letter and one number or symbol."	"Must be at least six characters long, with at least one letter, one number, and one symbol."
ForcePasswordResetForNewUsers	Setting this option to true requires newly created users to reset their passwords the first time they log in.	false
SSLCAFile	Specify the path to the CA certificates to use to verify peer certificates (such as the certificates on a node when connecting to the Node API). false.	Path to the system's built-in certificates.

Self-Registered and External Users

Option	Description	Default
EnforceSelfRegisteredUserEmailUniqueness	Prevents registering for an account using an email address that is already used by a full Faspex user (for example. not merely in use by an external email user record). Valid values: true, false.	false (not enforced)
SelfRegistrationUsesEmailAsLogin	Forces self-registering users to choose a login name that is in the format of an email address. This makes entering email address redundant but it is still required. Valid values: true, false.	false (not enforced)

Option	Description	Default
RequireExternalRecipientsToRegister	When a package is sent to an external email address, the recipient is required to self-register with that email address as the account name in order to access the package. Valid values: true, false.	false (not enforced)
	Important: You must enable self- registration or the recipient is redirected to "Page not Found". For more information, see <u>"Configuring</u> Security Settings" on page 40.	
	Tip: You can require admin moderation for users creating new accounts with self-registration. For more information on self- registration settings, see <u>"Enabling</u> Self-Registration" on page 112.	
HideSenderUsernameToExternalRecipients	When external users download a package, the Connect logs and Connect manifests do not show the sender's username.	false

Metadata

Option	Description	Default
SaveMetadataInPackage	Whenever this option is set to true and the Save metadata to file option is enabled on the Metadata Profiles page, the Create New Dropbox page, or the Edit Dropbox page, the metadata file is included inside packages, instead of being deposited in a package's root directory.	false
	Set the SaveMetadataInPackage option in the "Production" section of the faspex.yml file.	
	For more information, see <u>"Applying Metadata Profile to</u> Normal Packages" on page 134.	
ExcludeMetadataFromCookie	This setting excludes metadata from Faspex cookies. It also relaxes the length requirements on metadata from 2,000 characters per profile to 30,000 characters.	false
	Note: This option prevents IBM Aspera Console from reporting the metadata of Faspex transfers.	
HideRelayInformation	This setting hides relay information on the Package Details page.	false

Timeouts

Option	Description	Default
PackageUploadTimeout	The timer starts when a user sends a new package. Even if queued, if a package does not start within the package upload timeout, Faspex marks the package as "Upload never started" and sends a failure notification to the Upload CC list. Extend the duration to account for transfers that may stay queued longer than the default duration.	60
LiveUpdateInterval	The interval sets the frequency in seconds that Faspex updates package or relay lists on these pages:	5
	 All Packages (Server > Packages) 	
	 Relays (Server > Packages > Relays) 	
	 Relay Details (Server > Packages > Relays > relay) 	
	Received Packages	
	 Received Packages History 	
	• Sent Packages	
	 Sent Packages History 	
	Pending Packages	
	 Pending Packages History 	
	Workgroup Packages	
	By default, Faspex refreshes the lists every 5 seconds.	

Accepted Hosts

Option	Description	Default
AcceptedHosts	The AcceptedHosts configuration defines a list of hostnames users can access Faspex through. If you try to log in to the web application from an unlisted hostname or perform a GET request with an unlisted hostname, Faspex returns the error, "Invalid hostname". To access Faspex from an alternate hostname, whitelist alternate hostnames by following the instructions in <u>"Configuring the Faspex Web Server" on page 25</u> .	No whitelist defined

Tags

Option	Description	Default
MaxTagsLength	The MaxTagsLength field limits the total length (after base64 encoding) of Faspex-generated tags for the ascp command. The value cannot exceed 4096 chars (bytes) due to a limitation in ascp .	1500
	Note: If you set a value higher than 4096, Faspex sets the value to 1500.	
	Warning: Setting the MaxTagsLength value too	

Option	Description	Default
	low can result in Faspex features not working correctly, because some Faspex features rely on information in ascp tags. For more information, see "Handling Sender and Recipient Information in Tags" on page 138.	
UserFieldsInTags	The UserFieldsInTags field determines what fields Faspex includes in sender and recipients fields in Faspex-generated tags for the ascp command. For example, setting UserFieldsInTags: email, Company includes the sender's and recipients' email addresses and their Company custom-field values in the tags.	email,first_name,last_name,name
	Note: The member_of SAML field is not included by default. If you are running Console reports based on the member_of field, add the field to the UserFieldsInTags field.	
	Warning: If the UserFieldsInTags is cleared and left empty, Faspex does not add any sender and recipient information in the tags. Doing so may break Console reports that rely on that information.	

Validating Packages and Files with IBM Aspera Validator

IBM Aspera Validator is service that validates files transferred to a local or remote IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server. As soon as a client completes a transfer to the server, Validator runs a userprovided Lua script to validate transferred files. Use Validator to validate Faspex packages and files by either configuring Validator to monitor an existing HSTS node used as Faspex file storage, or by adding a Validator-monitored node to Faspex as file storage.

Installing and Configuring the Validator Service

Validator can validate files from multiple HST Server nodes. HST Servers used in Faspex as file storage must be added to Validator's Servers list for Faspex to validate packages and files. Validator requires access to the file storage on each HST Server node used as Faspex file storage where you want validation to take place.

Note: Validator is a standalone product that has separate documentation. For instructions on installing and configuring Validator, see the *IBM Aspera Validator Admin Guide*.

1. Go to Server > Security and enable the Out-of-transfer file validation (otfv) setting.

To enable OTFV-related features in Faspex, you must enable this option.



Warning: Enabling this option may cause performance issues for customers running millions of transfers, including slow UI and stats collector performance.

2. To prevent security breaches, disable downloads during transfer. Otherwise, users can download files from a package before the files pass validation.

Go to Server > Transfer Options and clear the Enable downloads during transfers option.

Monitoring Validation

When Faspex detects new package transfers, Faspex reports validation states for the related packages as validation happens.

Faspex uses the package statuses:

- validating
- completed
- validation failed

You can see the package validation statuses wherever you can see a package status in the UI.

If any file in the package fails validation, the entire package is flagged as validation failed and therefore cannot be downloaded as a whole package. For 30 days, Faspex shows the validation failure messages for the specific files that failed within the package. In those 30 days, you can download individual files in the package that passed validation and that are still available in the storage, but after 30 days, you cannot.

Note:

Faspex uses package-level information (package-transfer status and package-validation status) and filelevel information (file-transfer status and file-validation status) to determine if packages and files are downloadable.

By default, Faspex retains file-level information for only 30 days. After 30 days, Faspex determines whether packages and files are downloadable using only package-level information. If the package validation status is validation failed, the entire package and its individual files are not downloadable.

You can configure the file-level information retention duration. For more information, see <u>"Changing Stats</u> Collector Purge Frequency" on page 150.

Validation and Relays

Faspex only supports validation happening on the direct-upload file storage, and does not support validation for any relay.

Scenario	Validation Performed	What does Validator work with?
Transfer a package with the default inbox.	Validator performs validation for packages transferred to the default inbox.	Default inbox file storage
Transfer a package to a workgroup or dropbox with a custom inbox.	Validator performs validation for packages transferred to the default inbox, but not for the relay to the custom inbox.	Default inbox file storage
Transfer a package to a workgroup or dropbox with a custom inbox and direct upload enabled.	Validator performs validation for packages transferred to the custom inbox.	Custom inbox file storage

Possible scenarios include:

Scenario	Validation Performed	What does Validator work with?
Transfer a package to a workgroup or dropbox with relays.	Validator performs validation for packages transferred to the default inbox, but not for the relays to the relay destinations.	Default inbox file storage
Transfer a package that has metadata that define relays.	Validator performs validation for packages transferred to the default inbox, but not for the relays to the relay destinations.	Default inbox file storage

Troubleshooting Validation

Faspex relies on Validator for validating files. Troubleshooting the Validator servers should solve most validation issues. If packages and files are stuck in the validating state because of a Validator issue, Faspex cannot make them available.

For troubleshooting Validator issues, see IBM Aspera Validator Admin Guide: Troubleshooting.

Note:

If previously downloadable files in a package are no longer downloadable and files are still present on the file storage, check the package validation status and the package age. If the package failed validation and the package age is older than 30 days, Faspex has cleared file-level information and uses package-level information to determine if package files are downloadable.

For more information, see "Monitoring Validation" on page 146.

Troubleshooting Faspex

Common Errors in Faspex

Errors Displayed in IBM Aspera Connect

When uploading a file to Faspex, Faspex launches Connect to perform the transfer from your machine to the server. If the upload fails, Connect displays an error. See below for common error messages.

Erro r Cod e	Error Message	Issue	Solution
Cod e 44	Error: Failed to open TCP connection for SSH	Faspex uses port 33001 to connect to the node. If the node is running a Linux operating system, port 33001 may not be open.	If your node is a Linux machine, open the sshd_config file (C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\HSTS\etc\sshd_config) in text editor and add the lline Port 33001 to the configuration file to enable access to port 33001. If you change settings, you must restart the OpenSSH service. You can restart these services from the Windows Computer Management window, accessible from Manage > Services and Applications > Services. Right-click OpenSSH Service and select Restart from the menu.
Cod e 19	Error: Authentica tion failed	Faspex uses Connect key to authenticate an SSH connection with Connect. An authentication failure	Copy the contents of the key (C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\HSTS\var\aspera_id_dsa.pub) into the authorized_keys file (C:\Documents and Settings\faspex\.ssh\authorized_keys).

Erro r Cod e	Error Message	Issue	Solution
		may mean a missing key.	Note: Make sure the authorized_keys file has no file extension. Some text editors add a .txt extension to the filename automatically. Be sure to remove the extension if it was added to the filename.

Package Creation Error on the New Package Page

When trying to create a new package (**New Package** or **New Package > Normal Package**), Faspex displays the Package creation failed error message.

Faspex may display this error message if HTTP Fallback is configured incorrectly. The fallback settings for the transfer server product (IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server) must match the Faspex fallback settings. For more information, see <u>"Configuring HTTP and HTTPS Fallback"</u> on page 34.

Resetting Admin Password

To reset the Faspex admin password, execute the following command:

asctl faspex:admin_user name email

You can also enter the new admin password in the command:

asctl faspex:admin_user name email password

Troubleshooting File Storage Errors

If file storage is not properly configured for Faspex, Faspex displays the following error at the top of every page: "WARNING! Transfer server errors detected, transfers may not operate correctly"

You can test the file storage for errors by testing the connection between Faspex and the remote transfer node. Go to **Server > File Storage**, click the arrow next to the node, and select **Edit** from the drop-down menu. Select **Test Connection**. If the connection is successful, Faspex displays: "Connection succeeded!" Otherwise, Faspex displays an error.

See the following list of common errors and their possible solutions:

not pingable: SSL error

Faspex displays this error if you select **Verify SSL Certificate** but do not have a valid SSL certificate installed. Deselect **Verify SSL Certificate** or install a valid SSL certificate following the instructions in "Installing a Signed SSL Certificate Provided by Authorities" on page 46.

not pingable: Connection refused

Faspex may display this error if the Aspera NodeD service is down. To restart the Aspera NodeD service, on the node, go to **Start Menu > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services**. Right-click the Aspera NodeD service and select **Restart**.

not pingable: Internal error

Node not configured correctly. For example, no valid license?

 First, restart the Aspera NodeD service. It is possible that you made changes to aspera.conf or the license file without restarting Aspera NodeD. The service must be restarted for Faspex to recognize the changes. To restart the Aspera NodeD service, on the node, go to Start Menu > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services. Right-click the Aspera NodeD service and select Restart. 2. If the issue is not resolved, make sure the node is fully configured for use with Faspex by reviewing the node setup instructions. For more information, see "Adding a Node to Faspex" on page 50.

not infoable: Not authorized

The Node API user credentials you entered do not match a valid Node API user on the transfer node.

1. Log into your transfer node and run the following command:

> C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\HSTS\bin\ asnodeadmin.exe -1

2. If your Node API user is not listed in the output or it is not associated with the **faspex** system user, use the correct user associated with the **faspex** system user or create a new Node API user and associate it with the system user. To create a new user, run the following command:

```
> C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\HSTS\bin\asnodeadmin.exe -a -u node_username -p
node_password -x faspex
```

For example:

```
> C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\HSTS\bin\asnodeadmin.exe -a -u faspex_node_user -p *********
-x faspex
```

Troubleshooting Emails

Troubleshooting steps for when users do not receive emails from Faspex.

When a user is created or is trying to reset the password, Faspex sends email with a link to reset the password. When a new package is created, Faspex should send users an email notification with a link to this package. Without the email, users can still download the package by logging in to the Faspex server, but they need to be notified that they received a new package.

- 1. Ask your users to check for missing emails in their spam folder.
- 2. Check that emails can be delivered to the user email address by sending a new email directly.
- 3. Try sending a test email from the Faspex UI:
 - a) Log in to Faspex as an admin.
 - b) Go to Server > Notifications > E-mail Configuration.
 - c) Enter a test email address.
 - d) Click Save and Send Test Email.

Check for error messages in the grey box. Error messages indicate if the server is improperly configured or if the destination email address doesn't exist on the SMTP server.

4. Check whether the email background process is running:

Run:

asctl all:status

Check if the email background job is stopped. For example:

```
asctl all:status
Apache: running
MySQL: running
Faspex Mongrels: running
Faspex DS Background: running
Faspex DB Background: running
Faspex Email Background: stopped
Faspex NP Background: running
```

- 5. If the email background job is running, but emails are still failing, it's possible a background job failed to terminate gracefully and the corresponding pid file did not get cleared.
 - a) Restart the email background job:

```
asctl faspex:email:restart
```

b) If the restart fails with a message that Faspex was unable to kill a process, deletelook for and delete pid files for the email background process in:

```
C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\tmp\pids
```

c) Start the job:

asctl faspex:email:start

6. Investigate the email log file found at:

```
C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\log\faspex_email_background.log
```

Search for entry like: Sent mail to user@domain.com.

- If you find an entry indicating that Faspex sent an email to the user, the issue is on the server-side SMTP, or the email could have been filtered out by the email-client application. Recommend your users contact their IT department or their mail-server administrator to investigate the missing email.
- If there are no entries, verify whether the email has been generated by Faspex at all. It can be waiting for a background job to process it. Check whether there are emails in the Faspex queue waiting for the background job to process them. To verify, check records in the QUEUED_EMAILS table in the Faspex database. This can be done by running:

```
> cd c:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\mysql\bin\
> echo select * from queued_emails; > query.sql
> mysql -uroot -ppasswd -D faspex < query.sql</pre>
```

Note: You can find your MySQL password at C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\mysql\database.rb.yml.

If there are records in the QUEUED_EMAILS table and they are not decreasing, then Faspex isn't processing them.

7. At this point, gather your Faspex log files (see <u>"Log Files" on page 150</u>) and contact support with your findings from your troubleshooting steps along with your logs.

Changing Stats Collector Purge Frequency

The Stats Collector service holds file-level information in its database (in the fasp_files table), and purges that data 30 days (by default) after.

Customers making a large number of transfers may find their fasp_files table growing too fast. You can decrease the purge frequency by going to the opt/aspera/faspex/lib/daemons/np/etc/stats-collector.properties file and changing the value of the purgestats.age property. For example:

purgestats.age=7d

Important: IBM Aspera Validator reports file-level validation status in the fasp_files table. Lowering the purgestats. age value lowers the duration that Faspex has access to file-level validation status. For example, changing the value to 7d means that, after 7 days, Faspex no longer has access to file-level information and must use package-level information to determine whether packages and files are downloadable. If the package validation status is validation failed, the entire package and its individual files are not downloadable.

Log Files

Faspex keeps most logs in the C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\ and C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\ directories.

Log File Locations

You can find log files for Faspex and its associated components in the following files and directories:

• Faspex: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\log\

- **asctl**:C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\asctl\
- **MySQL**:C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\mysql\data\mysqld_error.log\
- Apache: C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\logs\

The faspex/log file includes the following log files:

- faspex_background.log
- faspex_db_background.log
- faspex_ds_background.log
- faspex_email_background.log
- faspex_np_background_start.log
- mongrel.3xxx.log
- production.3xxx.log
- production.log
- statscollector.log

Note: If you are encountering issues with updating transfer statuses in Faspex (for example, though a transfer has finished, Faspex still considers it to be uploading) the issue may be related to the stats collector.

Faspex Apache Logs

The Faspex Apache log folder contains the following files:

- access_log
- error_log
- ssl_access_log
- ssl_error_log
- ssl_request_log

Apache's log files are not automatically deleted. If you would like to remove old logs, it is recommended that you create a *windows scheduler job* to do so.

You can use the following commands to configure the Faspex Apache's log settings:

Setting	Command
Specify Apache log level (error level)	> asctl apache:log_level error
Enable Apache log (set to notice)	> asctl apache:enable_logs
Disable Apache log (set to emerg level)	> asctl apache:disable_logs

Transfer logs are stored at C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Enterprise Server\var\log.

You can find component-based log files within the logs folder:

File Name	Description	
ascmd.log	File browsing and manipulation in user interface.	
asconfigurator.log	Server configuration information.	
asperacentral.log	A server-side service that handles transfers, web services and database logging.	

File Name	Description
aspera-scp- transfer.log	FASP transfers.
aspera-scp-http- transfer.log	HTTP Fallback server.
asperasync.log	Hot Folders (File synchronization).

Important: Older log files are saved as the same file name, with an incremental number attached (for example, ascmd.0.log).

Increasing the Verbosity Level of Faspex Logs

Only increase the verbosity level of Faspex logs when requested by support. Increasing the verbosity level consumes more resources (disk space and CPU). Make sure to reverse the verbosity configuration once troubleshooting is done.

1. Set the log level to debug for Faspex processes by editing the faspex.yml configuration file found at:

```
C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml
```

Add, inside the production section:

```
MongrelLogLevel: debug
BackgroundLogLevel: debug
DsBackgroundLogLevel: debug
DbBackgroundLogLevel: debug
EmailBackgroundLogLevel: debug
NpBackgroundLogLevel: debug
```

2. Set the verbosity for the node poller process to DEBUG by editing the logback.xml found at:

```
C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\lib\daemon\np\etc\logback.xml
```

Find the <rootlevel> section:

```
<rootlevel="${statscollector.log.level:-INF0}">
<appender-ref ref="FILE"/>
<appender-ref ref="STDERR" />
</root>
```

Change INFO to DEBUG:

```
<rootlevel="${statscollector.log.level:-DEBUG}">
<appender-ref ref="FILE"/>
<appender-ref ref="STDERR" />
</root>
```

3. In the same logback.xml file, you can change the log file size how many log files are kept by adjusting the minIndex, maxIndex, and maxFileSize values:

Find the <rollingPolicyClass> section:

```
<rollingPolicyclass="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.FixedWindowRollingPolicy">
<fileNamePattern>${statscollector.log.dir:-logs}/statscollector.%i.log.zip</
fileNamePattern>
<minIndex>1</minIndex>
<maxIndex>5</maxIndex>
</rollingPolicy>
<triggeringPolicy class="ch.qos.logback.core.rolling.SizeBasedTriggeringPolicy">
<maxFileSize>20MB</maxFileSize>
</triggeringPolicy>
```

4. To increase the depth of the logs and the size of the log files, edit the production.rb file found at:

C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\environments\production.rb

Find the config.logger line:

config.logger = Logger.new File.expand_path(log_path), 5, 10.megabytes

In the example, 5 is the number of files kept when the main file is rolled, and 10.megabytes is the size of the file.

For example:

config.logger = Logger.new File.expand_path(log_path), 10, 100.megabytes

With these settings, Faspex creates a file of 100MB and 10 files after rotation.

5. Restart Faspex processes to apply the changes:

asctl faspex:restart

After configuration, Faspex generates theses logs:

Log Filename	Associated Process	Do logs roll?	Notes
aspera_faspex_background.log	Faspex Background	No	Logs generated when starting and stopping the associated process
aspera_faspex_db_background.log	Faspex DB Background	No	Logs generated when starting and stopping the associated process
aspera_faspex_ds_background.log	Faspex DSBackground	No	Logs generated when starting and stopping the associated process
aspera_faspex_email_background.log	Faspex Email Background	No	Logs generated when starting and stopping the associated process
aspera_faspex_np_background_start.log	Faspex NP Background	No	Logs generated when starting and stopping the associated process
faspex_background.log	Faspex Background	Yes	Logs generated by the associated process
faspex_ds_background.log	Faspex DS Background	Yes	Logs generated by the associated process
<pre>faspex_db_background.log</pre>	Faspex DB Background	Yes	Logs generated by the associated process
<pre>faspex_email_background.log</pre>	Faspex EmailBackground	Yes	Logs generated by the associated process
mongrel.XXXX.log	Faspex Mongrel	No	Logs generated when starting and stopping the associated process. XXXX is represents the mongrel port. Faspex creates a log for every mongrel process. Check the number of process by running asctl faspex:mongrel_count.

production.XXXX.log	Faspex Mongrel	Yes	Logs generated by the associated process. XXXX is represents the mongrel port. Faspex creates a log for every mongrel process. Check the number of process by running asctl faspex:mongrel_count.
production.log	No process associated	No	Placeholder
statscollector.log			Logs generated by the associated process.

Restarting Faspex and Common Aspera Services

Faspex Services

Restart Faspex services using the **asctl** command:

> asctl faspex:restart

Restarting Aspera Services

If configuration changes you have made are not taking effect, or Faspexis otherwise not working as expected, the problem may stem from Aspera services not having been started or restarted. Examples:

- If you did not choose to start services such as Aspera Node Service (also known as Aspera NodeD) when prompted to do so during the Faspexsetup process, you may need to start them manually.
- Changes to aspera.conf may require you to restart Aspera Central (**asperacentral**) or Aspera NodeD (**asperanoded**). For example, any changes to the <central_server> section of aspera.conf (such as enabling <persistent_store>) require you to restart Aspera Central.
- If you see a notice about transfer server errors on the login page for Faspex, you need to install or update your IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server license.

To check whether Aspera services are running, or to restart them, open the Services window from **Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services**.

Restarting Aspera Services

Aspera Central

If Aspera Central is stopped, or if you have modified the <central_server> or <database> sections in aspera.conf, then you need to restart the service.

You can restart the Aspera Central from the Computer Management window. Go to **Control Panel >** Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Services and Applications > Services, click Aspera Central, and click Restart.

Aspera NodeD

Restart Aspera NodeD if you have modified any setting in aspera.conf.

Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Services and Applications > Services, click Aspera NodeD, and click Restart.

Aspera HTTPD

Restart Aspera HTTPD if you have modified any setting in aspera.conf.

Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Computer Management > Services and Applications > Services, click Aspera HTTPD, and click Restart.

Whitelisting Alternate Hostnames for Faspex

For security reasons, Faspex by default only allows login through the hostname configured in the faspex.yml configuration file (the hostname you designated during installation):

```
production:
Hostname: hostname
```

If you try to log in to the web application from an unlisted hostname or perform a GET request with an unlisted hostname, Faspex returns the error, "Invalid hostname". To access Faspex from an alternate hostname, follow the instructions below to whitelist alternate hostnames by configuring the faspex.yml file.

The faspex.yml file is located in the following directory: C:\Program Files (x86)\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml.

- 1. Make a back up of the faspex.yml configuration file before modifying.
- 2. Open your faspex.yml configuration file in a text editor.

```
production:
AcceptedHosts:
- 127.0.0.1
- localhost
- faspex.mycompany.com
```

3. Restart Faspex processes using the asctl utility.

asctl faspex:restart

4. Test the whitelisted hostname by logging in to Faspex from that hostname.

For more information about the faspex.yml configuration file, see <u>"faspex.yml Configurations</u> Reference" on page 141.

Appendix

Using the Health Check URL

Use the health check URL to check the Faspex server status without providing credentials to the server. You can pass on the response to other services like load balancers.

Using the Health Check for Load Balancers

Use the health_check_lite endpoint for load balancers. The endpoint returns simply whether the server is running.

```
$ curl -k https://server_address/aspera/faspex/health_check_light
```

For example:

```
$ curl -k https://faspex.com/aspera/faspex/health_check_light
{
    "message" : "Faspex is running"
}
```

Using the Detailed Health Check

The standard health check returns a JSON response with the validity of the server license and the statuses of the nodes on the server.

```
$ curl -k https://server_address/aspera/faspex/health_check
```

For example:

```
$ curl -k https://faspex.com/aspera/faspex/health_check
{
    "valid_license" : true,
    "nodes" : [
        {
            "id": 1,
            "status": "Active",
            "contains_default_share": true
        },
        {
            "id": 2,
            "status": "Error",
            "contains_default_share": false
        }
    ]
}
```

Important: The detailed health check is resource-intensive and should not be called too frequently as it may impact Faspex performance.

Detailed Health Response Codes

Code	Status
HTTP 200	Apache and Faspex services are healthy, the default node is healthy, and the Faspex license is valid.
HTTP 503	The Apache service is healthy, but the Faspex service is down.
HTTP 500	Apache and Faspex services are healthy, but either the default node is down or it has an invalid license. The JSON response reports the exact issue.

asctl Command Reference

You can use **asctl** commands in a Command window to display or modify IBM Aspera faspex Application component settings. Faspex configuration options that can be modified using **asctl** are listed below. If there are modifications that cannot be accomplished with **asctl**, notify Aspera Support.

Important: You must be an admin to run **asct1**. Right click the Command window and select **Run as administrator**.

Component	Description	
Directory Service (DS)	Faspex Directory Service support.	
Apache	Apache web server.	
Background	Process new data from the MySQL database.	
Faspex	Faspex main application.	
Mongrel	Ruby's HTTP library.	

Component	Description
MySQL	MySQL database.

All components commands

Important: The commands in this section control all Faspex components.

Task	Command	Description
Show config info	asctl all:info	Print info about all components.
Restart all components	asctl all:restart	Restart all components.
Setup status	asctl all:setup_status	Information about configuring all components.
Start	asctl all:start	Start all components.
Show status	asctl all:status	Display the status of each component.
Stop	asctl all:stop	Stop all components.
Show version	asctl all:version	Display the current version of each component.

Directory Service (DS)

Task	Command	Additional information
Start DS	asctl faspex:ds:start	
Stop DS	asctl faspex:ds:stop	
Restart DS	asctl faspex:ds:restart	
Show DS status	asctl faspex:ds:status	
Disable DS	asctl faspex:ds:disable	When disabled, the service will not start when rebooting computer, does not print reminders or update its configurations.

Apache

Task	Command	Additional Information
Create a setup file	asctl apache:create_setup_file file	Create a reusable file that contains answers to the setup questions. Replace <i>file</i> with a file name.
Disable Apache	asctl apache:disable	Disable the Aspera Apache server. When disabled, the service will not start when rebooting computer, does not print reminders or update its configurations.

Task	Command	Additional Information
Disable Apache logs	asctl apache:disable_logs	Set the Apache's log level to 'emerg'.
Enable Apache logs	asctl apache:enable_logs	Set the Apache's log level to 'notice'.
Re-generate conf	asctl apache:generate_config	Generate the component's configuration file using the current settings.
Display hostname	asctl apache:hostname	Display the hostname or IP address of the server.
Change hostname	asctl apache:hostname <i>host</i>	Change the hostname or IP address of the server. Replace <i>host</i> with a new hostname or IP address.
Display HTTP port	asctl apache:http_port	Display the HTTP port the web server listens to.
Change HTTP port	asctl apache:http_port <i>port</i>	Change the HTTP port the web server listens to. Replace <i>port</i> with a new port number.
Display HTTPS port	asctl apache:https_port	Display the HTTPS port the web server listens to.
Change HTTPS port	asctl apache:https_port <i>port</i>	Change the HTTPS port the web server listens to. Replace <i>port</i> with a new port number.
Show config info	asctl apache:info	Print configuration info about Apache.
Copy your SSL files into the Aspera default location (under default names)	asctl apache:install_ssl_cert cert_file key_file [chain_file]	After upgrading Faspex and Common, use this command to copy your original SSL certificate, key and optional chain file to /opt/aspera/common/ apache/conf and give them Aspera-standard names. The httpd-ssl.conf file is also re-rendered and permissions/ ownership is set for the cert files.
Set Apache log level	asctl apache:log_level option	Specify the Apache's log level. Replace <i>option</i> with crit , error , warn , notice , info or debug .
Create SSL certificate	asctl apache:make_ssl_cert hostname	Create a self-signed SSL certificate for the specified hostname. Replace <i>hostname</i> with your hostname.
Restart Apache	asctl apache:restart	
Configure Apache	asctl apache:setup	
Configure Apache using saved file	asctl apache:setup_from_file <i>filename</i>	Run setup using the answers from a file created using the "create_setup_file" command.

Task	Command	Additional Information
Start Apache	asctl apache:start	
Show Apache status	asctl apache:status	
Stop Apache	asctl apache:stop	
Upgrade Apache	asctl apache:upgrade	
Show Apache's version	asctl apache:version	

Background

Task	Command	Additional Information
Start Faspex background service	asctl faspex:background:start	
Stop Faspex background service	asctl faspex:background:stop	
Restart Faspex background service	asctl faspex:background:restart	
Show Faspex background service status	asctl faspex:background:status	
Disable Faspex background service	asctl faspex:background:disable	When disabled, the service will not start when rebooting computer, does not print reminders or update its configurations.

Faspex Database (DB) Background

Task	Command	Additional Information
Start Faspex DB background service	asctl faspex:db:start	
Stop Faspex DB background service	asctl faspex:db:stop	
Restart Faspex DB background service	asctl faspex:db:restart	
Show Faspex DB background service status	asctl faspex:db:status	

Faspex Node Poller (NP) Background

Task	Command	Additional Information
Start Faspex NP background service	asctl faspex:np:start	
Stop Faspex NP background service	asctl faspex:np:stop	
Restart Faspex NP background service	asctl faspex:np:restart	

Task	Command	Additional Information
Show Faspex NP background service status	asctl faspex:np:status	

Faspex

Task	Command	Description
Setup	asctl faspex:setup	Set up Faspex.
Setup status	asctl faspex:setup_status	Information about configuring this component.
Re-generate conf	asctl faspex:generate_config	Generate Faspex configuration file using the current settings.
Show package dir	asctl faspex:package_dir	Show current directory that Faspex uses to store packages.
Change package dir	asctl faspex:package_dir <i>dir</i>	Change directory that Faspex uses to store packages. Replace <i>dir</i> with the new path.
Upgrade	asctl faspex:upgrade	Upgrade Faspex from a previous version.
Show config info	asctl faspex:info	Print configuration info about Faspex.
Display URI namespace	asctl faspex:uri_namespace	Display the URI namespace.
Change URI namespace	asctl faspex:uri_namespace namespace	Change the URI namespace. Replace <i>namespace</i> with a new namespace.
Display mongrel number	asctl faspex:mongrel_count	Display the number of ports the web server listens to.
Change mongrel number	asctl faspex:mongrel_count number	Change the number of ports the web server listens to. Replace <i>number</i> with a number.
Display lowest mongrel port number	asctl faspex:base_port	Display the lowest port for the mongrel instances.
Change lowest mongrel port number	asctl faspex:base_port number	Change the lowest port for the mongrel instances. Replace <i>number</i> with a number.
Display HTTP Fallback port	asctl faspex:http_fallback_port	Display the port for HTTP Fallback.
Change HTTP Fallback port	asctl faspex:http_fallback_port port	Change the port for HTTP Fallback. Replace <i>port</i> with a new port number.
Backup Faspex database	asctl faspex:backup_database	Backup Faspex database and save the backup files to the path C:\Program Files\Aspera\Faspex\db\backup.
Migrate Faspex database	asctl faspex:migrate_database	Migrate Faspex MySQL database.

Task	Command	Description
Restore Faspex database	asctl faspex:restore_database	Restore Faspex MySQL database.
	[dir]	Note: [dir] is the directory containing the backup file.
		Note: To restore database, backup files must use default name (central.sql, faspex.sql and user_service.sql).
Create or update admin	asctl faspex:admin_user <i>login</i> email [password]	Create a new admin, or update an existing admin account. Replace <i>login</i> with a login, <i>email</i> with its email. You can add the account's password in the command (<i>[password]</i>), or enter it when prompted. If the login you have entered exists, the account is updated with new email and password.
Create setup file	asctl faspex:create_setup_file <i>file</i>	Create a reusable file that contains answers to the setup questions. Replace <i>file</i> with a file name.
Setup from file	asctl faspex:setup_from_file <i>file</i>	Run setup using the answers from a file created using "create_setup_files". Replace <i>file</i> with a file name.
Rake command	asctl faspex:rake arg	Evoke a rake command.
Upload license	asctl faspex:rake license:import_if_needed	Upload a license using a rake task. Make sure the *.aspera- licensefile is included in the path: /opt/aspera/faspex/ config/*.aspera-license before you run the rake task.
Show set up version	asctl faspex:version	Display the currently set up version.
Start Faspex	asctl faspex:start	Start Faspex application.
Stop Faspex	asctl faspex:stop	Stop Faspex application.
Restart Faspex	asctl faspex:restart	Restart Faspex application.
Show Faspex status	asctl faspex:status	Display Faspex application's status.
Disable Faspex	asctl faspex:disable	Disable Faspex application. When disabled, the service does start when rebooting computer, print reminders, or update its configurations.

Mongrel

Task	Command	Description
Start mongrel service	asctl faspex:mongrel:start	Start the Faspex mongrel service.
Stop mongrel service	asctl faspex:mongrel:stop	Stop the Faspex mongrel service.
Restart mongrel	asctl faspex:mongrel:restart	Restart the Faspex mongrel service.
Show mongrel status	asctl faspex:mongrel:status	Display the Faspex mongrel service status.
Disable mongrel	asctl faspex:mongrel:disable	Disable the Faspex mongrel service. When disabled, the service will not start when rebooting computer, does not print reminders or update its configurations.

MySQL

Task	Command	Description
Create setup file	asctl mysql:create_setup_file <i>file</i>	Create a reusable file that contains answers to the setup questions. Replace <i>file</i> with a file name.
Display database directory	asctl mysql:data_dir	Display the directory that the databases are kept in.
Disable MySQL	asctl mysql:disable	Disable the Aspera MySQL. When disabled, the service will not start when rebooting computer, does not print reminders or update its configurations.
Grant access on MySQL-only server	asctl mysql:grant_remote_access host mysql_user password	If MySQL server is running on a different computer, use this command on the MySQL machine to allow access from the specified machine. Replace <i>host</i> , <i>mysql_user</i> and <i>mysql_password</i> with the server's hostname, MySQL's user name, and the user's password, respectively.
Show config info	asctl mysql:info	Print configuration info about MySQL.
Show port	asctl mysql:port	Display the port the MySQL server listens to.
Change port	asctl mysql:port <i>port</i>	Change the port the MySQL server listens to. Replace <i>port</i> with a new port number.
Restart MySQL	asctl mysql:restart	Restart the Aspera MySQL.

Task	Command	Description
Set root password	asctl mysql:set_root_password	Set the password for 'root' in MySQL.
Configure MySQL-only server	asctl mysql:setup	If MySQL server is running on a different computer, use this command on the MySQL machine to configure it.
Configure MySQL using saved file	asctl mysql:setup_from_file <i>file</i>	Run setup using the answers from a file created using the "create_setup_file" command.
Start MySQL	asctl mysql:start	Start the Aspera MySQL.
Show MySQL status	asctl mysql:status	Display the Aspera MySQL status.
Stop MySQL	asctl mysql:stop	Stop the Aspera MySQL.
Upgrade MySQL-only server	asctl mysql:upgrade	If MySQL server is running on a different computer, use this command on the MySQL machine to upgrade the database.
Show MySQL's version	asctl mysql:version	Display the currently set up version.

Faspex APIs

Overview

The Faspex Web API provides a set of RESTful web services to enable browsing, publishing, sending, and receiving Faspex packages. You can find documentation for the Faspex Rest APIs on the Aspera Developer Network at https://developer.asperasoft.com/web/faspex/index.

Note: You need login credentials for the Aspera Developer Network. If you do not have credentials, contact Aspera.

Faspex 4.0+ supports V4 Rest APIs in addition to V3 Rest APIs. For more information on the Faspex V3 Rest API, see the documentation at https://developer.asperasoft.com/web/faspex/rest. For more information on the Faspex V4 Rest API, see https://developer.asperasoft.com/web/faspex/rest. For more information on the Faspex V4 Rest API, see https://developer.asperasoft.com/web/faspex/rest. For more information on the Faspex V4 Rest API, see https://developer.asperasoft.com/reference/whats-new/269-new-faspex-enhancements.

Faspex V4 Rest API

Faspex V4 APIs provides additional/advanced feature set as below

- Follows REST API accepted standards (including response codes)
- All JSON payload and response
- HMAC Authentication
- User management APIs
- API's for setting download limits
- API's for "per-user" download statistics
- API's for editing email templates
- Ability to set override locations for package delivery. More than just mapping users to locations, this can override location priorities and essentially map packages to locations, not just users
- Increased metadata field length

- More information around packages and states, including download count, file count in packages, package creation date, package modification date, aggregate file size, and more
- More information around download stats, including username, downloader IP address, download date, and time

Note: The Faspex V4 REST API code is disabled by default. For instructions on enabling the V4 API, see "Enabling Faspex V4 APIs" on page 164.

Enabling Faspex V4 APIs

Faspex V4 REST API code is disabled by default. To enable the V4 Rest API, follow the instructions below.

1. Edit the faspex.yml file found at:

C:\Program Files\Aspera\Faspex\config\faspex.yml

2. Add the line below to the production section of **faspex.yml**.

EnableV4API: true

3. Restart Faspex services.

asctl faspex:restart

Available HTML Tags and Attributes in Faspex

Faspex supports the use of HTML tags and attributes in email notification templates and instructions for sending packages (see <u>"Configuring Email Notification Templates" on page 126</u>). For security purposes not all HTML tags and attributes are allowed in Faspex notification. Any tag not explicitly allowed is removed from your message. Here is a list of allowed HTML tags and attributes:

Allowed HTML Tags

del, dd, h3, address, big, sub, tt, a, ul, h4, cite, dfn, h5, small, kbd, code, b, ins, img, h6, sup, pre, strong, blockquote, acronym, dt, br, p, div, samp, li, ol, var, em, h1, i, abbr, h2, span, hr

Allowed HTML Attributes

name, href, cite, class, title, src, xml:lang, height, datetime, alt, abbr, width, style

Directory Service Group Permissions Reference

Directory Services (DS) must first be enabled. For more information, see <u>"Adding a Directory Service to</u> Faspex" on page 98.

To configure permissions for a DS, go to **Accounts > Directory Service Groups**. Click **New Group** and **Edit Additional Permissions** or click the name of a directory service and select **Group Import Policy**.

Permissions

Option	Description
Allowed to	 Uploads allowed: Select to allow users to send packages. Downloads allowed: Select to allow users to download received packages. A user who does not have download permissions still receives packages, but cannot download the files.

Option	Description
	• Forwarding allowed: Select to allow users to forward received packages to other users. The package becomes available to the forwarded users in their Faspex accounts.
	• Can create from remote : Select to allow users to create a package from a remote source such as a remote server. Users allowed to access remote sources can access the Source drop-down menu when sending a new package.
	You must first add remote sources to Faspex to see the Source drop-down menu. For more information on adding remote sources, see <u>"Adding a Node to Faspex" on page 50</u> .
	Note: This setting is disabled by default and must be set on a per-user basis (in other words, there is no global option).
Allow inviting external senders	You must enable this option globally to see this feature. For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u> .
	Select Allow to enable this user to invite users without Faspex accounts to upload a package to Faspex.
Allow public submission URLs	You must enable this option globally to see this feature. For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u> .
	Select Allow to enable users to send a Public URL to users without Faspex accounts. These external users can submit packages to registered Faspex users through this public URL. For more information about Public URLs, see "Configuring Public URLs" on page 80.
	Note: Even if the Public URL feature is enabled for registered Faspex users, they can override the feature for their own account by going to their user Account > Preferences > Misc and clearing Enable public URL .
Can send to external	Select Allow to allow users to send packages to external email addresses.
email	Faspex sends a download link through email. By default, this link expires after three days, but admins can change the duration or disable expiration by going to Server > Security . For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u> .
Can send to all faspex	Select Allow to allow users to send packages to all Faspex users.
users	If this feature is enabled, all existing Faspex users appear in the contact list. If disabled, users can, only send packages to members of workgroups they are part of.
Keep user directory private	Select Yes to prevent users from being able to see the entire user directory, even if they have permissions to send to all Faspex users.
Can see global distribution lists.	Select Yes to give users access to global distribution lists. For more information on global distribution lists, see <u>"Creating a Global Distribution List" on page 117</u> .
Allowed IP addresses for login	Specify the IP addresses that a Faspex user can login from. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option. For example, specifying 198.51.100.* allows a user to login from 198.51.100.1 , 198.51.100.2 , 198.51.100.3 , and so on. Separate multiple IP addresses with commas (,).
Allowed IP addresses for download	Specify the IP addresses that a Faspex user can login from to download packages. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option. For example, specifying

Option	Description
	198.51.100.* allows a user to login from 198.51.100.1 , 198.51.100.2 , 198.51.100.3 , and so on. Separate multiple IP addresses with commas (,).
Allowed IP addresses for upload	Specify the IP addresses that a Faspex user can login from to upload packages. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option. For example, specifying 198.51.100.* allows a user to login from 198.51.100.1 , 198.51.100.2 , 198.51.100.3 , and so on. Separate multiple IP addresses with commas (,).
Can send to external email	Allow or deny the user to send download links to external emails addresses (which are not Faspex users).
Can send to all faspex users	Enable to allow the user to send packages to all Faspex users (as opposed to only being able to send to the user's workgroup members).
Allowed IP addresses for login	Specify the IP addresses that an Faspex user can log in from to view his or her account. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option (for example, 198.51.100.*, which allows the user to login from 198.51.100.1, 198.51.100.2, etc.). Separate multiple email addresses with commas (,).
Allowed IP addresses for download	Specify the IP addresses that an Faspex user can login from to download packages. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option (for example, 198.51.100.*, which allows the user to login from 198.51.100.1, 198.51.100.2, etc.). Separate multiple email addresses with commas (,).
Allowed IP addresses for upload	Specify the IP addresses that an Faspex user can login from to upload packages. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option (for example, 198.51.100.*, which allows the user to login from 198.51.100.1, 198.51.100.2, etc.). Separate multiple email addresses with commas (,).

Package Deletion

Select from the following options to specify behavior after downloading a package:

Option	Description
After download	You can override the server default by selecting Override system default . If you choose override, select one of the following policies:
	• Do nothing : Do not auto-delete after the package is downloaded.
	• Delete files after any recipient downloads all files: Delete after <i>any</i> recipient downloads <i>all</i> files in the package once.
	Important: When this option is selected, a forwarded package can be potentially deleted before the original recipient has downloaded it. Thus, proceed with caution when selecting this option.
	• Delete files after all recipients download all files : Delete if <i>all</i> files in the package have been downloaded by <i>all</i> recipients.
Allow user to set own delete setting on a package-by-package basis	Select Allow to allow this user to choose a package expiration policy when sending a new package.

Advanced Transfer Settings

By default, Faspex uses the transfer settings from the Aspera Central Server section. Select **Override default settings** to set user-specific transfer settings, which take precedence over the server-wide settings.

Option	Description
Initial Transfer Rate	Specify the initial upload and download transfer rate. When the option Lock minimum rate and policy is checked, the user is not able to adjust transfer policy or minimum transfer rate.
Maximum Allowed Rate	Specify the maximum upload and download transfer rate for this user.

Configure User Settings

The following section describes the configurable settings for a Faspex user.

Account Details

Option	Description
Role	Select from one of the following roles for this user:
	• admin - Admins can access the Server tab to configure the Faspex server. They can create, edit, and delete every type of Faspex user (admins, managers, and regular users), and they can send packages (perform file transfers). Admins can also manage workgroups (create/edit/delete).
	• manager - The manager role enables Faspex server administration to be separate from Faspex user accounts administration. Managers can send packages, create/edit/delete workgroups, and create/edit/delete other managers and regular users. They can promote regular users to managers, and demote other Managers to regular users. However, they cannot, edit admin accounts or promote another user to admin. Managers do not have access to the Server tab, nor can they change the Faspex server configuration (a privilege limited to admins).
	 user - Regular users can send packages through Faspex. They typically do not manage other users or workgroups.
Account expires	Select to set an expiration date for the user. The user becomes inactive on the specified date.
	Note: Admin accounts do not expire.
Account activated	Select to activate this account so that the user can log into Faspex. Clear to disable the account.
	Note: Admin accounts are always active.
Custom password policy	Select to override the global password policy for this user.
	Note: Admins cannot override their own password policies, but they can edit password policy settings for other admin accounts.
Password expires	You must enable Custom password policy to configure this option.
	Select to enable password expiration for the user password every specified number of days.
Prevent password reuse	You must enable Custom password policy to configure this option.
	Select to prevent users from reusing passwords. Enter the number of previous passwords users cannot reuse.
Send copy of receipt email to these addresses	Faspex sends a copy of every package receipt notification sent to this account to the Faspex users and email addresses listed in this field. Recipients listed

Option	Description
	in this field receive notifications for every package sent and received by this account. The CC Receipt field on the New Package page is auto-populated with the adddresses listed in this field.
	If the sender has permission to Allow editing of receipt addresses on package creation , whatever the sender enters in the CC Receipt field on the New Package page overrides this setting. If the sender removes any of the original email addresses from the field, Faspex does not send a notification to that user.
	If the sender does not have permission to Allow editing of receipt addresses on package creation, then this field is honored.
	Note: If you are adding multiple email addresses, separate them with commas (,), semicolons (;), or white-spaces.
Allow editing of receipt addresses on package creation	Select to allow users to modify addresses to receive notification emails regarding a package sent by this user.

An additional configuration option that can be set in **faspex.yml** allows admins to require that newly created users reset their passwords the first time they log in. For information on this setting and **faspex.yml**, see <u>"faspex.yml Configurations Reference" on page 141</u>.

Permissions

Option	Description
Allowed to	Uploads allowed: Select to allow users to send packages.
	• Downloads allowed : Select to allow users to download received packages. A user who does not have download permissions still receives packages, but cannot download the files.
	• Forwarding allowed: Select to allow users to forward received packages to other users. The package becomes available to the forwarded users in their Faspex accounts.
	• Can create from remote : Select to allow users to create a package from a remote source such as a remote server. Users allowed to access remote sources can access the Source drop-down menu when sending a new package.
	You must first add remote sources to Faspex to see the Source drop-down menu. For more information on adding remote sources, see <u>"Adding a Node to Faspex" on page 50</u> .
	Note: This setting is disabled by default and must be set on a per-user basis (in other words, there is no global option).
Allow inviting external senders	You must enable this option globally to see this feature. For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u> .
	Select Allow to enable this user to invite users without Faspex accounts to upload a package to Faspex.
Allow public submission URLs	You must enable this option globally to see this feature. For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security Settings" on page 40</u> .

Option	Description
	Select Allow to enable users to send a Public URL to users without Faspex accounts. These external users can submit packages to registered Faspex users through this public URL. For more information about Public URLs, see <u>"Configuring Public URLs" on page 80</u> .
	Note: Even if the Public URL feature is enabled for registered Faspex users, they can override the feature for their own account by going to their user Account > Preferences > Misc and clearing Enable public URL .
Can send to external	Select Allow to allow users to send packages to external email addresses.
email	Faspex sends a download link through email. By default, this link expires after three days, but admins can change the duration or disable expiration by going to Server > Security . For more information, see <u>"Configuring Security</u> Settings" on page 40.
Can create normal packages	Select Allow to allow users to create packages on the New Package page. Select Deny to prevent the user from accessing the New Packages site. In this case, the user can only create dropbox packages and only if they are a member of a dropbox. To change the server default, go to Server > Configuration > Security and edit the setting for Allow users to create normal packages .
Can send to all faspex	Select Allow to allow users to send packages to all Faspex users.
users	If this feature is enabled, all existing Faspex users appear in the contact list. If disabled, users can, only send packages to members of workgroups they are part of.
Keep user directory private	Select Yes to prevent users from being able to see the entire user directory, even if they have permissions to send to all Faspex users.
Can see global distribution lists.	Select Yes to give users access to global distribution lists. For more information on global distribution lists, see <u>"Creating a Global Distribution</u> List" on page 117.
Allowed IP addresses for login	Specify the IP addresses that a Faspex user can login from. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option. For example, specifying 198.51.100.* allows a user to login from 198.51.100.1 , 198.51.100.2 , 198.51.100.3 , and so on. Separate multiple IP addresses with commas (,).
Allowed IP addresses for download	Specify the IP addresses that a Faspex user can login from to download packages. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option. For example, specifying 198.51.100.* allows a user to login from 198.51.100.1 , 198.51.100.2 , 198.51.100.3 , and so on. Separate multiple IP addresses with commas (,).
Allowed IP addresses for upload	Specify the IP addresses that a Faspex user can login from to upload packages. A wildcard (*) can be used in this option. For example, specifying 198.51.100.* allows a user to login from 198.51.100.1 , 198.51.100.2 , 198.51.100.3 , and so on. Separate multiple IP addresses with commas (,).

Package Deletion

Select from the following options to specify behavior after downloading a package:

Option	Description
After download	You can override the server default by selecting Override system default . If you choose override, select one of the following policies:

Option	Description
	• Do nothing : Do not auto-delete after the package is downloaded.
	 Delete files after any recipient downloads all files: Delete after any recipient downloads all files in the package once.
	Important: When this option is selected, a forwarded package can be potentially deleted before the original recipient has downloaded it. Thus, proceed with caution when selecting this option.
	• Delete files after all recipients download all files: Delete if <i>all</i> files in the package have been downloaded by <i>all</i> recipients.
Allow user to set own delete setting on a package-by-package basis	Select Allow to allow this user to choose a package expiration policy when sending a new package.

Personal Details

If Faspex has custom user fields configured, they appear in this section in addition to the following default fields:

Option	Description
Last name	Enter the user's last name.
First name	Enter the user's first name.
email address	Enter the user's email address.

For more information about custom user fields, see "Configuring Custom User Fields" on page 65.

Advanced Transfer Settings

By default, Faspex uses the transfer settings from the Aspera Central Server section. Select **Override default settings** to set user-specific transfer settings, which take precedence over the server-wide settings.

Option	Description
Initial Transfer Rate	Specify the initial upload and download transfer rate. When the option Lock minimum rate and policy is checked, the user is not able to adjust transfer policy or minimum transfer rate.
Maximum Allowed Rate	Specify the maximum upload and download transfer rate for this user.

Welcome Email

Option	Description
Send a welcome message	Select this option to send a welcome email to the user.
Comments	Enter any comments to be added to the standard Faspex welcome email. These comments go to this user only.

Email Notification Template Types

The following table describes the available email templates in Faspex;

Email Template	Description
Welcome E-mail	Faspex sends this email to new users at account creation unless the Send welcome email to all new users (Server > Configuration > Security) option is disabled.
Forgot Password	Faspex sends this email when a user clicks the Forgot my password link on the local login page or when an admin manually resets a user account's password.
Package Received	Faspex sends this email to package recipients when Faspex successfully transfers a package to their inboxes.
Package Received CC	Faspex sends this email to cc'ed users when Faspex successfully transfers a package to the inboxes of the original recipients. CC'ed users are users that are included in the CC Receipt field when sending a new package.
Package Sent CC	Faspex sends this email to cc'ed users when Faspex initiates a package transfer. CC'ed users are users that are included in the CC Receipt field when sending a new package.
Package Downloaded	Faspex sends this email to users when a sent package has been downloaded.
Package Downloaded CC	Faspex sends this email to cc'ed users when a user in downloads a sent package. CC'ed users are users that are included in the CC Download field or the CC Receipt field when sending a new package.
Workgroup Package	Faspex sends this email to workgroup members when a package is sent to the workgroup.
Upload Result	Faspex sends this email to notify a package sender or dropbox submitter whether the package upload completed successfully.
Upload Result CC	Faspex sends this email to notify a cc'ed user the package upload completed successfully. CC'ed users are users that are included in the CC Upload field or the CC Receipt field when sending a new package.
Relay Started CC	Faspex sends this email to cc'ed users that arelay has started. CC'ed users are users that are included in the Relay Started CC field, set in workgroup or dropbox settings.
Relay Finished CC	Faspex sends this email to cc'ed users that a relay has finished. CC'ed users are users that are included in the Relay Finished CC field, set in workgroup or dropbox settings.
Relay Error CC	Faspex sends this email to cc'ed users that a relay has failed. CC'ed users are users that are included in the Relay Error CC field, set in workgroup or dropbox settings.
Dropbox Invitation	Faspex sends this email to external users when they are invited to submit a package to a dropbox.
Dropbox Submit	Faspex sends this email to external users when they submit a package to a dropbox.
Personal Invitation	Faspex sends this email to external users when a Faspex user invites them to submit a package.
Personal Submit	Faspex sends this email to external users when they submit a package to a Faspex user.
Account Approved	Faspex sends this email to account requesters when their self-registration applications are approved by an admin. They are instructed to activate the account by resetting the account password.

Email Template	Description
Account Denied	Faspex sends this email to account requesters when their self-registration applications are denied by an admin.
Package Validation Failed Sender	Faspex sends this email to a package sender if the package fails validation.
Package Validation Failed Recipient	Faspex sends this email to package recipeints if the package fails validation.

Email Notification Template Text Strings

Welcome E-mail

String	Description
USER_NAME	Full name of the email recipient
USER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the email recipient
USER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the email recipient
SERVER_ADDRESS	Name or ip of the Faspex server
LOGIN	Login name of the email recipient
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Forgot Password

String	Description
USER_NAME	Full name of the email recipient
USER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the email recipient
USER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the email recipient
SERVER_ADDRESS	Name or ip of the Faspex server
LOGIN	Login name of the email recipient
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Package Received

String	Description
SENDER_NAME	Full name of the sender of the package
SENDER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the sender of the package
SENDER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the sender of the package
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
SENDER_LOGIN	Login name of sender

String	Description
USER_NAME	Full name of the email recipient
USER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the email recipient
USER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the email recipient
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS	All recipients of the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS_EMAI	Email addresses of all recipients of the package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS	All contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS_EMAIL	Email addresses of all contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
LINK_EXPIRATION_INFO	If the download link expires, a sentence describing when the link expires
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Package Received CC

String	Description
CC_NAME	Full name of the user who received the CC
CC_EMAIL	Email of the user who received the CC
SENDER_NAME	Full name of the sender of the package
SENDER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the sender of the package
SENDER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the sender of the package
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
SENDER_LOGIN	Login name of sender
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package

String	Description
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS	All recipients of the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS_EMAI	Email addresses of all recipients of the package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS	All contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS_EMAIL	Email addresses of all contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Package Sent CC

String	Description
CC_NAME	Full name of the user who received the CC
CC_EMAIL	Email of the user who received the CC
SENDER_NAME	Full name of the sender of the package
SENDER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the sender of the package
SENDER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the sender of the package
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
SENDER_LOGIN	Login name of sender
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS	All recipients of the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS_EMAI	Email addresses of all recipients of the package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS	All contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS_EMAIL	Email addresses of all contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server

String	Description
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Package Downloaded

String	Description
DOWNLOADER_NAME	Full name of the user who downloaded the package
DOWNLOADER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the user who downloaded the package
DOWNLOADER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the user who downloaded the package
DOWNLOADER_EMAIL	Email of the user who downloaded the package
DOWNLOADER_LOGIN	Login name of user who downloaded the package
SENDER_NAME	Full name of the sender of the package
SENDER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the sender of the package
SENDER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the sender of the package
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
SENDER_LOGIN	Login name of sender
USER_NAME	Full name of the email recipient
USER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the email recipient
USER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the email recipient
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS	All recipients of the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS_EMAI	Email addresses of all recipients of the package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS	All contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS_EMAIL	Email addresses of all contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Package Downloaded CC

String	Description
CC_NAME	Full name of the user who received the CC
CC_EMAIL	Email of the user who received the CC
DOWNLOADER_NAME	Full name of the user who downloaded the package
DOWNLOADER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the user who downloaded the package
DOWNLOADER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the user who downloaded the package
DOWNLOADER_EMAIL	Email of the user who downloaded the package
DOWNLOADER_LOGIN	Login name of user who downloaded the package
SENDER_NAME	Full name of the sender of the package
SENDER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the sender of the package
SENDER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the sender of the package
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
SENDER_LOGIN	Login name of sender
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS	All recipients of the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS_EMAI	Email addresses of all recipients of the package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS	All contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS_EMAIL	Email addresses of all contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Workgroup Package

String	Description
USER_NAME	Full name of the email recipient
USER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the email recipient
USER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the email recipient

String	Description
WORKGROUP_NAME	Name of the workgroup the package was sent to
SENDER_NAME	Full name of the sender of the package
SENDER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the sender of the package
SENDER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the sender of the package
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
SENDER_LOGIN	Login name of sender
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS	All recipients of the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS_EMAI	Email addresses of all recipients of the package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS	All contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS_EMAIL	Email addresses of all contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Upload Result

String	Description
SENDER_NAME	Full name of the sender of the package
SENDER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the sender of the package
SENDER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the sender of the package
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
SENDER_LOGIN	Login name of sender
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package

String	Description
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
UPLOAD_RESULT	The result of the package upload
STATUS_URL	URL to check package upload status (does not work in subject)
STATUS_LINK	Link to check package upload status (does not work in subject)
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS	All recipients of the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS_EMAI	Email addresses of all recipients of the package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS	All contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS_EMAIL	Email addresses of all contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Upload Result CC

String	Description
CC_NAME	Full name of the user who received the CC
CC_EMAIL	Email of the user who received the CC
SENDER_NAME	Full name of the sender of the package
SENDER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the sender of the package
SENDER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the sender of the package
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
SENDER_LOGIN	Login name of sender
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
UPLOAD_RESULT	The result of the package upload
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS	All recipients of the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS_EMAI	Email addresses of all recipients of the package

String	Description
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS	All contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS_EMAIL	Email addresses of all contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Relay Started CC

String	Description
CC_NAME	Full name of the user who received the CC
CC_EMAIL	Email of the user who received the CC
WORKGROUP_NAME	Name of the workgroup the package was sent to
DESTINATION_NODE	Storage node
DESTINATION_DIRECTORY	Docroot relative path to the destination directory on the storage node
SENDER_NAME	Full name of the sender of the package
SENDER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the sender of the package
SENDER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the sender of the package
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
SENDER_LOGIN	Login name of sender
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS	All recipients of the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS_EMAI	Email addresses of all recipients of the package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS	All contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS_EMAIL	Email addresses of all contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Relay Finished CC

String	Description
CC_NAME	Full name of the user who received the CC
CC_EMAIL	Email of the user who received the CC
WORKGROUP_NAME	Name of the workgroup the package was sent to
DESTINATION_NODE	Storage node
DESTINATION_DIRECTORY	Docroot relative path to the destination directory on the storage node
SENDER_NAME	Full name of the sender of the package
SENDER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the sender of the package
SENDER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the sender of the package
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
SENDER_LOGIN	Login name of sender
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS	All recipients of the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS_EMAI	Email addresses of all recipients of the package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS	All contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS_EMAIL	Email addresses of all contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Relay Error CC

String	Description
CC_NAME	Full name of the user who received the CC
CC_EMAIL	Email of the user who received the CC
WORKGROUP_NAME	Name of the workgroup the package was sent to
DESTINATION_NODE	Storage node

String	Description
DESTINATION_DIRECTORY	Docroot relative path to the destination directory on the storage node
SENDER_NAME	Full name of the sender of the package
SENDER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the sender of the package
SENDER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the sender of the package
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
SENDER_LOGIN	Login name of sender
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS	All recipients of the package
ALL_PUBLIC_RECIPIENTS_EMAI	Email addresses of all recipients of the package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS	All contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
ALL_CC_RECIPIENTS_EMAIL	Email addresses of all contacts that were notified about the receipt of this package
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Dropbox Invitation

String	Description
EMAIL	Email address of the invited outside email user
DROPBOX_NAME	Dropbox to which the outside email user was invited
DROPBOX_URL	The URL that the outside email user can use to send packages to the dropbox
DROPBOX_LINK	HTML link that the outside email user can use to send packages to the dropbox
LINK_EXPIRATION_INFO	If the download link expires, a sentence describing when the link expires
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Dropbox Submit

String	Description
DROPBOX_NAME	Dropbox to which the outside email user was invited
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
STATUS_URL	URL to check package upload status (does not work in subject)
STATUS_LINK	Link to check package upload status (does not work in subject)
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Personal Invitation

String	Description
EMAIL	Email address of the invited outside email user
RECIPIENT_NAME	Full name of the recipient who invited the outside email
RECIPIENT_FIRST_NAME	First name of the recipient who invited the outside email
RECIPIENT_LAST_NAME	Last name of the recipient who invited the outside email
SUBMISSION_URL	The URL that the outside email user can use to send a package
SUBMISSION_LINK	HTML link that the outside email user can use to send a package
LINK_EXPIRATION_INFO	If the download link expires, a sentence describing when the link expires
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Personal Submit

String	Description
RECIPIENT_NAME	Full name of the recipient who invited the outside email
RECIPIENT_FIRST_NAME	First name of the recipient who invited the outside email
RECIPIENT_LAST_NAME	Last name of the recipient who invited the outside email

String	Description
SENDER_EMAIL	Email address of sender
PACKAGE_NAME	Name of the package sent to the e-mail recipient
PACKAGE_UUID	The UUID of the package
PACKAGE_URL	Package's download URL
PACKAGE_DATE	Package's sent date
PACKAGE_SIZE	Size of the data in the package
PACKAGE_FILES	Number of files in the package
PACKAGE_FILE_LIST_FIRST_10	The first 10 files or folders at the top level of the package
PACKAGE_NOTE	Message associated with the package
STATUS_URL	URL to check package upload status (does not work in subject)
STATUS_LINK	Link to check package upload status (does not work in subject)
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server
ALTERNATE_ADDRESS_#	The alternate hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server (if enabled)

Account Approved

String	Description
USER_NAME	Full name of the email recipient
USER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the email recipient
USER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the email recipient
SERVER_ADDRESS	Name or ip of the Faspex server
LOGIN	Login name of the email recipient
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server

Account Denied

String	Description
USER_NAME	Full name of the email recipient
USER_FIRST_NAME	First name of the email recipient
USER_LAST_NAME	Last name of the email recipient
SERVER_ADDRESS	Name or ip of the Faspex server
LOGIN	Login name of the email recipient
PRIMARY_ADDRESS	The primary hostname or IP Address of the Faspex server

The Aspera Service Account

The Aspera service account runs services for Aspera products, including:

By default, the user name is svcAspera.

A local account (such as the default svcAspera) is all that is required to run Aspera services if your machine is not joined to a Windows domain. If your machine is joined to a domain, if you need to provision Active Directory accounts, or if transfer users store files remotely, see the following table for the type of service account to use:

Requirement	Type of Service Account User
Provision local transfer users only.	Local account. Domain account with local admin privileges can be used, but is not required.
Provision Active Directory accounts for transfer users (users who wish to transfer with your server are authenticated through Active Directory).	Domain account with local admin privileges.
Transfer users store files on a remote file system (not on your server machine), such as an SMB file share.	Domain account with local admin privileges. Additional actions may required. Please see the aspera knowledgebase or contact your Aspera account manager for assistance.

Local Accounts

If a local account does not already exist, enter new credentials and click **Next**. If the account already exists (for example, if it was created for the previous installation), enter the account password and click **Next**. If the existing user's password you have entered is incorrect, or you wish to change the Aspera service user, see "Managing the Aspera Service Account" on page 184.

Domain Accounts

If the server is configured to accept a domain user login, use a domain account that has been added to the local administrator's group to run the services. You must create this domain account in your Domain Controller first. The username for a domain account must be in the form username@fully.qualified.domain.name.

Managing the Aspera Service Account

On Windows, the Aspera service account is special user account that is used to run services for Aspera products. These services include Aspera Central, Aspera HTTPD, Aspera Sync, and OpenSSH Service (if installed). These instructions describe how to change the password for the Aspera service account and the user account from the default "svcAspera".

For more information, see "The Aspera Service Account" on page 183.

Update the Aspera Service Account Password

During installation, you were prompted to create a new Aspera service account or add an existing user account for this purpose. If you have problems entering the credentials for the existing Aspera service account, change the user password.

Note: You must have administrative credentials to change the password of the Aspera service account.

- 1. Open the Windows User Accounts management tool (Start > Control Panel > User Accounts).
- 2. Click the user name of the Aspera service account.
- 3. Click **Change your password** and follow the onscreen instructions.

Change the Aspera Service Account

Note: On Windows 7, you must run the script with administrator credentials or disable UAC.

1. Open a Command Prompt window and run as administrator.

Click Start > All Programs > Accessories, right-click Command Prompt then click Run as administrator.

2. Run asuser-services.bat to change the account.

To change the Aspera service account to an existing domain user account (*email_address*) run the following command:

> asuser-services.bat email_address password

To change the Aspera service account to a new user without a preexisting account, run the following command with the *username* and *password* of the new user:

> asuser-services.bat username password

Note: If you are running a non-English version of Windows, your admin group may not be "Administrators". When updating Aspera service account, add a third parameter that specifies the local *admin_group* by running the following script:

> asuser-services.bat username password admin_group

Partitioning Mongrel Processes between Faspex and Cargo

Partition mongrels between handling Faspex UI requests and IBM Aspera Cargo requests to address performance issues.

When the number of Cargo clients attached to a Faspex cluster reaches a significant number, the performance of the Faspex Web UI can suffer due to resource contention with Cargo clients accessing the API.

To avoid this, tune the Apache configuration with separate sets of Mongrel processes dedicated to serving the Faspex web interface and API.

Note: The examples in the instructions below demonstrates Mongrel partitioning for 15 mongrel processes: 10 for Cargo and 5 for Faspex.

1. Run the following **asct1** command to set the proper total number of Mongrel processes:

```
> asctl faspex:mongrel_count number+of_mongrels
```

BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3011

Note: Running the **mongrel_count** command overwrites and removes any modifications to the faspex.apache.linux.conf configuration file, including the changes described in the following steps.

Choose not to restart Apache and Faspex.

- Open the following Faspex Apache configuration file in a text editor: /opt/aspera/faspex/ config/faspex.apache.linux.conf and make the following changes
 - a) Add the <Proxy balancer://faspex_cargo_cluster> section.

For example:

```
....
Proxy balancer section (create one for each ruby app cluster)
<Proxy balancer://faspex_cargo_cluster>
</Proxy balancer://faspex_cluster>
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3000
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3001
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3002
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3004
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3005
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3007
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3008
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3009
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3009
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3010
```

```
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3012
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3013
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3014
</Proxy>
```

b) Distribute the BalancerMember entries under <Proxy balancer://faspex_cluster> between the two sections.

For example:

```
#Proxy balancer section (create one for each ruby app cluster)
<Proxy balancer://faspex_cargo_cluster>
  BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3000/aspera/faspex/inbox.atom
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3001/aspera/faspex/inbox.atom
  BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3002/aspera/faspex/inbox.atom
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3003/aspera/faspex/inbox.atom
  BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3004/aspera/faspex/inbox.atom
  BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3005/aspera/faspex/inbox.atom
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3006/aspera/faspex/inbox.atom
  BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3007/aspera/faspex/inbox.atom
  BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3008/aspera/faspex/inbox.atom
  BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3009/aspera/faspex/inbox.atom
</Proxy>
<Proxy balancer://faspex_cluster>
  BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3010
  BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3011
  BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3012
  BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3013
BalancerMember http://127.0.0.1:3014
</Proxy>
```

- •••
- c) Add ProxyPass /aspera/faspex/inbox.atom balancer://faspex_cargo_cluster to the proxy request section.

```
First Arrow A
```

3. Restart Apache and Faspex services.

```
> asctl apache:restart
> asctl faspex:restart
```

Aspera Ecosystem Security Best Practices

Your Aspera applications can be configured to maximize system and content security. The following sections describe the recommended settings and practices that best protect your content when using IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server and IBM aspera High-Speed Transfer Endpoint, IBM Aspera Faspex,IBM Aspera Shares, and IBM Aspera Console.

Contents

Securing the Systems that Run Aspera Software

Securing the Aspera Application

Securing Content in your Workflow

Securing the Systems that Run Aspera Software

The systems that run Aspera software can be secured by keeping them up to date, by applying security fixes, and by configuring them using the recommended settings.

Updates

Aspera continually improves the built-in security of its products, as do the producers of third-party components used by Aspera, such as Apache, Nginx, and OpenSSH. One of the first lines of defense is keeping your products up to date to ensure that you are using versions with the latest security upgrades:

- Keep your operating system up to date.
- Keep your Aspera products up to date.
- If using, keep OpenSSH up to date. The server security instructions require that OpenSSH 4.4 or newer (Aspera recommends 5.2 or newer) is installed on your system in order to use the Match directive. Match allows you to selectively override certain configuration options when specific criteria (based on user, group, hostname, or address) are met.
- If you are using the HSTS web UI, keep Apache serverIIS up to date.

Security Fixes

Rarely, security vulnerabilities are detected in the operating systems and third-party components that are used by Aspera. Aspera publishes security bulletins immediately that describe the affected products and recommended remediation steps.

Security Configuration

Recommended security settings vary depending on the products you are using and how they interact. See the following subsections for your Aspera products.

HSTS

1. Configure your SSH Server.

Aspera recommends that you:

- Open TCP/33001 and keep TCP/22 open until users are notified that they should switch to TCP/ 33001.
- Once users are notified, block TCP/22 and allow traffic only on TCP/33001.

The following steps open TCP/33001 and block TCP/22.

a) Open the SSH configuration file.

C:\Program Files\Aspera\Enterprise Server\etc\sshd_config

/etc/ssh/sshd_config

If you do not have an existing configuration for OpenSSH, or need to update an existing one, Aspera recommends the following reference: <u>https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Guidelines/OpenSSH</u>.

b) Change the SSH port from TCP/22 to TCP/33001.

Add TCP/33001 and comment out TCP/22 to match the following example:

#Port 22 Port 33001

HSTS admins must also update the SshPort value in the <WEB...> section of aspera.conf.

Once this setting takes effect:

- Aspera clients must set the TCP port to 33001 when creating connections in the GUI or specify **-P 33001** for command line transfers.
- Server administrators should use ssh -p 33001 to access the server through SSH.
- c) Disable non-admin SSH tunneling.

SSH tunneling can be used to circumvent firewalls and access sensitive areas of your company's network. Add the following lines to the end of sshd_config (or modify them if they already exist) to disable SSH tunneling:

AllowTcpForwarding no Match Group Administrators AllowTcpForwarding yes

AllowTcpForwarding no Match Group root AllowTcpForwarding yes

Depending on your sshd_config file, you might have additional instances of AllowTCPForwarding that are set to the default Yes. Review your sshd_config file for other instances and disable if necessary.

Disabling TCP forwarding does not improve security unless users are also denied shell access, because with shell access they can still install their own forwarders. Aspera recommends assigning users to aspshell, described in the following section.

d) Disable password authentication and enable public key authentication.

Public key authentication provides a stronger authentication method than passwords, and can prevent brute-force SSH attacks if all password-based authentication methods are disabled.

Important: Before proceeding:

- Create a public key and associate it with a transfer user, otherwise clients have no way of connecting to the server.
- Configure at least one non-root, non-transfer user with a public key to use to manage the server. This is because in the following steps, root login is disabled and transfer users are restricted to aspshell, which does not allow interactive login. This user and public key is what you use to access and manage the server as an administrator.

Add or uncomment PubkeyAuthentication yes and comment out PasswordAuthentication yes:

```
PubkeyAuthentication yes
#PasswordAuthentication yes
PasswordAuthentication no
```

Note: If you choose to leave password authentication enabled, be sure to advise account creators to use strong passwords and set PermitEmptyPasswords to "no".

PermitEmptyPasswords no

e) Disable root login.



CAUTION: This step disables root access. Make sure that you have at least one user account with sudo privileges before continuing, otherwise you may not have access to administer your server.

Comment out PermitRootLogin yes and add PermitRootLogin No:

#PermitRootLogin yes
PermitRootLogin no

f) Restart the SSH server to apply new settings. Restarting your SSH server does not affect currently connected users.

Click **Start > Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services**. Locate the OpenSSH Service and click **Restart**.

```
# systemctl restart sshd.service
```

or for Linux systems that use **init.d**:

service sshd restart

g) Review your logs periodically for attacks.

For information on identifying attacks, see <u>IBM Aspera IBM Aspera High-Speed Transfer Server</u> Admin Guide: Securing Your SSH Server.

2. For Aspera servers on Windows in an Active Directory Domain, create the Active Directory user account to use as the Aspera service account before installing your Aspera server software. This ensures that the correct security settings are applied to the user. If you create the Active Directory service account user after installation, see the following knowledge base article for instructions on how to configure security policies for the acount.

https://support.asperasoft.com/hc/en-us/articles/216125388-OpenSSH-in-Active-Directory-Environments

3. Configure your server's firewall to permit inbound access to only Aspera-required ports.

Aspera requires inbound access on the following ports:

- For SSH connections that are used to set up connections, TCP/33001.
- For FASP transfers, UDP/33001 (or a range, see below).
- If you use HTTP and HTTPS fallback with HSTS, TCP/8080 and TCP/8443. If you only use HTTPS, only open TCP/8443.
- If your clients access the HSTS web UI, TCP/80 (for HTTP) or TCP/443 (for HTTPS).
- 4. For HSTS, require strong TLS connections to the web server.

TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 are vulnerable to attack. Run the following command to require that the client's SSL security protocol be TLS version 1.2 or higher:

> /opt/aspera/bin/asconfigurator -x "set_server_data;ssl_protocol,tlsv1.2"

5. If Aspera Node D is exposed to internet traffic, run it behind a reverse proxy.

If your Aspera server must expose Aspera Node D to the internet, such as when setting it up as a IBM Aspera on Cloud (AoC) node, Aspera strongly recommends protecting it with a reverse proxy. Normally, Aspera Node D runs on port 9092, but nodes that are added to AoC must have Aspera Node D run on port 443, the standard HTTPS port for secure browser access. Configuring a reverse proxy in front of Aspera Node D provides additional protection (such as against DOS attacks) and resource handling for requests to the node's 443 port.

The following instructions describe how to set up Nginx as a reverse proxy and require that you have valid, CA-signed SSL certificates in . pem format for the server. Other reverse proxies might be supported on your server.

- a) Set up a system user with Node API credentials on your server.
- b) Download and install Nginx.
- c) Configure the HTTPS port for Aspera Node D.

```
# asconfigurator -x "set_server_data;https_port,9092"
```

d) Open the Nginx configuration file in a text editor.

Open C:\nginx\conf\nginx.conf and ensure the following include directive is present in the http section. If it is not present, add it to the file:

```
http {
...
include /etc/nginx/conf.d/*.confC:\nginx\*.conf;
}
```

e) Create a file named aspera_node_proxy.conf and save it in the following location: C:\nginx\conf\sites-enabled\aspera_node_proxy.conf Create the sites-enabled folder if it does not exist.

f) Paste the following content into aspera_node_proxy.conf:

```
#
# Aspera configuration - reverse proxy for asperanoded
#
server
       listen 443;
       server_name your.servername.com;
ssl_certificate "C:/Program Files/Aspera/Enterprise Server/etc/
aspera_server_cert.pem";
       ssl_certificate_key "C:/Program Files/Aspera/Enterprise Server/etc/
aspera_server_key.pem";
       ssl on;
       ssl_session_cache builtin:1000 shared:SSL:10m;
       ssl_protocols TLSv1.2;
       ssl_ciphers EECDH+AESGCM:EDH+AESGCM:AES256+EECDH:AES256+EDH;
       ssl_prefer_server_ciphers on;
       access_log
                             C:\Logs\nginx\node-api.access.log;
       location / {
            proxy_pass https://127.0.0.1:9092;
            proxy_read_timeout 60;
            proxy redirect https://127.0.0.1:9092 https://your.servername.com;
            proxy_set_header Host
                                                    $host:$server_port;
            proxy_set_header X-Real-IP
                                                    $remote_addr;
            proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_a
proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Proto $scheme;
                                                    $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
       }
}
```

Note: Configure SSL ciphers as required. The preceding sample is not configured for backwards compatibility, and the recommended list of secure ciphers might change. Aspera recommends reviewing and staying current with the list provided in https://cipherli.st/.

In this configuration, Nginx listens externally on port 443, not 9092. Replace *your.servername.com* with your server's domain name.

g) Restart Aspera Node D.

```
# systemctl restart asperanoded
```

or for Linux systems that use **init.d**:

```
# service asperanoded restart
```

> net stop asperanoded
> net start asperanoded

h) Restart Nginx.

```
> nginx -s reload
```

i) Run Nginx as a Windows service.

When you install Nginx on a Windows OS, it is installed as an application that runs only when the user who installed the application is logged in. However, for HSTS nodes that are added to AoC, Aspera recommends running Nginx as a service so that its function is not tied to a specific user.

For instructions, see <u>https://ibm.ibmaspera.com/helpcenter/admin/nodes/configuring-an-aspera-</u>transfer-server-as-a-node-for-aspera-on-cloud.

6. Install Aspera FASP Proxy in a DMZ to isolate your HSTS from the Internet.

For more information, see IBM Aspera FASP Proxy Admin Guide

Faspex and Shares

- 1. Configure your Faspex or Shares server firewall to allow inbound access to TCP/443, the default HTTPS port.
- 2. Faspex and Shares transfer nodes should be configured as described for HSTS.

The transfer user that is used by Faspex and Shares (usually xfer) must be configured on the node to only allow transfers with a token:

```
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,xfer;authorization_transfer_in_value,token"
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,xfer;authorization_transfer_out_value,token"
```

Set the token encryption key to a string of at least 20 characters:

```
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,xfer;token_encryption_key,token_string"
```

Do not use UUIDs for this key because they might not be generated using cryptographically secure methods.

Console

Configure the firewall of the computer on which Console is installed to only allow Aspera-required connections to the following ports:

- For HTTP or HTTPS access for the web UI, inbound TCP/80 or TCP/443.
- For SSH connections, outbound TCP/33001 to managed nodes.
- For Node API connections, outbound TCP/9092 to managed nodes.
- For connections to legacy nodes (those running HSTS older than 3.4.6), outbound TCP/40001 and inbound TCP/4406. For security and reliability, Asepra strongly recommends upgrading all nodes to the latest version.

Securing the Aspera Applications

Your Aspera products can be configured to limit the extent to which users can connect and interact with the servers. The instructions for Shares 1.9.x and Shares 2.x are slightly different; see the section for your version.

HSTS

1. Restrict user permissions with **aspshell**.

By default, all system users can establish a FASP connection and are only restricted by file permissions. Restrict the user's file operations by assigning them to use **aspshell**, which permits only the following operations:

- Running Aspera uploads and downloads to or from this computer.
- Establishing connections between Aspera clients and servers.
- Browsing, listing, creating, renaming, or deleting contents.

These instructions explain one way to change a user account or active directory user account so that it uses the **aspshell**; there may be other ways to do so on your system.

Windows users are assigned to **aspshell** automatically when you configure the user in the GUI and specify a non-empty docroot. If you do not specify a docroot or configure users from the command line, you must manually set the users' shell as **aspshell.exe** in C:\Program Files\Aspera\\etc\passwd.

Run the following command to change the user login shell to **aspshell**:

```
> sudo usermod -s /bin/aspshell username
```

Confirm that the user's shell updated by running the following command and looking for /bin/ aspshell at the end of the output:

> grep username /etc/passwd username:x:501:501:...:/home/username:/bin/aspshell

Note: If you use OpenSSH, sssd, and Active Directory for authentication: To make aspshell the default shell for all domain users, first set up a local account for server administration because this change affects all domain users. Then open /etc/sssd/sssd.conf and change default_shell from /bin/bash to /bin/aspshell.

2. Restrict Aspera transfer users to a limited part of the server's file system or bucket in object storage.

a) For on-premises servers, set a default docroot to an empty folder, then set a docroot for each user:

```
> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;absolute,docroot"
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;absolute,docroot"
```

Replace *username* with the username and *docroot* with the directory path to which the user should have access.

b) For cloud-based servers, set a default restriction to an empty folder, then set a restriction for each user:

```
> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;file_restriction,|storage_path"
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;file_restriction,|storage_path"
```

Replace *username* with the username and *storage_path* with the path to which the user has access. Restriction syntax is specific to the storage:

Storage Type	Format Example
local storage	<pre>file:////*file:///c%3A/Documents/*</pre>
S3 and IBM Cloud Object Storage	s3://*
Swift storage	swift//*
Azure storage	azu://*
Azure Files	azure-files://*
Google Cloud Storage	gs://*
Hadoop (HDFS)	hdfs://*

The "|" is a delimiter, and you can add additional restrictions. For example, to restrict the system user xfer to s3://s3.amazonaws.com/bucket_xyz/folder_a/* and not allow access to key files, run the following command:

```
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,xfer;file_restriction,|s3://s3.amazonaws.com/
bucket_xyz/folder_a/*!!*.key"
```

3. Restrict users' read, write, and browse permissions.

Users are given read, write, and browse permissions to their docroot by default. Change the global default to deny these permissions:

> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;read_allowed,false;write_allowed,false;dir_allowed,false"

Run the following commands to enable permissions per user, as required:

> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;read_allowed,false"
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;write_allowed,false"
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;dir_allowed,false"

4. Limit transfer permissions to certain users.

Set the default transfer permissions for all users to deny:

> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;authorization_transfer_in_value,deny"
> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;authorization_transfer_out_value,deny"

Allow transfers for specific users by running the following commands for each user:

> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;authorization_transfer_in_value,allow"
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;authorization_transfer_out_value,allow"

Note: For a user that is used by Shares or Faspex (usually xfer), allow transfers only with a token by setting authorization_transfer_{in|out}_value to token.

5. Encrypt transfer authorization tokens.

When a client requests a transfer from a server through an Aspera web application, an authorization token is generated. Set the encryption key of the token for each user or group on the server:

```
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;token_encryption_key,token_string"
> asconfigurator -x "set_group_data;group_name,groupname;token_encryption_key,token_string"
```

The token string should be at least 20 random characters.

Note: This is not used to encrypt transfer data, only the authorization token.

6. Require encryption of content in transit.

Your server can be configured to reject transfers that are not encrypted, or that are not encrypted with a strong enough cipher. Aspera recommends setting an encryption cipher of at least AES-128. AES-192 and AES-256 are also supported but result in slower transfers. Run the following command to require encryption:

> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;transfer_encryption_allowed_cipher,aes-128"

By default, your server is configured to transfer (as a client) using AES-128 encryption. If you require higher encryption, change this value by running the following command:

> asconfigurator -x "set_client_data;transport_cipher,value"

You can also specify the encryption level in the command line by using -c *cipher* with **ascp** and **async** transfers. **ascp4** transfers use AES-128 encryption.

7. Configure SSH fingerprinting for HSTS.

For transfers initiated by a web application (such as Faspex, Shares, or Console), the client browser sends the transfer request to the web application server over an HTTPS connection. The web application requests a transfer token from the target server. The transfer is executed over a UDP connection directly between the client and the target server and is authorized by the transfer token. Prior to initiating the transfer, the client can verify the server's authenticity to prevent server impersonation and man-in-the-middle (MITM) attacks.

To verify the authenticity of the transfer server, the web application passes the client a trusted SSH host key fingerprint of the transfer server. The client confirms the server's authenticity by comparing the server's fingerprint with the trusted fingerprint. In order to do this, the host key fingerprint must be set in the server's aspera.conf.

Note: Server SSL certificate validation (HTTPS) is enforced if a fingerprint is specified in aspera.conf and HTTP fallback is enabled. If the transfer "falls back" to HTTP and the server has a self-signed certificate, validation fails. The client requires a properly signed certificate.

If you set the host key path, the fingerprint is automatically extracted from the key file and you do not extract it manually.

Retreiving and setting the host key fingerprint:

a) Retrieve the server's SHA-1 fingerprint.

```
> cat /etc/ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key.pub | awk '{print $2}' | base64 - | sha1sum
```

On the server, run a local **ascp** transfer. The transfer does not need to complete successfully in order for the remote host-key fingerprint to appear in the log.

> ascp source_file username@localhost:destination

Open C:\Program Files\Aspera\\var\log\aspera-scp-transfer.log. Search for "remote host-key fingerprint". The line appears similar to the following, in which 19f7cf4d495234ng4342ha062f5d98b5a9d665 is the SHA-1 fingerprint:

2017-12-08 12:04:53.024 [1888-0000264c] LOG [asssh] remote host-key fingerprint 19f7cf4d495234ng4342ha062f5d98b5a9d665

b) Set the SSH host key fingerprint in aspera.conf.

```
> asconfigurator -x "set_server_data;ssh_host_key_fingerprint,fingerprint"
```

This command creates a line similar to the following example of the <server> section of aspera.conf:

```
<ssh_host_key_fingerprint>7qd0webGGeDeN7Wv+2dP3HmWfP3
</ssh_host_key_fingerprint>
```

c) Restart the node service to activate your changes.

Go to **Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services**, click **Aspera NodeD**, and click **Restart**.Run the following commands to restart asperanoded:

```
> systemctl restart asperanoded
```

or for Linux systems that use **init.d**:

> service asperanoded restart

Setting the host key path: To set the SSH host key path instead of the fingerprint, from which the fingerprint will be extracted automatically, run the following command:

asconfigurator -x "set_server_data;ssh_host_key_path,ssh_key_filepath"

This command creates a line similar to the following in the <server> section of aspera.conf:

```
<ssh_host_key_path>/etc/ssh/ssh_host_rsa_key.pub
</ssh_host_key_path>
```

Restart the node service to activate your changes, as described for "Retreiving and setting the host key fingerprint".

8. Install properly signed SSL certificates.

Though your Aspera server automatically generates self-signed certificates, Aspera recommends installing valid, signed certificates. These are required for some applications.

Faspex

Many of the settings for Faspex are the same as for HSTS, including SSH server configuration, firewall settings, and signed SSL certificate installation. The following recommendations augment or are additional to the recommendations described for HSTS.

1. Restrict transfers by all users except "faspex".

If your system is a dedicated Faspex server - the HSTS installed as part of your Faspex installation is used only for Faspex transfers - prohibit transfers by all users except "faspex". If you have not already, deny transfers globally by default:

> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;authorization_transfer_in_value,deny"
> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;authorization_transfer_out_value,deny"

Allow transfers for "faspex" by running the following commands:

> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,faspex;authorization_transfer_in_value,token"
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,faspex;authorization_transfer_out_value,token"

2. Configure the Nginx server to allow only strong TLS.

The default configuration of Faspex has TLS 1.0, 1.1 and 1.2 enabled. Older browsers require the older and less secure versions (TLS 1.0 and 1.1). You can disable support for older browsers by removing TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 from the configuration.

a) Open the Nginx configuration file on the Shares server for editing:

C:\Program Files\Common Files\Aspera\Common\apache\conf\extra/httpdssl.conf

b) Locate the following line:

SSLProtocol ALL -SSLv2 -SSLv3

c) Replace the line with the following and save your change:

SSLProtocol TLSv1.2

d) Restart Apache to activate your change:

```
> asctl apache:restart
```

3. Limit admin logins to those from known IP addresses.

Faspex admins have the ability to execute post-processing scripts on the server. If an admin account is compromised, this capability can be a serious threat to your server's security. You can add additional protection by allowing admin logins from only specific IP addresses.

- a) In the Faspex UI, go to **Accounts** and select the admin account.
- b) In the **Permissions** section, locate the **Allowed IP addresses for login** field and enter the IP addresses or IP address range to allow.
- c) Click Save to activate your changes.
- 4. Configure Faspex account security settings.

Go to **Server > Configuration > Security** and set the following global default configurations in the **Faspex accounts** section, then edit configurations for individual users, as needed:

- a) Set a non-zero session timeout.
- b) Lock users out after five failed login attempts within five minutes.
- c) Enable **Prevent concurrent login**.
- d) Set a password expiration interval of 30 days.
- e) Prevent reuse of the last three passwords and require strong passwords.
- f) Set Keep user directory private to Yes.
- g) Disable Allow all users to send to all other Faspex users.
- h) Disable Users can see global distribution lists.
- i) Disable Ignore invalid recipients.
- j) Disable Allow users to change their email address.
- Stay in Server > Configuration > Security for the next step.
- 5. Configure Faspex account registration settings.

In Server > Configuration > Security, set the following configurations in the Registrations section:

a) Set Self-registration to None.

When self-registration is enabled, it can be used to find out whether a certain account exists on the server. That is, if you attempt to self-register a duplicate account, you receive a prompt stating that the user already exists.

b) Select Require external users to register.

By requiring external users to register, you can better track their Faspex activity.

Stay in Server > Configuration > Security for the next step.

6. Configure outside email address settings.

In **Server > Configuration > Security**, set the following global default configurations in the **Outside email addresses** section, then edit configurations for individual users, as needed:

- a) Disable Allow inviting external senders.
- b) Enable Invitation link expires and set an expiration policy.
- c) Disable Allow public submission URLs.
- d) Disable Allow sending to external email addresses.
- e) Set a package link expiration.
- f) Disable Allow external packages to Faspex users.
- Stay in Server > Configuration > Security for the next step.
- 7. Configure Faspex encryption.

In Server > Configuration > Security, set the following configurations in the Encryption section:

- a) Enable Encrypt transfers.
- b) If possible in your work flow, set Use encryption-at-rest to Always.

See the next section, "Securing Content in your Workflow," for information about encryption at rest.

- c) Disable Allow dropboxes to have their own encryption settings.
- 8. Click **Update** when you have completed updating settings on the **Security** page to activate your changes.
- 9. Hide your server's IP address from email notifications.

If Faspex is configured to identify itself by IP address (rather than by domain name), then the URLs in your notification emails contain your IP address (for example, "https://10.0.0.1/aspera/faspex"). Configure an alternate IP address or domain name for users who are external to your organization.

- a) Go to Server > Configuration > Web Server.
- b) Select Enable alternate address then click Add alternate address.
- c) Enter the address name and description, and select **Show in emails**.
- d) Click Update to activate your change.
- e) Customize your email notification templates to use the alternate address.

Go to **Server > Notifications**.

Shares

The Shares server and its nodes should be secured as described for HSTS, including SSH server configuration, firewall settings, and valid, signed SSL certificate installation. You can also secure the Shares application and its network of nodes by restricting user permissions. Set the following settings globally, then edit the settings for specific users and groups.

1. Configure Shares security settings.

On the Admin page, click User Security and set the following:

- a) Set a non-zero session timeout.
- b) Require strong passwords.
- c) Set a password expiration interval of 30 days.
- d) Lock users out after five failed login attempts within five minutes.
- e) Do not allow self registration by setting Self Registration to None.
- 2. When setting up the email server (Admin > SMTP), select Use TLS if available.
- 3. Configure the Nginx server to allow only strong TLS.

The default configuration of Shares has TLS 1.0, 1.1 and 1.2 enabled. Older browsers require the older and less secure versions (TLS 1.0 and 1.1). You can disable support for older browsers by removing TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 from the configuration.

- a) Open the Nginx configuration file on the Shares server for editing:
 - C:\Shares\nginx\conf\nginx.conf
- b) Delete TLSv1 and TLSv1.1 from the following line:

ssl_protocols TLSv1 TLSv1.1 TLSv1.2;

- 4. Configure secure transfer settings.
 - Go to **System Settings > Transfers** and set the following:
 - a) Require a minimum Connect version of 3.6.1.
 - b) For **Encryption**, select **AES-128**.
 - c) If possible in your workflow, set Encryption at Rest to Required.See the next section, "Securing Content in your Workflow," for information about encryption at rest.
- 5. Go to System Settings > Web Server and select Enable SSL/TLS.
 - This setting requires that the Shares server has a valid, signed SSL certificate.
- 6. When adding new users to Shares, disable API Login if users do not need to use the Shares API. The Shares API is used by clients connecting through IBM Aspera Drive and IBM Aspera Command-Line Interface
- 7. When adding nodes to Shares, select **Use SSL** (required by Shares) and **Verify SSL** (requires that the node has a valid, signed SSL certificate).
- 8. When authorizing a user or group to a share (*share_name* > Authorizations), set the minimum permissions required based on their Shares use.

Shares 2.x

The Shares 2.x server and its nodes should be secured as described for HSTS, including configuring the SSH server, firewall settings, and installing valid, signed SSL certificates. You can also secure the Share application and its network of nodes by restricting user permissions. Set the following settings globally and then edit the settings for specific users, groups, and administrators.

- 1. Configure Shares security settings.
 - Go to System Administration > Configuration > User Security and set the following:
 - a) Set a non-zero session timeout.
 - b) Set an access token lifetime of 8 hours.
 - c) Enable refreshing of expired access tokens, with a lifetime of 7 days.
 - Go to System Administration > Configuration > Local User Security and set the following:
 - a) Require strong passwords.
 - b) Set a password expiration interval of 30 days.
 - c) Lock users out after five failed login attempts within five minutes.
 - d) Prevent reuse of the last three passwords and require strong passwords.
- 2. When setting up the email server (System Administration > Configuration > SMTP), select Use TLS if available.
- 3. Configure secure transfer settings.
 - Go to System Administration > Configuration > Transfers and set the following:
 - a) Require a minimum Connect version of 3.6.1.
 - b) For **Encryption**, select **AES-128** (or higher, if needed).
 - c) If possible in your workflow, set **Encryption at Rest** to **Yes**.

See the next section, "Securing Content in your Workflow," for information about encryption at rest.

4. Go to System Administration > Configuration > Web Server and select Enable SSL/TLS.

This setting requires that the Shares server has a valid, signed SSL certificate.

5. Configure the Nginx server to allow only strong TLS.

The default configuration of Shares has TLS 1.0, 1.1 and 1.2 enabled. Older browsers require the older and less secure versions (TLS 1.0 and 1.1). You can disable support for older browsers by removing TLS 1.0 and TLS 1.1 from the configuration.

a) Open the Nginx configuration file on the Shares server for editing:

```
C:\Shares\nginx\conf\nginx.conf
```

b) Delete TLSv1 and TLSv1.1 from the following line:

ssl_protocols TLSv1 TLSv1.1 TLSv1.2;

- 6. When adding nodes to Shares, select **Use SSL** (required by Shares) and **Verify SSL** (requires that the node has a valid, signed SSL certificate).
- 7. When authorizing a user or group to a share, set the minimum permissions required based on their Shares use.

Console

Console nodes should be secured as described for HSTS, including SSH server configuration, firewall settings, and valid, signed SSL certificate installation. If possible for your workflow, limit Console and its nodes to your internal network.

You can also secure the Console application and its network of nodes by restricting user permissions:

1. Configure secure Console defaults.

Go to **Configuration > Defaults** and set the following:

- a) In the drop-down menu for **Default SSH encryption**, select a default SSH encryption algorithm of at least AES-128 for non-Console nodes.
- b) For Transport Encryption, select AES-128.
- c) Disable Smart Transfer Sharing.
- d) Set a non-zero session timeout.
- e) Lock users out after five failed login attempts within five minutes.
- f) Enable **Prevent concurrent login**.
- g) Enable **Suppress logging of transfer tokens** to prevent tokens from being written to the Console database.
- h) Set a password expiration interval of 30 days.
- i) Prevent reuse of the last three passwords and require strong passwords.
- 2. When setting up the email server (Notifications > Email Server), select Use TLS if available.
- 3. Restrict Console users' permissions.
 - a) When creating a new user (Accounts > Users > New User), disable user login until their permissions are set by clearing Active (allow user to log in). Click permissions and enable only the permissions that the user requires. Once permissions are configured, allow the user to login by going to Accounts > Users, clicking the user, and selecting Active (allow user to log in).
 - b) Assign users to Console Groups with only the required transfer paths and permissions allowed.

Create a group (Accounts > Groups > New Group) and restrict the group's transfers by clicking Add Transfer Path. Assign specific endpoints to the group's transfer path, rather than Any, which grants permission to transfer to all nodes. Limit the direction of the path, if the group's workflow allows.

- 4. When adding managed and unmanaged nodes, set the SSH port to 33001 and ensure SSH connections are encrypted with AES-128 or higher.
- 5. When adding a managed cluster, select **Use HTTPS to connect to node** and **Require signed SSL certificate**.

6. When adding SSH endpoints, use SSH public key authentication rather than password authentication. The key file on the node should not be a shared key; it should be a "private" key in the specified user account.

Securing Content in your Workflow

1. If your workflow allows, enable server-side encryption-at-rest (EAR).

When files are uploaded from an Aspera client to the Aspera server, server-side encryption-at-rest (EAR) saves files on disk in an encrypted state. When downloaded from the server, server-side EAR first decrypts files automatically, and then the transferred files are written to the client's disk in an unencrypted state. Server-side EAR provides the following advantages:

- It protects files against attackers who might gain access to server-side storage. This is important primarily when using NAS storage or cloud storage, where the storage can be accessed directly (and not just through the computer running HSTS).
- It is especially suited for cases where the server is used as a temporary location, such as when one client uploads a file and another client downloads it.
- Server-side EAR can be used together with client-side EAR. When used together, content is doubly encrypted.
- Server-side EAR doesn't create an "envelope" as client-side EAR does. The transferred file stays the same size as the original file. The server stores the metadata necessary for server-side EAR separately in a file of the same name with the file extension .aspera-meta. By contrast, client-side EAR creates a envelope file containing both the encrypted contents of the file and the encryption metadata, and it also changes the name of the file by adding the file extension .aspera-env.)
- It works with both regular transfers (FASP) and HTTP fallback transfers.

Limitations and Other Considerations

- Server-side EAR is not designed for cases where files need to move in an encrypted state between multiple computers. For that purpose, client-side EAR is more suitable: files are encrypted when they first leave the client, then stay encrypted as they move between other computers, and are decrypted when they reach the final destination and the passphrase is available. See Step 4 of this section for more information on client-side encryption.
- Do not mix server-side EAR and non-EAR files in transfers, which can happen if server-side EAR is enabled after the server is in use or if multiple users have access to the same area of the file system but have different EAR configurations. Doing so can cause problems for clients by overwriting files when downloading or uploading and corrupting metadata.
- Server-side EAR does not work with multi-session transfers (using ascp -C or node API multi_session set to greater than 1) or Watch Folders (versions prior to 3.8.0 that do not support URI docroots).

To enable server-side EAR:

a) Set users' docroots in URI format (local docroots are prepended with file:///).

```
> asconfigurator -x "set_user_data;user_name,username;absolute,file:///path"
```

b) Set the server-side EAR password.

Set a different EAR password for each user:

```
> asconfigurator -x
"set_user_data;user_name,username;transfer_encryption_content_protection_secret,passphrase"
```

Important: If the EAR password is lost or aspera.conf is compromised, you cannot access the data on the server.

c) Require content protection and strong passwords.

These settings cause server-side EAR to fail if a password is not given or if a password is not strong enough. For example, the following **asconfigurator** command adds both these options for all users (global):

> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;transfer_encryption_content_protection_required,true"
> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;transfer_encryption_content_protection_strong_pass_required,true"

2. Never use "shared" user accounts.

Configure each user as their own Aspera transfer user. Sharing Aspera transfer user account credentials with multiple users limits user accountability (you cannot determine which of the users sharing the account performed an action).

3. Use passphrase-protected private keys.

The **ssh-keygen** tool can protect an existing key or create a new key that is passphrase protected.

If you cannot use private key authentication and use password authentication, use strong passwords and change them periodically.

4. If your workflow allows, require client-side encryption-at-rest (EAR).

Aspera clients can set their transfers to encrypt content in transit and on the server, and the server can be configured to require client-side EAR. You can combine client-side and server-side EAR, in which case files are doubly encrypted on the server. Client-side encryption-at-rest is not supported for ascp4 or async transfers.

Client configuration

The client specifies a password and the files are uploaded to the server with a .aspera-env extension. Anyone downloading these .aspera-env files must have the password to decrypt them. Users can enable client-side EAR in the GUI or on the **ascp** command line.

GUI: Go to **Connections** > *connection name* > **Security**. Select **Encrypt uploaded files with a** password and set the password. Select Decrypt password-protected files downloaded and enter the password.

Ascp command line: Set the encryption and decryption password as the environment variable ASPERA SCP FILEPASS. For uploads (--mode=send), use --file-crypt=encrypt. For downloads (--mode=recv), use --file-crypt=decrypt.

Note: When a transfer to HSTS falls back to HTTP or HTTPS, client-side EAR is no longer supported. If HTTP fallback occurs while uploading, then the files are NOT encrypted. If HTTP fallback occurs while downloading, then the files remain encrypted.

Server configuration

To configure the server to require client-side EAR and to require strong content protection passwords, run the following commands:

> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;transfer_encryption_content_protection_required,true"
> asconfigurator -x "set_node_data;transfer_encryption_content_protection_strong_pass_required,true"

Note: These commands set the global configuration. Depending on your work flow, you might want to require client-side EAR and strong passwords for only specific users.

5. For particularly sensitive content, do not store unecrypted content on any computer with network access.

HSTS, HSTE, and Desktop Client include the **asprotect** and **asunprotect** command-line tools that can be used to encrypt and decrypt files. Use an external drive to physically move encrypted files between a network-connected computer and an unconnected computer on which the files can be unencrypted.

• To encrypt a file before moving it to a computer with network access, run the following commands to set the encryption password and encrypt the file:

> /opt/aspera/bin/asprotect -o filename.aspera-env filename

> setexport ASPERA_SCP_FILEPASS=password

- To download client-side-encrypted files without decrypting them immediately, run the transfer without decryption enabled (clear **Decrypt password-protected files downloaded** in the GUI or do not specify --file-crypt=decrypt on the **ascp** command line).
- To decrypt encrypted files, run the following commands to set the encryption password and decrypt the file:

```
> setexport ASPERA_SCP_FILEPASS=password
> /opt/aspera/bin/asprotect -o filename filename.aspera-env
```

Patch Versions

A patched Faspex installation displays the current patch version in the page footer, defined by a patch-version file included in a patch. Upgrading Faspex removes the patch-version file.

